

Application for resource consent or fast-track resource consent

(Or Associated Consent Pursuant to the Resource Management Act 1991 (RMA)) (If applying for a Resource Consent pursuant to Section 87AAC or 88 of the RMA, this form can be used to satisfy the requirements of Schedule 4). Prior to, and during, completion of this application form, please refer to Resource Consent Guidance Notes and Schedule of Fees and Charges — <u>both available on the Council's web page</u>.

1. Pre-Lodgement Meeting		
Have you met with a council Resource Consent representative to discuss this application prior to lodgement? Yes No		
2. Type of Consent being applied for		
(more than one circle can be ticked):		
Land Use	Discharge	
Fast Track Land Use*	Change of Consent Notice (s.221(3))	
Subdivision	Extension of time (s.125)	
Consent under National Environmental Stand (e.g. Assessing and Managing Contaminants in S	lard oil)	
Other (please specify)		
* The fast track is for simple land use consents and is r	estricted to consents with a controlled activity status.	

3. Would you like to opt out of the Fast Track Process?

Yes No

4. Consultation

Have you consulted with lwi/Hapū? Yes No		
If yes, which groups have you consulted with?		
Who else have you consulted with?		

For any questions or information regarding iwi/hapū consultation, please contact Te Hono at Far North District Council <u>tehonosupport@fndc.govt.nz</u>

5. Applicant Details

Name/s:

Email:

Phone number:

Postal address:

(or alternative method of service under section 352 of the act)

Totara North School Board of Trustees

6. Address for Correspondence

Name and address for service and correspondence (if using an Agent write their details here)

Name/s:

Email:

Phone number:

Postal address:

(or alternative method of service under section 352 of the act)

Joshua Cuming	
352	

* All correspondence will be sent by email in the first instance. Please advise us if you would prefer an alternative means of communication.

7. Details of Property Owner/s and Occupier/s

Name and Address of the Owner/Occupiers of the land to which this application relates (where there are multiple owners or occupiers please list on a separate sheet if required)

Name/s:	Ministry of Education for Totara North School	
Property Address/ Location:	32 Totara School Road, Totara North	
	Postcode	0479

8. Application Site Details

Location and/or property street address of the proposed activity:

Name/s: Site Address/ Location:	
	Postcode
Legal Description:	Val Number:
Certificate of title:	

Please remember to attach a copy of your Certificate of Title to the application, along with relevant consent notices and/or easements and encumbrances (search copy must be less than 6 months old)

Site visit requirements:

Is there a locked gate or security system restricting access by Council staff? **Yes No**

Is there a dog on the property? Yes No

Please provide details of any other entry restrictions that Council staff should be aware of, e.g. health and safety, caretaker's details. This is important to avoid a wasted trip and having to rearrange a second visit.

9. Description of the Proposal:

Please enter a brief description of the proposal here. Please refer to Chapter 4 of the District Plan, and Guidance Notes, for further details of information requirements.

If this is an application for a Change or Cancellation of Consent Notice conditions (s.221(3)), please quote relevant existing Resource Consents and Consent Notice identifiers and provide details of the change(s), with reasons for requesting them.

10. Would you like to request Public Notification?

Yes No

11. Other Consent required/being applied for under different legislation

(more than one circle can be ticked):

- Building Consent Enter BC ref # here (if known)
- Regional Council Consent (ref # if known) Ref # here (if known)

National Environmental Standard consent Consent here (if known)

Other (please specify) Specify 'other' here

12. National Environmental Standard for Assessing and Managing Contaminants in Soil to Protect Human Health:

The site and proposal may be subject to the above NES. In order to determine whether regard needs to be had to the NES please answer the following:

Is the piece of land currently being used or has it historically ever been used for an activity or industry on the Hazardous Industries and Activities List (HAIL) **Yes No Don't know**

Is the proposed activity an activity covered by the NES? Please tick if any of the following apply to your proposal, as the NESCS may apply as a result. **Yes No Don't know**

Subdividing land

- Changing the use of a piece of land
- Disturbing, removing or sampling soil
 Removing or replacing a fuel storage system

13. Assessment of Environmental Effects:

Every application for resource consent must be accompanied by an Assessment of Environmental Effects (AEE). This is a requirement of Schedule 4 of the Resource Management Act 1991 and an application can be rejected if an adequate AEE is not provided. The information in an AEE must be specified in sufficient detail to satisfy the purpose for which it is required. Your AEE may include additional information such as Written Approvals from adjoining property owners, or affected parties.

Your AEE is attached to this application **Yes**

13. Draft Conditions:

Do you wish to see the draft conditions prior to the release of the resource consent decision? () Yes () No

If yes, do you agree to extend the processing timeframe pursuant to Section 37 of the Resource Management Act by 5 working days? **Yes No**

14. Billing Details:

This identifies the person or entity that will be responsible for paying any invoices or receiving any refunds associated with processing this resource consent. Please also refer to Council's Fees and Charges Schedule.

Name/s: (please write in full) Minsrty of Education c/o Totara North School Board

Email:

Phone number:

Postal address:

(or alternative method of service under section 352 of the act)

ministry of Education cro Totala North School Board	

Fees Information

An instalment fee for processing this application is payable at the time of lodgement and must accompany your application in order for it to be lodged. Please note that if the instalment fee is insufficient to cover the actual and reasonable costs of work undertaken to process the application you will be required to pay any additional costs. Invoiced amounts are payable by the 20th of the month following invoice date. You may also be required to make additional payments if your application requires notification.

Declaration concerning Payment of Fees

I/we understand that the Council may charge me/us for all costs actually and reasonably incurred in processing this application. Subject to my/our rights under Sections 357B and 358 of the RMA, to object to any costs, I/we undertake to pay all and future processing costs incurred by the Council. Without limiting the Far North District Council's legal rights if any steps (including the use of debt collection agencies) are necessary to recover unpaid processing costs I/we agree to pay all costs of recovering those processing costs. If this application is made on behalf of a trust (private or family), a society (incorporated or unincorporated) or a company in signing this application I/we are binding the trust, society or company to pay all the above costs and guaranteeing to pay all the above costs in my/our personal capacity.

Name: (please write in full)	Jenny Williams		
Signature:			Date 17-Apr-2025
(signature of bill payer	P	MANDATORY	C BREAK STREET
	U		

15. Important Information:

Note to applicant

You must include all information required by this form. The information must be specified in sufficient detail to satisfy the purpose for which it is required.

You may apply for 2 or more resource consents that are needed for the same activity on the same form. You must pay the charge payable to the consent authority for the resource consent application under the Resource Management Act 1991.

Fast-track application

Under the fast-track resource consent process, notice of the decision must be given within 10 working days after the date the application was first lodged with the authority, unless the applicant opts out of that process at the time of lodgement. A fast-track application may cease to be a fast-track application under section 87AAC(2) of the RMA.

Privacy Information:

Once this application is lodged with the Council it becomes public information. Please advise Council if there is sensitive information in the proposal. The information you have provided on this form is required so that your application for consent pursuant to the Resource Management Act 1991 can be processed under that Act. The information will be stored on a public register and held by the Far North District Council. The details of your application may also be made available to the public on the Council's website, www.fndc.govt.nz. These details are collected to inform the general public and community groups about all consents which have been issued through the Far North District Council.

15. Important information continued...

Declaration

The information I have supplied with this application is true and complete to the best of my knowledge.

Name: (please write in full)	Joshua Cuming			
Signature:				

Date 18-Mar-2025

A signature is not required if the application is made by electronic means

Checklist (please tick if information is provided)

- Payment (cheques payable to Far North District Council)
- 🖌 A current Certificate of Title (Search Copy not more than 6 months old)
- Oetails of your consultation with lwi and hapū
- Copies of any listed encumbrances, easements and/or consent notices relevant to the application
- Applicant / Agent / Property Owner / Bill Payer details provided
- Location of property and description of proposal
- Assessment of Environmental Effects
- Written Approvals / correspondence from consulted parties
- Reports from technical experts (if required)
- Copies of other relevant consents associated with this application
- Location and Site plans (land use) AND/OR
- Location and Scheme Plan (subdivision)
- Elevations / Floor plans
- Topographical / contour plans

Please refer to Chapter 4 of the District Plan for details of the information that must be provided with an application. Please also refer to the RC Checklist available on the Council's website. This contains more helpful hints as to what information needs to be shown on plans.



Part B: Assessment of Environmental Effects Discharge Treated Sewage Effluent to

Land

This application is made under Section 88/Section 127 of the Resource Management Act 1991

To: Consents Department Northland Regional Council Private Bag 9021 Te Mai Whangārei 0143 Whangārei office:

Email: Website: 09 470 1200 0800 002 004 info@nrc.govt.nz www.nrc.govt.nz

PART B – ASSESSMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS

Your application must include an Assessment of Effects on the Environment. This form is a guide to help you prepare one.

An assessment of effects is required so that you and others can understand what happens to the environment when you discharge domestic wastewater ("treated sewage effluent") to land. This will help you to propose ways to minimise those effects to the council's satisfaction.

The degree of detail required is in proportion to the scale of the environmental effects of your proposal. If you are required to apply for a consent to discharge sewage effluent into or onto land, then you will most probably need a qualified engineer (or similar) to design your on-site system. The information requested below is the minimum detail that your engineer must supply.

Please note that the word *"environment"* includes the surrounding waterways and groundwater, surrounding coastal water, adjoining land, any surrounding resource users, and local iwi.

It is advised that you make an appointment with an appropriate council officer to discuss your application prior to lodging it. This will help you to supply all the required information at the onset and ensure the efficient processing of your application.

A. Description of the Proposed Activity

A.1 What is the intended water supply?

- Rainwater collection
 - Community or bore water supply

Other (please specify) : ____

ASSESSMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS AEE7 MARCH 2023 (REVISION 6)

A.2	What is the source of the wastewater?	(please tick the appropriate box and answer those questions)
-----	---------------------------------------	--

	Domestic House				
	How many bedrooms are there in the house?				
	Will the house be permanently occupied?		Yes		No
	Small Motel/Campground/Hostel/Marae/Sports Club				
	What is the maximum number of occupants that your facility can accommodate?				
	How frequently does this maximum occupancy occur and for what length of time?				
	What is the typical number of occupants during the other periods of the year?				
	Shared On-site Systems/Subdivisions				
	How many individual lots are/will the treatment and disposal system be servicing?				
	What will be the average number of bedrooms per house?				
	What is the area of the lot on which the discharge will occur?				
\checkmark	Other				
	Provide details of the source of effluent, the number of p wastewater and the source of water supply for the facili	person ty.	s contrib	uting to	o the
	60 school students and staff, 30 kindergarten students a	nd stat	ff		
What is	the likely maximum daily volume of wastewater to be discha	rged?	2100	li	tres
Vaste	water Treatment System				
What is (please tic	your Proposed Wastewater Treatment System? k appropriate box and answer the associated questions)				
	Septic Tank				
	What is the capacity of the tank?				_litre
	Will an effluent filter be fitted on the outlet?		Yes		Nc

Aerated Wastewater Treatment System (AWTS)			
What brand is the AWTS?			

<u>TBC following tender</u> d ☑ Yes ☑ No

Will a programmed maintenance contract be entered \checkmark into with the treatment systems manufacturer or agent?

Other, what level of treatment do you consider the wastewater receives through your *"other"* treatment system?

Primary
Secondary

Describe the proposed "other" treatment system

A.3

The

A.4

The Waste	water Disposal System
(please ti	ck the appropriate box and answer the associated questions)
	Soakage Trench/Bed System
	What are the dimensions of the proposed soakage trenches/beds?
	Width m Depth m
	What is the total length of all the soakage trenches/beds? m
	How will the soakage trench/bed system be loaded?
	Trickle
	Pump
	Dose loaded via a syphon
	Has a 100% reserve area of undeveloped land been allowed for in the disposal system design?
	□ Yes
	No, what percentage has been allowed for and why?
ব	What is the proposed loading rate to the mm/day trenches/beds?
	What area will the irrigation lines cover 2 700 m^2
	What area win the ingation lines cover ingation lines? 1 m
	What is the distance between adjacent drip emitters along the irrigation line? 0.5
	What brand is the irrigation line? <u>TBC</u>
	What is the proposed aerial loading rate to the disposal area? <u>3</u> mm/day
	Has a 30% reserve area of undeveloped land been allowed for in the disposal system design?
	No, what percentage has been allowed for and why?
	Other (please describe)

A.6 What is the intended ground cover within the disposal area after the disposal system is operational? (*i.e.* what plant species do you intend to plant, if any) Native vegetation in already established vegetation area.

B. Site Details

D.1	You mu s	st attach a map	that shows the foll	owing:			
 The location of your lot in relation to the nearest towr 			town.				
	•	The legal prop (including reser	erty boundaries o ve area) from thos	f your lot and e boundaries.	I the distance of	f your c	lisposal system
	•	The layout of yo	our disposal system	n (including res	erve area) within	your lot	t boundaries.
	•	The location o (including reser	f any groundwate ve area).	er bores withi	n 20 metres of	your d	isposal system
	•	The location of 20 metres of yo	any surface water our disposal system	(i.e. streams, (including res	roadside drains, erve area).	lakes an	d rivers) within
B.2	What is	the map refere	nce of the propose	ed disposal sys	tem? (if known)		
	NZN	AS 260 Series m	ap number:				
		Easting	-35.038989		(seven digit n	umber)	
		Northing	173.711615		(seven digit n	umber)	
B.3	Which [District Council i	s the property adr	ninistered und	er?		
		Kaipara	une property and ☑	Far North			Whangārei
		•					C
B.4	What is	the slope of the	e proposed dispos	al area?			
		Flat	(=0,				
		Slightly slopin	ıg (5°–15°)				
	V	Steep (>15*)					
B.5	Are any	drainage contr	ols required?				
	\checkmark	Yes, describe					
		Cut off drain					
			not				
		No, state why	not				
		No, state why					
		No, state why					
		No, state why					

B.6 Was a soakage test (percolation test) performed at the location of the proposed disposal system? (please tick the appropriate box and answer those questions)

	system	
		Yes
		What was the date of the test?
		What were the weather conditions prior to the soakage test?
		What is the average soakage rate of the disposal area? mm/hr (please ensure the individual soakage test results are included with this application)
		Are the locations of the soakage tests marked on the map that shows the layout of the disposal system?
		No, state why not
	<u>ک</u> ا	No what are the reasons for not performing a soakage test?
	Ŀ	No, what are the reasons for not performing a soakage test: Soakage based on $\Delta S/NZS1547$ using observators from site investigation
D 7		
D./	VV dS	
		No L Yes, at what depth? metres
B.8	What is	the estimated winter groundwater level for the disposal area? <u>over 3m</u> metres
	How wa	s this winter groundwater level determined?
	<u>Disposal</u>	area is well elevated.
B.9	Has a de	tailed soil profile been included with this application form?
		Yes
		No state why not
B.10	What is	the estimated soil category of the disposal area?
B.10	What is	the estimated soil category of the disposal area? 1: Gravel and sands, Rapidly draining
B.10	What is	 the estimated soil category of the disposal area? 1: Gravel and sands, Rapidly draining 2: Sandy loams, Well drained
B.10	What is	 the estimated soil category of the disposal area? 1: Gravel and sands, Rapidly draining 2: Sandy loams, Well drained 3: Loams, Moderately well drained
B.10	What is	 the estimated soil category of the disposal area? 1: Gravel and sands, Rapidly draining 2: Sandy loams, Well drained 3: Loams, Moderately well drained 4: Clay loams, Imperfectly drained
B.10	What is	 the estimated soil category of the disposal area? 1: Gravel and sands, Rapidly draining 2: Sandy loams, Well drained 3: Loams, Moderately well drained 4: Clay loams, Imperfectly drained 5: Light clays, Poorly drained
B.10	What is	 the estimated soil category of the disposal area? 1: Gravel and sands, Rapidly draining 2: Sandy loams, Well drained 3: Loams, Moderately well drained 4: Clay loams, Imperfectly drained 5: Light clays, Poorly drained 6: Medium to heavy clays, Very poorly drained
B.10	What is	 the estimated soil category of the disposal area? 1: Gravel and sands, Rapidly draining 2: Sandy loams, Well drained 3: Loams, Moderately well drained 4: Clay loams, Imperfectly drained 5: Light clays, Poorly drained 6: Medium to heavy clays, Very poorly drained

Please state the criteria used for selecting the above soil category. Soil description from investigation

C. Assessment of Effects on the Environment

An assessment of effects should be proportional to the scale and significance of the proposed activity. Where your discharge could have an adverse effect on the environment, a detailed environmental assessment is required.

C.1 Affected Parties

Note: If you are proposing to dispose of your wastewater using a deep soakage system the determination of affected parties can be more complex, especially with relation to groundwater users. It is recommended that you contact the council to help determine who the affected parties from your proposal may be.

Are there any groundwater bores within 20 metres of any part of the disposal system (including reserve area) that are not owned by the applicant?

Yes 🗹 No

If you have answered **Yes**, then you will need to gain the written approvals of all the owners of neighbouring groundwater bores identified by the above question.

If written approvals cannot be obtained from all affected parties, describe what effect your discharge may have on the neighbouring groundwater bore and the steps you propose to take to minimise (i.e. mitigate) these effects (attach a separate sheet if necessary)

C.2 Given the estimated winter groundwater level (see Question B8) and your proposed treatment and disposal system, what is the risk of groundwater contamination occurring and why?

The risk of groundwater contamination is low. The base of the disposal system is estimated to be more than 1.2 m above the winter ground water table. This is in accordance with TP58's recommended groundwater separation for secondary treated effluent. The effluent will be treated to secondary level.

C.3 What is the smallest horizontal separation distance between the disposal system (including reserve area) and any nearby watercourse, including roadside water table drains?

<u>25+</u>_____metres

C.4 Given the smallest horizontal separation distance to the nearest surface watercourse and your proposed treatment and disposal system (including reserve area), what is the risk of surface water contamination occurring and why?

Low because the slope of the ground from the bottom of the disposal area is reletively flat.

C.5 Consultation

Have you consulted with any of the following potentially affected parties?

	Yes	No
Neighbours		\checkmark
Department of Conservation (if relevant)		\checkmark
Fish and Game Council (if relevant)		\checkmark
District Council (if relevant)		\checkmark
Local iwi (specify):		\checkmark
Other (specify):		\checkmark

Please ensure all of the relevant questions on this form have been answered fully.

If you have any queries relating to information requirements or wish to meet with a council consents officer, please contact a Duty Planner at the Northland Regional Council.

Northland Regional Council offices:				
Whangārei Office	Dargaville Office	Kaitāia Office	Waipapa Office	
36 Water Street	Ground Floor	192 Commerce Street	Shop 9	
Whangārei 0110	32 Hokianga Road	Kaitāia 0410	12 Klinac Lane	
	Dargaville 0310		Waipapa 0295	
P 0800 002 004	P 09 439 3300	P 09 408 6600	P 0800 002 004	
E info@nrc.govt.nz				
www.nrc.govt.nz				

[Extract from N.Z. Gazette, 10 January 1957, No. 1. page 2]

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Land Taken for a Public School in Block VI, Whangaroa Survey District

C. W. M. NORRIE, Governor-General A PROCLAMATION

PURSUANT to the Public Works Act 1928, I, Lieutenant-General Sir Charles Willoughby Moke Norrie, the Governor-General of New Zealand, hereby proclaim and declare that the land described in the Schedule hereto is hereby taken for a public school; and I also declare that this Proclamation shall take effect on and after the 14th day of January 1957.

SCHEDULE

APPROXIMATE area of the piece of land taken: 1 rood 39.1 perches. Being part Allotment 8, Totara Parish. Situated in Block VI, Whangaroa Survey District, Auckland R.D. (S.O. 39635.) In the North Auckland Land District; as the same is more particularly delineated on the plan marked P.W.D. 152390 deposited in the office of the Minister of Works at Wellington, and thereon coloured blue, edged blue.

Given under the hand of His Excellency the Governor-General, and issued under the Seal of New Zealand, this 22nd day of December 1956.

W. S. GOOSMAN, Minister of Works. GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

6 4.5

[L.S.]

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R. E. OWEN, Gov_rament Printer, Wellington, New Zealand.

·(P.W. 31/1823; D.O. 50/23/95/0)

463/240 MIL 25561

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9 September 2024

Totara School Board of Trustees 32 Totara School Road, Totara North, Kaeo

Attention Totara North School Board of Trustees

To whom it may concern

Re: Onsite Wastewater System for Totara North School

Haigh Workman Limited has been engaged to design an on-site wastewater system to service Totara North School and the kindergarten that operates onsite. This design is to replace the existing system onsite that no longer operates as intended and does not have capacity for future school roll growth. This design has been carried out in general accordance with *AS/NZS1547:2012 On-site domestic wastewater management*.

A resource consent is required under the Proposed Regional Plan for wastewater disposal exceeding 2000 litres per day and having a downslope buffer of less than 10m.

Site Description

The site is legally described as Pt Allotment 6A PSH OF Totara. It is irregular in shape and covers an area of 1.0990 hectares. The site generally slopes gently to steeply to the south and southeast. A stream is present to the south of the site.

Flood modelling commissioned by NRC indicates that a very small area in the southeast of site is within coastal flood hazard zone 0 and 1. However, the proposed disposal areas and treatment tank are located on elevated ground, away from the flood susceptible land.

Site Investigations

A representative of Haigh Workman visited the site on 14 August 2024 to investigate features and ground conditions. One borehole was advanced to 1.2m, with a further four boreholes to establish topsoil thickness only The topsoil thicknesses observed is 50 – 100mm deep.

The soil onsite is mapped as Marua brown clay loam (MRrH) which is classified as 'well to moderately well drained'.

No evidence of groundwater seepage was observed at the soil investigation location.

Based on our site investigations the soils encountered were categorised as AS/NZS1547:2012 Category 5: Light clay – poorly drained.

Hand Auger Borehole Summary

TEST I.D.
WW01
0.0 - 0.05 m
0.0 - 0.05 m
0.0F 1.2m
0.05 - 1.2 11



Groundwater Level	NE

NE = Not encountered.

Depth (m) measured below existing ground level.

Wastewater Generation

Water supply is from tank supply from roof collection. Design wastewater flows have been calculated using the guidelines in table H4 in AS/NZS1547:2012.

Wastewater generation is tabulated below:

	Number of people	Typical wastewater flows (l/p/d)	Daily flow (litres per day)
School students and staff	60	20	1200
Kindergarten students and staff	30	30	900
Total	90		2100

The number of school students and staff used to calculate wastewater generation above is the future projected maximum provided by the client. The existing roll is 29 students and five staff members.

The standard wastewater flow per person at the school is estimated to be 20 litres per day. This estimate accounts for the ongoing redevelopment of some bathroom facilities, which are being equipped with modern water-saving fixtures. Future plans include upgrading the remaining facilities with similar water-saving fixtures. Currently, the number of students and staff at the school is 34. Consequently, the system is designed with sufficient capacity until the redevelopment is completed.

No food is prepared at the school or kindergarten. The kindergarten does laundry twice weekly. A typical wastewater flow 30 litres per person per day has been adopted for the kindergarten. This is the upper end of the range for schools stated in AS/NZS 1547.

On occasion the school will hold events with up to 100 guests. Examples of these events include sports days and end of year events. The wastewater generated from these events has been estimated by allowing 10 litres per person that uses a toilet (plus handwashing). Assuming 90 uses of the toilet this would result in 900 litres being generated.

As the school operates Monday to Friday the weekly total of wastewater generated will be 10,500 litres. An event hosted at the school would generate an additional 900 litres, resulting in a peak wastewater generation of 11,400 litres per week.

A resource consent is required under the Proposed Regional Plan for wastewater disposal exceeding 2000 litres per day.

The adopted per person wastewater flows are considered appropriate.

Treatment System



A secondary treatment system shall be installed. The treatment plant is to meet the quality output of AS/NZS 1546.3:2003 and be capable of producing effluent having less than 20 g/m³ of BOD5 and 30 g/m³ TSS when consistently loaded with 2100 litres/day and a peak of 3000 litres/day.

The treatment system shall be accessible for regular maintenance and servicing and be set back more than 3m from buildings.

Disposal System

AS/NZS 1547 recommends a design irrigation rate (DIR) of 3mm/day for the soil category present on site.

The necessary disposal area of 700 m² has been determined based on the daily wastewater output from the school and kindergarten (2100 litres) from Monday through Friday, using an irrigation rate of 3 mm/day. Given that minimal wastewater is produced over the weekend, the effective 7-day average irrigation rate is 2.14 mm/day. This reduced effective irrigation rate ensures that the disposal field can accommodate occasional peak loads associated with school events involving guests.

A reserve area of 210m² is also available on-site, as per the appended site plan. Pressure-compensating dripperlines are to be laid generally across the slope at spacings of 1.0m in the location shown on the attached site plan. Where the canopy cover is greater than 80% the drippers can be surface laid. Where the canopy cover is less than this the drippers should be covered with mulch.

Although the upper part of slope exceeds 10° in the disposal area, the downslope portion of the disposal field is less than 10°. Therefore, it is considered that a downslope buffer is not required as it is effectively present within the disposal area. This is considered a technical breach of the Proposed Regional Plan and will require resource consent.

An upslope interception drain is required.

The existing tank overflow spreader bars must be relocated downslope of the disposal area.

A Davey 42A/B pump or equivalent with two sequencing valves to split the field into two areas of 350m² each is required to adequately pressurize the field and ensure long life. One flush valve is required per lateral for maintenance flushing of the field.

ITEM	DESCRIPTION		
	60 school students and staff.		
Design Occupancy	30 kindergarten students and staff.		
	bathroom.		
	Standard water fixtures to be replaced during future		
Water fixtures	redevelopment with water reduction fixtures.		
Wastewater generation	2100 litres/day 5-day average and peak of 3000 litres/day.		
Treatment system	Secondary treatment plant		
Location of effluent disposal	As per drawings		
Effluent disposal system	Surface or buried dripperline (as appropriate with canopy cover)		
Maximum length of dripper line per flush	100 m		
valve	100 ///		
Irrigation pump	Davey 42A/B or equivalent with two sequencing valves		
Soil type	AS/NZS1547 category 5		
Application rate	3 mm/day		
Land application area	700 m ²		

Design Summary



Reserve area (30%)	210 m ²
Total area required	910 m ²
Slope of land application area	7-16°

A resource consent is required under the Proposed Regional Plan for wastewater disposal exceeding 2000 litres per day.

Disclaimer

This report has been prepared for the sole use of our Client, Totara North School Board of Trustees with respect to the particular brief outlined to us. It may not be used or relied on (in whole or part) by anyone else, or for any other purpose or in any other contexts, without our prior written agreement. This report may not be read or reproduced except in its entirety.

Prepared by:

Environmental Geologist BSc Geol and EnvStu., CEnvP.

Review & approved by:

ohn Papesh

Senior Civil Engineer / Director *BE Civil, CPEng, CMEngNZ*

Appendices:

- A Site Plan
- B Onsite Wastewater Disposal Investigation (FNDC Engineering Standards 2023)
- C Summary of Regulatory Requirements
- D Suitable plants for Evapo-transpiration Systems
- E Operation and Maintenance Guidelines
- F Borehole Logs
- G Producer Statement Design (PS1)





Legend



0 10 m 20 m LINZ CC BY 4.0 © Imagery Basemap contributors

Produced by Datanest.earth

Title: Site Location Plan				
Client: Totara North School Trustees	Size: A3			
Project: Totara North School	Drawn: JCum	Drawing No.:		
Date: 29-08-2024	Checked: JP			
Proj No: 24 162	Scale: 1:1000	Version: REV1		



Legend

Site Boundary
 Borehole location
 Slope
 Stream
 2m Contour (LINZ)

0 5 m 10 m LINZ CC BY 4.0 © Imagery Basemap contributors

Produced by Datanest.earth

Title: Site Investigation Plan				
Client: Totara North School Trustees	Size: A3			
Project: Totara North School	Drawn: JCum	Drawing No.:		
Date: 29-08-2024	Checked: JP	2		
Proj No: 24 162	Scale: 1:500	Version: REV1		



Legend

Treatment system

Site Boundary

Disposal area 700m²

Reserve area 210m²

→ Slope
→ Stream

2m Contour (LINZ)

0 5 m 10 m LINZ CC BY 4.0 © Imagery Basemap contributors

Produced by Datanest.earth

Title: Wastewater Design Plan					
Client: Totara North School Board of Trustees					
Project: Totara North School	Drawn: JCum	Drawing No.:			
Date: 29-08-2024	Checked: JP	5			
Proj No: 24 162	Scale: 1:300	Version: REV1			



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LEGEND:	NOTE:	
AIR / VACUUM RELEASE VALVE	1. WHERE DRIPPERLINE LATERALS ARE NOT LAID AT THE SAME ELEVATION, DRIPLINE NON LEAKAGE VALVES ARE REQUIRED ALONG THE LENGTH OF EACH LATERAL.	
FLUSHING VALVE		

Rev	Date	Description	Ву	Checked	DWG Disposal area	layout					18	Project	32 Totara
A	30/08/2024	Issued for Approval	F IC	■JP							5		
										Civil & Structural Engineers			Pt Allotr
										6 Fairway Drive T: 09	407 8327		
								-		Kerikeri, BOI F: 09	407 8378	Client	
								Data	20/00/2022	E: info@haighworkn	nan.co.nz		
					AJ Scale. INTS			Dale	30/06/2023	DIMENSIONS MUST NOT BE SCALE MEASURED FROM THESE DRAW	/INGS	1	
					Drawn ICum	Checked IP	Approved I	D		THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CHECK & VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS INCLU	JDING,		
					Drawn Jouin	Checked JF	Approved of	F		SITE LEVELS, HEIGHTS AND ANGLES ON SITE PRIOR TO COMMENC	ING	Droject Nic	24 162
					File					ANY WORK. THE COPYRIGHT TO THESE DRAWINGS AND ALL PART	S I	FIOJECTINO	24 102
										THERE OF REMAIN THE PROPERTY OF HAIGH WORKMAN LTD. 620	20	<u> </u>	
	$\mathbf{\Delta}$												

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Schoo Ient 6A PSH OF	I Road, Totara North	Stage 01	A
Totar	a North School Board of Trustees	Dwg No. 04	
	RC no.	Sheet No. 4 of 4	

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Appendix B: Onsite Wastewater Disposal Investigation (FNDC Engineering Standards 2023)

This form is to be read in conjunction with <u>AS/NZS 1547:2012</u> (or any amendments as applicable), and, in particular with Part 4: Means of Compliance

Part A – Contact Details

1 - Applicant

Name: Totara North School Board of Trustees

Property Address: 32 School Road, Totara North, Kaeo

Lot/DP Number: Pt Allotment 6A PSH OF Totara

2 - Consultant / Site Evaluator

Site Evaluator Name: Joshua Cuming

Company Name: Haigh Workman Ltd

Postal Address: PO Box 89, Kerikeri

Business Phone: 09 407 8327

Email: *info@haighworkman.co.nz*

SQEP Registered¹: I Yes q No If no, details of suitably registered SQEP who will countersign the report are to be supplied below.

Name of SQEP: John Papesch

Company Name: Haigh Workman Ltd

Postal Address: PO Box 89, Kerikeri

Business Phone: 09 407 8327

Mobile:

Mobile:

Email: johnp@haighworkman.co.nz

¹ It is a requirement that the Evaluator be SQEP registered to carry out on-site effluent investigations/designs. If not, then evaluation/design will need to be counter-signed by a suitably registered SQEP



Part B - Site and Soil Evaluation

1: Desk Study

Requirements (\checkmark appropriate box) Please complete **all** options. (*If more than one option applies to land under consideration, please clarify with supporting information*)

	FNDC REQUIREMENT			APPLIES TO LOT(S)	COMMENTS
1	Hazard maps/GIS Hazard	laye	r - stabi	lity	
	Low instability risk				
\checkmark	Medium instability risk				Moderate slopes
	High instability risk				
2	GIS Hazard layer - effluer	nt on	slope s	tability	
	Low disposal potential				
~	Moderate disposal poten	tial			Moderate slopes
	High disposal potential				
3	GIS Hazard Layer - effluent suitability				
	Medium unsuitability				
~	High unsuitability				Cat 5 soils
4	GIS Hazard Layer - Flood susceptibility			у	
	Is flood susceptible				
	Is partially flood susceptib	ole			
~	Is not flood susceptible				See flood hazard section
5	GIS land resources layer	- Stre	ams		
Are adja	there streams on or acent to land under	~	Yes		Stream located approximately 15m south of site.
inve	estigation?		No		
6	GIS land resources layer	– aqu	ifers at	risk	
Is la	nd situated over or		Yes		
adja	cent to aquifer?	\checkmark	No		
7	Annual Rainfall (HIRDS)			1596 mm (Kaeo)	

Note: It is to be noted that all information obtained off FNDC GIS/Hazard Maps is to be taken as a guide only.

Note: All information obtained from the above sites is to be confirmed by a specific site investigation as localised conditions could vary substantially. However, should the above data checks indicate the potential for a hazard/non-complying activity etc., this must be further investigated to confirm/deny the indicated situation.



2: On-Site Evaluation

a. Determination of Soil Category (*refer table 4.1.1* <u>AS/NZS 1547:2012</u>) (✓ appropriate box)

SOIL CATEGORY	STRUCTURE	APPLIES TO LOT(S)	COMMENTS
1 Gravels & Sands	Structureless (massive)		
2 Sandy loams	Weakly Structured		
	Massive		
3 Loams	High/Moderate structured		
	Weakly structured or Massive		
4 Clay loams	High/moderate structured		
	Weakly structured		
	Massive		
5 Light clays	Strongly structured		
	 Moderately structured 		See site investigation
	Weakly structured or massive		
6 Medium to heavy	Strongly structured		
clays	Moderately structured		
	Weakly structured or massive		

Note: Refer 4.1 A4 – Soil Assessment <u>AS/NZS 1547:2012</u> for assessment criteria.

Note: Details of the method used to determine soil type etc. are to be clearly stated, along with positions of boreholes/test pits etc. clearly marked on a site plan. Bore logs are to be provided. Photos should be included.

Note: The site plan should also clearly show the intended area for effluent disposal, along with any site features such as drains, water bores, overland flows etc., along with separation distance achieved.

On-Site Evaluation Continued

b. Site Characteristics for Proposed Disposal Area: (if there is a marked difference between sites, please fill in a separate form for each site and clearly note which site the assessment applies to) (ü appropriate box)

	DETAILS	APPLIES TO SITE(S)				
1	Flooding potential to proposed field and reserve field (refer note 1 below)					
~	Fields will not flood, or					
	Fields will flood in					
	20% AEP event					
	5% AEP event					
	1% AEP event					
2	Surface water separation to propose	ed field and reserve field (refer note 2 below)				
~	Main/reserve disposal field comply with NRC rules					
	Main/reserve disposal field do not comply with NRC rules					



3	Surface water separation to proposed field and reserve field (refer note 2 below)						
~	Main/reserve disposal field comply with NRC rules						
	Main/res comply w	erve disposal field de vith NRC rules	o not				
4	Winter ground water separation to proposed field and reserve field (refer note 3 below)						
~	Main ar comply w	nd reserve disposal vith NRC rules	field				
	Main an NOT com	d reserve disposal fie pply with NRC rules	ld do				
5	Slope of	ground of proposed f	ield ar	nd reserve field (refer note 4)			
Descr	ription	7-16°					
6	6 Shape of ground of proposed field and reserve field (Refer note 5 below)						
	Waxing a	livergent		Linear divergent		Waning divergent	
	Waxing p	planar		Liner planar	~	Waning planar	
	Waxing c	convergent		Linear convergent		Waning convergent	
Comr	nents						
		DETAILS		APPLIE	ES TO	SITE(S)	
□ 7	Intended	DETAILS		APPLIE	S TO	SITE(S)	
7	Intended	DETAILS I water supply source		APPLIE	ES TO	SITE(S)	
□ 7 ✓	Intended Public su	DETAILS I water supply source pply er			ES TO	SITE(S)	
□ 7 ✓	Intended Public su Rainwate Bore	DETAILS I water supply source pply er			ES TO	o SITE(S)	
□ 7 ✓	Intended Public su, Rainwate Bore	DETAILS I water supply source pply er	and re	APPLIE	te (D	LR) (refer note 6 below)	
□ 7 ✓ 8	Intended Public su, Rainwate Bore Proposed	DETAILS I water supply source pply er d method of disposal	and re	APPLIE	te (D	LR) (refer note 6 below)	
□ 7 ✓ 8 Descr Dripp	Intended Public su Rainwate Bore Proposed iption erlines. D	DETAILS I water supply source pply er d method of disposal IR 3 mm/day	and re	APPLIE	te (D	LR) (refer note 6 below)	
□ 7 7 √ 8 Descr Dripp	Intended Public su Rainwate Bore Proposed iption erlines. Da	DETAILS I water supply source pply er d method of disposal IR 3 mm/day	and re	APPLIE	te (D	LR) (refer note 6 below)	
□ 7 7 8 8 Descr Dripp Peak	Intended Public su Rainwate Bore Proposed iption erlines. Di loading fa	DETAILS I water supply source pply er d method of disposal IR 3 mm/day ctored in (refer not 6	and re below	APPLIE ecommended Daily Loading rat	te (D	LR) (refer note 6 below)	
□ 7 8 Descr Dripp Peak	Intended Public su, Rainwate Bore Proposed iption erlines. Du loading fa	DETAILS I water supply source pply er d method of disposal IR 3 mm/day ctored in (refer not 6 The necessary dispo output from the sch an irrigation rate o weekend, the effect irrigation rate ensu associated with scho	and re below sal are ool ar f 3 m ive 7-c res th pol eve	APPLIE ecommended Daily Loading rate () Yes ta of 700 m ² has been determined kindergarten (2100 litres) fr m/day. Given that minimal we lay average irrigation rate is 2.2 at the disposal field can accounts involving guests.	te (D hed b waste 14 m	LR) (refer note 6 below) No based on the daily wastewater Monday through Friday, using ewater is produced over the m/day. This reduced effective odate occasional peak loads	



Site(s) aspect	South			
Pre-d	ominant wind direction	South-west			
Prese	nce of shelter belts	NA			
Prese	nce of topographical features or	Very few			
struct	tures				
10	Proximity of water bores (include ac	ljacent to properties) (refer note 9 below)			
None	close				
11	11 Visible evidence of slips / instability (refer not 8 below)				
No					
12	12 Total suitable area available for type of effluent disposal proposed (including reserve area)				
910 m ²					
13	13 Setback areas proposed (if any) (refer note 10 below)				
Exclu	sion areas and setback distances are p	rovided in Table 9 of the Regional Plan and presented herein			



Notes

- 1. If the FNDC hazard maps/GIS indicate a flooding susceptibility on the site being evaluated, an on -site evaluation is to be carried out to determine the effects from 20%, 5% and 1% AEP storm events. This evaluation is to include all calculations to substantiate conclusions drawn. If necessary, include a detailed contour plan and photos.
- 2. NRC Water & Soil plan defines surface water as 'All water, flowing or not, above the ground. It includes water in continually or intermittently flowing rivers, artificial watercourses, lakes and wetlands, and water impounded by structures such as dams or weirs but does not include water while in pipes, tanks, cisterns, nor water within the Coastal Marine Area'. By this definition, separation (complying with NRC rules) is to be maintained by both the proposed disposal and reserve areas from any overland flowpaths and/or swale drains etc. or R/C will be required from NRC. Surface water is to be clearly marked on each site plan, showing the extent of a 1% AEP storm event, and detailing separation distances to main/reserve disposal areas.
- 3. Positions of test borehole/s to be shown and bore logs to be provided. Separation (complying with NRC rules) is to be maintained by both the proposed disposal and reserve areas from winter ground water level or R/C will be required from NRC. If the investigation is done outside of the winter period, allowance is to be made in determining the likely winter level.
- 4. Slopes of ground are to be compared with those recommended maximums for type of system proposed (refer Appendix 4.2B AS/NZS 1547:2012). Designs exceeding those maximums will require specific design to justify the proposal and may also need Resource Consent from NRC.
- 5. Shape of ground is important as it will determine whether there is potential for concentrated overland flows from the upper slopes and also if effluent might be concentrated at base of slope if leeching occurs. Refer Figure 4.1B2 AS/NZS 1547:2012.
- 6. The proposed system (for residential developments) should be sized to accommodate an average 3 bedroom house with 5 people. Sites in holiday areas need to take peak loading into effect in determining daily volumes. The design must state what DLR was used to determine area necessary (including reserve area). If ground conditions are marginal for type of disposal proposed, then a soil permeability test utilising the constant head method is to be carried out across the proposed disposal area. Refer Appendix 4.1F AS/NZS 1547:2012.
- 7. The site aspect is important as a north-facing site that is not sheltered from wind and sun by shelterbelts or other topographical features or structures will perform far better than a south-facing site on the lee of a hill that is shaded from wind and sun etc.
- 8. If any effluent disposal area (including any reserve area) proposed has or is adjacent to areas that show signs of instability, then a full report from a CPEng (Geotech) will be required to justify the viability of the area for effluent disposal.
- 9. If there are any water bores on the subject property or adjacent properties then a site plan will be required showing bore positions in relation to any proposed effluent field(s).
- 10. If setback areas are proposed to mitigate effects, the extent and position/s need to be shown on a site plan.



Appendix C: Summary of Regulatory Requirements

Proposed Regional Plan

C.6.1.3 Other on-site treated domestic wastewater discharge – permitted activity

The discharge of domestic type wastewater into or onto land from an on-site system and the associated discharge of odour into air from the on-site system are permitted activities, provided:

	CRITERION	SUBJECT SITE
1)	The on-site system is designed and constructed in accordance with the Australian/New Zealand Standard. On- site Domestic Wastewater Management (AS/NZS 1547:2012), and	We have designed in general accordance with this standard. We have adjusted the wastewater generation rate for the school to account for the installation of waster saving fixtures during planned redevelopments.
2)	The volume of wastewater discharged does not exceed two cubic metres per day, and	Consent required as peak discharge of 3,000 litres / day proposed.
3)	The discharge is not via a spray irrigation system or deep soakage system, and	Complies (drip irrigation proposed).
4)	The slope of the disposal area is not greater than 25 degrees, and	Slope of ground in disposal area is less than 16 degrees.
5)	 For wastewater that has received secondary treatment or tertiary treatment, it is discharged via: a) a trench or bed system in soil categories 3 to 5 that is designed in accordance with Appendix L of Australian/New Zealand Standard On-Site Domestic Wastewater Management (AS/NZS 1547:2012); or b) an irrigation line system that is dose loaded and covered by a minimum of 50 millimetres of topsoil, mulch, or bark, and 	Complies. The irrigation system will be dose limited. The dripperlines will be covered in mulch where a canopy cover of at least 80% is not present.
6)	for the discharge of wastewater <u>onto the surface of slopes</u> greater than 10 degrees:	a) Wastewater will be secondary treated.
	a) the wastewater, excluding greywater, has received at least secondary treatment, andb) the irrigation lines are firmly attached to the disposal area and	c) A cut off drain above the disposal
	 c) where there is an up-slope catchment that generates stormwater runoff, a diversion system is installed and maintained to divert surface water runoff from the up- slope catchment away from the disposal area, and 	 area is required. d) Although the slope exceeds 10° in the disposal area, the downslope areas have slopes of less than 10°
	d) a minimum 10 metre buffer area down-slope of the lowest irrigation line is included as part of the disposal area, and	Therefore, it is considered that a downslope buffer is not required
	e) the disposal area is located within existing established vegetation that has at least 80 percent canopy cover, or	as it is effectively present within the disposal area. This is a
	f) the irrigation lines are covered by a minimum of 100 millimetres of topsoil, mulch, or bark, and	technical breach of the Proposed Regional Plan and will require resource consent.



		e) The dripperlines will be covered in mulch where a canopy cover of at least 80% is not present.
7)	the disposal area and reserve disposal area are situated outside the relevant exclusion areas and setbacks in Table 9: Exclusion areas and setback distances for on-site domestic wastewater systems, and	Surface water setbacks are compliant.
8)	for septic tank treatment systems, a filter that retains solids greater than 3.5 millimetres in size is fitted on the outlet, and	NA
9)	 the following reserve disposal areas are available at all times: a) one hundred percent of the existing effluent disposal area where the wastewater has received primary treatment or is only comprised of greywater, or b) thirty percent of the existing effluent disposal area where the wastewater has received secondary treatment or tertiary treatment, and 	30% Reserve area provided
10)	the on-site system is maintained so that it operates effectively at all times and maintenance is undertaken in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications, and	Proposed per Maintenance recommendations
11)	the discharge does not contaminate any groundwater water supply or surface water, and	Will comply given provided design parameters
12)	there is no surface runoff or ponding of wastewater, and	Will comply given provided design parameters
13)	there is no offensive or objectionable odour beyond the property boundary.	Will comply given provided design parameters

Table 9: Exclusion areas and setback distances for on-site domestic wastewater systems

FEATURE	OFFSE	SUBJECT SITE		
FEATURE	PRIMARY	SECONDARY	GREYWATER	
Exclusion Areas				
Floodplain	5% annual exceedance probability	5% annual exceedance probability	5% annual exceedance probability	Disposal area and treatment are outside of mapped flood areas.



Horizontal Set Back Distances

Identified stormwater flow path (including a formed road with kerb and channel, and water- table drain) that is down- slope of the disposal area	5	5	5	Complies
River, lake, stream, pond, dam or natural wetland	20	15	15	Complies
Coastal marine area	20	15	15	Complies
Existing water supply bore	20	20	20	Complies
Property boundary	1.5	1.5	1.5	Complies
Retaining Walls	3	3	3	Complies
Residential Dwelling	3	3	3	Complies

Vertical setback distances

Winter	groundwater	1.2	0.6	0.6	Complies
luble					

Far North District Plan

12.7.6.1.4 Land Use Activities Involving Discharges of Human Sewage Effluent

Land use activities which produce human sewage effluent (including grey water) are permitted provided that:

CRITERION	SUBJECT SITE
(a) the effluent discharges to a lawfully established reticulated sewerage system; or	NA
	Complies
(b) the effluent is treated and disposed of on-site such that each site has its own treatment and disposal system no part of which shall be located closer than 30m from the boundary of any river, lake, wetland or the boundary of the coastal marine area.	

Note: The discharge may also require consent under the Regional Water and Soil Plan.



Appendix D: Suitable Plants for Evapo-transpiration Systems

SUITABLE PLANTS FOR EVAPO-TRANSPIRATION SYSTEMS

Native Shrubs and Trees

Coprosma Hebe Manuka Weeping Mapou Flax (fast) Pokaka (slow) Cabbage Tree (fast) Rangiora (fast) Lacebark (fast) Ribbonwood (fast) Poataniwha Heketara Poataniweta Kohuhu (fast)

Grasses

Jointed Twig Sedge Longwood Tussock Pukio Toetoe (use native speciesnot invasive Pampas Grass) Umbrella Sedge Oioi Hooksedge

Introduced Species

Canna Lilies, Taro, Aralia, Fuschia, Philodendrons, and Begonias Coprosma propinqua Hebe Leptospermum Scoparium Myrsine Divaricata Phormium Tenax Elaeocarpus Hookerianus Cordyline Australias Brachyglottis Repanda Hoheria Populnea Plagianthus Regius Melicope Simplex Olearia Rani Carpodetus Serratus Pittosporum Tenufolium

Baumea Articulata Carex Comans Carex Secta

Cortaderia Fulvida Cyperus Ustulatus Leptocarpus Similis Uncinia Unciniata



CARING FOR NORTHLAND AND ITS ENVIRONMENT

WHANGAREI: 36 Water Street, Private Bag 9021, Whangarei; Phone 09 438 4639, Fax 09 438 0012.
 OPUA: Unit 10, Industrial Marine Park, Opua; Phone 09 402 7516, Fax 09 402 7510.
 DARGAVILLE: 61B Victoria Street, Dargaville; Phone 09 439 3300, Fax 09 439 3301.
 KAITAIA: 192 Commerce Street, Kaitaia; Phone 09 408 6600, Fax 09 408 6601.
 Freephone: 0800 002 004 Environmental Hotline: 0800 504 639 Website: www.nrc.govt.nz

Appendix E: Operation and Maintenance Guidelines



ON-SITE WASTEWATER SYSTEMS

Maintenance Guidelines For Homeowners



PROTECTING YOUR HEALTH, YOUR ENVIRONMENT, YOUR INVESTMENT

PRODUCED BY: SWANS-SIG

The Small Wastewater And Natural Systems Special Interest Group of Water New Zealand

Contact Details:

SWANS-SIG Water NZ PO Box 1316 WELLINGTON 6140 Telephone: Fax: 64-4-472 8925 64-4-472 8926

Web-site: www.waternz.org.nz/swans.html

WHY MAINTENANCE OF YOUR ON-SITE WASTEWATER SYSTEM IS IMPORTANT

Whether you have a new "high-tech" treatment unit and drip irrigation system or an older "low-tech" septic tank and soakage trench system, regular attention to system inspection and maintenance is important. Effective regular maintenance of the wastewater servicing system on your property is essential for:

- (a) protecting family health by ensuring a high level of sanitary performance;
- (b) maintaining environmental values both within and beyond your property
- (C) protecting the investment in your wastewater system; and
- (d) enhancing amenity values in your neighbourhood through contributing to a high level of environmental performance for local on-site wastewater systems.

WHAT TYPE OF SYSTEM IS INSTALLED ON YOUR PROPERTY?

You are likely to have one of four types of system on your property:

- an old unknown system about which you have no information;
- an older style septic tank and soakage trench or soak hole system;
- a new modern septic tank and land application system (such as dosed trenches, or shallow planted evapo-transpiration beds, or a mound, or a low pressure dosed irrigation area);
- a new advanced treatment unit (such as an aerobic treatment plant, sand filter, or packed bed reactor) plus drip irrigation land application system.





Older style septic tank and soakage trench system

Modern septic tank, sand filter and drip irrigation field

Before you can attend to the maintenance requirements for your system you will have to establish the system type and capacity. This will require a detailed site inspection and/or a check of building records held by council. You may be able to do some of this yourself, but if a site investigation is needed, it is best to engage a drainage contractor or on-site wastewater servicing professional to investigate as follows:

(a) For an older unknown system

- Carry out a field inspection to locate and identify the treatment unit and soakage field area.
- Excavate or probe as appropriate to identify system components, their size and condition.
- Prepare a loading certificate based on an assessment of system capacity and its performance potential.
- Identify a suitable reserve area for extending the

stem if need be.

(b) For an older style septic tank and soakage trench or soak hole system	 If necessary, carry out a field inspection to locate the septic tank and soakage field area. Check the maintenance record for the tank, and/or pumpout and inspect tank condition. Evaluate the capacity and current performance of the soakage system. Prepare a loading certificate based on an assessment of system capacity and its performance potential. Identify a suitable reserve area for extending the system if need be.
(c) For a new modern septic tank and land application system	 Check council building consent records. Check designer/installer reports and as-built records. Obtain the designer's loading certificate (see box below). Check availability of operation and maintenance instructions as provided by the designer. Confirm the availability of a suitable reserve area for extending the system if need be.
(d) For a new advanced treatment unit and land application system	 Check council building consent records. Check designer/installer reports and as-built records. Obtain the designer's loading certificate. Check availability of operation and maintenance instructions as provided by the designer. Check if a maintenance contract is in place, and if not investigate options for and commission such a contract. Ensure the maintenance contract is renewed annually.



Checking scum and sludge levels in a septic tank



Servicing an advanced wastewater treatment unit

Whatever system is installed on your property, it is important that you understand the capabilities of the system. These are best identified and summarised in the preparation of a loading certificate. The loading certificate will enable you to understand the limitations or constraints of your system; however, the most important thing is to know your system type so that the right sort and frequency of maintenance can be carried out. This can simply be done through an inspection by a wastewater servicing specialist who will prepare the loading certificate.

LOADING CERTIFICATE

This should set out the following information:

- (a) System type (obtained from the as-built details provided by the designer/installer};
- (b) System capacity (number of persons and daily flow volume);
- (c) Summary of design criteria;
- (d) The location of and use of the 'reserve area';
- (e) Use of water efficient fittings, fixtures and appliances;
- (f) Allowable variation from design flows (peak loading events);
- (g) Consequences of changes in loading (due to varying wastewater characteristics);
- (h) Consequences of overloading the system;
- (i) Consequences of underloading the system;
- (j) Consequences of lack of operation, maintenance and monitoring attention; and
- (k) Any other relevant considerations related to use of the system.

It is also essential that if you have an advanced treatment and land application system subject to a maintenance contract, this contract is renewed annually.

DO YOU HAVE A SET OF USER GUIDELINES?

Your Regional, City or District Council is likely to have available a set of user guidelines for owner/occupiers of dwellings serviced by on-site wastewater systems. Such guidelines may be based on the provisions of the joint Australia New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1547:2012 "On-site Domestic Wastewater Management", and will typically set out 'dos' and 'don'ts' related to household activities which generate wastewater flows (see box below).



(i) Do not do all the washing on one day, and

(ii) Do not run the washing machine and dishwasher at the same time.

MAINTENANCE INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS

Once you know the details and operating capacity of your on-site wastewater system then you can check out the maintenance inspection and servicing requirements from the table below. Note that your system will include a distribution device to convey the treated effluent to each element of your land application system so as to provide uniform use of the soil in further treating the wastewater flow.

Treatment System Type	Inspection and Maintenance Requirements
Older style septic tank	 Pumpout at 3-year intervals Alternatively, check scum and sludge levels and pumpout on demand (around half full of scum and sludge)
Modern septic tank with effluent outlet filter	 Check scum and sludge levels (2-yearly) and pumpout on demand (around 6 to 8 years) Check and hose down effluent outlet filter during pumpout
Aerobic treatment unit (aerated system)	 Periodic effluent quality "sniff and look" inspection (6-months) Check power consumption (3-months) Carryout equipment service check at 6-months (as specified in the supplier/installer maintenance contract)
Septic tank/sand filter system	 Periodic effluent quality "sniff and look" inspection (6-months) Confirm sand is draining satisfactorily and not clogging (12-months) Replace upper sand layer if draining slowly (as required) Carryout equipment service check at 6-months (as specified in the supplier/installer maintenance contract)
Packed bed reactor unit	 Periodic effluent quality "sniff and look" inspection (6-months) Carryout equipment service check at 6-months (as specified in the supplier/installer maintenance contract)

Distribution System	Inspection and Maintenance Requirements
Gravity distribution box	 Check distribution evenly balanced to all outlets (12-months) Remove any accumulated solids in base of box (12-months)
Flood load gravity dosing system	 Check distribution is evenly balanced to all outlets (12-months) Remove any accumulated solids in base of dose chamber (12-months)
Siphon dosing system	 Check siphon operation (ensure system not dribbling following 'shut-off') (6-months)
	 Remove any accumulated solids in base of siphon chamber (6- months)
Pump chamber and manifold distribution to dosing lines	 Check pump start and stop level controllers (clean off grease and solids) (6-months)
	Check pump power use (6-months)
	 Carryout equipment service check at 6-months (as specified in the supplier/installer maintenance contract)
Pump chamber and automatic	 Check pump start and stop level controllers (clean off grease and solids) (6-months)
	 Check pump power use (6-months)
	Check sequencing valve operation (6-months)
	 Carryout equipment service check at 6-months (as specified in the supplier/installer maintenance contract)

Land Application System Type	Inspection and Maintenance Requirements
Soakage trenches (or beds)	 Inspect soakage field area for signs of wetness, surface seepage and/or excess grass growth (6-months) Check level of standing effluent in trenches using vent pipes for liquid depth observation (6-months) Add extra trenches in reserve area if overload (wetness or flooded system) becomes apparent
ETS (evapo-transpiration seepage) beds (or trenches)	 Inspect space between ETS beds/trenches for signs of wetness, surface seepage and/or excess grass growth (12- months) Trim grass and/or ET plantings to avoid rank overgrowth Check level of standing effluent in beds/trenches using vent pipes for liquid depth observation (12-months) Add extra beds/trenches in reserve area if overload (wetness or flooded system) becomes apparent
Mounds (for septic tank effluent)	 Inspect edges (toe) of mound for signs of wetness, surface seepage and/or excess grass growth (6-months) Install and plant a 1 metre wide by 400mm deep topsoil layer around mound perimeter if toe seepage becomes apparent Install extra mound in reserve area if toe seepage not managed by supplementary soil and ET plantings.
LPED (low pressure effluent distribution) irrigation field	 Inspect soakage field area for signs of wetness, surface seepage and/or excess grass growth (6-months) Trim grass and/or ET plantings to avoid rank overgrowth Check level of standing effluent in LPED trenches using vent pipes (6-months) Add extra LPED trenches in reserve area if overload (wetness or flooded system) becomes apparent
Drip irrigation field	 Inspect irrigation field area for signs of wetness, surface seepage and/or excess grass growth (6-months) Trim grass and/or ET plantings to avoid rank overgrowth Check air release valves are operating effectively (6-months) Operate irrigation line flush valves (6-months) Add extra drip lines in reserve area if overload (wetness or flooded system) becomes apparent Carryout service check at 6-months (as specified in the supplier/installer maintenance contract)
NOTE: Where your wastewater system	Carryout service check at 6-months (as specified in the supplier/installer maintenance contract)

NOTE: Where your wastewater system is subject to a resource consent from your Regional Council, you should note and follow the maintenance conditions imposed by the consent.

DIY MAINTENANCE TASKS

As homeowner (or occupier) there are several inspection and maintenance tasks which you can carry out yourself. However, your must remember at all times that you are dealing with unsanitary waste material which may potentially be infectious, and hence in handling equipment and effluent samples you must take adequate precautions to prevent contamination of yourself and your equipment.

The following simple tasks involve a commonsense approach to on-site wastewater system homeowner/occupier DIY inspection and maintenance requirements (see tables above).

- 2 Check septic tank scum and sludge levels (organise pumpout if required).
- Check drainage lines for evidence of 'backup' (slow draining).
- If backup due to outlet filter blockage, lift and hose down filter into septic tank.
- $\ensuremath{\mathbbmath$\mathbb R$}$ Check distribution box for even distribution of flow to trenches.
- 2 Inspect land application system (trenches, beds, mounds, LPED and drip irrigation fields) for

signs of wetness, seepage, excess grass growth.

- Carry out "sniff and look" assessment of advanced treatment plant effluent quality (if a glass container full of effluent does not appear cloudy, and smells only slightly musty and not offensive, effluent quality is good).
- Check treatment unit and pumping system power consumption (if increases over time, need system check by servicing personnel).
- Check operation of irrigation line flush valves.
- If need be, call in drainage contractor, servicing specialist or maintenance contract service provider to undertake servicing and/or remedial works.





Healthy worm activity in septic tank scum layer



Backup to gully trap from clogged tank



Distribution box SERVICING AGENT MAINTENANCE TASKS

Septic tank pumpout



Lifting and hosing down effluent outlet filter



Automatic sequencing valve

If you as owner/occupier wish to have no role in maintaining your system, this is fine, but you will need to engage a drainage contractor, servicing specialist or maintenance contract service provider to undertake servicing and/or remedial works.

Even if you do carry out DIY maintenance tasks as outlined above engaging servicing personnel will be essential to carrying out mechanical and electrical servicing as well as specialist servicing tasks such as effluent quality sampling and testing. In addition, servicing specialists are best fitted to undertake tasks such as:

- Checking scum and sludge levels in tanks.
- ☑ Lifting and hosing down effluent outlet filters.
- 2 Checking distribution effectiveness from distribution boxes and automatic sequencing valves.
- 2 Checking power consumption and adjusting treatment plant controls and pumping cycles to achieve better efficiency.
- 2 Checking distribution effectiveness and flushing drip irrigation lines.
- **I** Undertaking remedial works and system extensions.

MAINTENANCE CERTIFICATE

Where a specialist servicing check is undertaken, including servicing under a maintenance contract, you should be provided with a maintenance certificate (see box below). This certificate should be filed away and provided as required to your District or Regional Council as proof of maintenance. This requirement may be a consent condition.

A maintenance certificate shall include (from AS/NZS 1547:2012)

(a) Certification by a qualified and experienced person that the on-site system is operating and performing effectively;

(b) A note of any specific operation and maintenance attention which is due;

(C) Identification of any operation and maintenance problems, their likely cause and recommended remedial action;

(d) Any evidence of system capacity being exceeded or likely to be exceeded (for example, by extra residents, or by holiday period occupiers);

(e) Results of effluent quality testing where advanced or disinfection treatment is being used;

(f) Note of actions taken and results achieved following recommendations for remedial work after the previous routine inspection;

(g) A recommendation on when next desludge/pumpout should be undertaken; and (h) Any other relevant matters.

CONTACT DETAILS FOR ADVICE AND SERVICE

To find a wastewater servicing specialist, contact your local council, septic tank pumpout contractor, treatment plant supplier or plumbing/drainlaying company. Enter contact details/phone numbers in the boxes below of those persons whom you may need to call on at some stage to gain advice on issues related to operation, inspection and maintenance of your on-site wastewater system

System Designer	
Council On-site Wastewater Officer	
Maintenance Contract Servicing Age	nt
Local Drainage Contractor	

Acknowledgements – Illustrations:

- Marlborough District Council
- US EPA Educational Materials
- Reflection Treatment Systems Ltd
- Ministry for the Environment
- Super-Treat NZ Ltd

- On-Site NewZ
- North Dakota State University
- InspectAPedia
- Southeast Septic, USA
- Dola Transport, USA

PO Box 89, 0245 6 Fairway Drive Kerikeri, 0230 New Zealand

Borehole Log - BH1

HAIGH WORKMANE Civil & Structural Engineers

 Phone
 09 407
 8327

 Fax
 09 407
 8378

 www.haighworkman.co.nz
 info@haighworkman.co.nz

Hole Location: Refer to Site Plan	JOB N
Civil & Structural Engineers	<u>info@</u>

162

CLIENT: Date Started: Date Completed:	Totara North Sc Trustees 14.08.2024 14.08.2024	hool Board of	SITE: Totara North S DRILLING METHOD HOLE DIAMETER (1	School D: mm)	l Hand 50mm	Auุ า	ger			LOGGED B CHECKED	Y: BY:	JCum JP					
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0.05m CLAY with some s	ilt, light brown,	, stiff, moist, hig	h plasticity.			10		countered									
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SILT, light brown, firm, m	oist, low plasti	city.			1.0		*****	Groundwa					-				

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Building Code Clause(s).....

PRODUCER STATEMENT – PS1 – DESIGN

(Guidance on use of Producer Statements (formerly page 2) is available at www.engineeringnz.org)

ISSUED BY:	
(Design Firm)	
TO:	••
TO BE SUPPLIED TO:	
(Building Consent Authority)	
IN RESPECT OF: (Description of Building Work)	
AT:	
(Address)	
Town/City: DP SO	
We have been engaged by the owner/developer referred to above to provide:	
(Extent of Engagement)	
services in respect of the requirements of Clause(s)of the Building Code for:	
All or Deart only (as specified in the attachment to this statement), of the proposed building work.	
The design carried out by us has been prepared in accordance with:	
Compliance Documents issued by the Ministry of Business, Innovation & Employmentor (verification method/acceptable solution)	
Alternative solution as per the attached schedule	
The proposed building work covered by this producer statement is described on the drawings titled:	
together with the specification, and other documents set out in the schedule attached to this statement.	
On behalf of the Design Firm, and subject to:	
 (i) Site verification of the following design assumptions	
I believe on reasonable grounds that a) the building, if constructed in accordance with the drawings, specifications, and other documents provided or listed in the attached schedule, will comply with the relevant provisions of the Building Code and that b), the persons who have undertaken the design have the necessary competency to do so. I also recommend the following level of construction monitoring/observation:	
CM1 CM2 CM3 CM4 CM5 (Engineering Categories) or as per agreement with owner/developer (Architectural)	
I, am: CPEng # Reg Arch #	
I am a member of: Engineering New Zealand NZIA and hold the following qualifications: The Design Firm issuing this statement holds a current policy of Professional Indemnity Insurance no less than \$200,000*. The Design Firm is a member of ACENZ:	
SIGNED BY	
ON BEHALF OF	

Note: This statement shall only be relied upon by the Building Consent Authority named above. Liability under this statement accrues to the Design Firm only. The total maximum amount of damages payable arising from this statement and all other statements provided to the Building Consent Authority in relation to this building work, whether in contract, tort or otherwise (including negligence), is limited to the sum of \$200,000*.

This form is to accompany Form 2 of the Building (Forms) Regulations 2004 for the application of a Building Consent. THIS FORM AND ITS CONDITIONS ARE COPYRIGHT TO ACENZ, ENGINEERING NEW ZEALAND AND NZIA

GUIDANCE ON USE OF PRODUCER STATEMENTS

Producer statements were first introduced with the Building Act 1991. The producer statements were developed by a combined task committee consisting of members of the New Zealand Institute of Architects, Institution of Professional engineers New Zealand (now Engineering New Zealand), Association of Consulting Engineers New Zealand in consultation with the Building Officials Institute of New Zealand. The original suit of producer statements has been revised at the date of this form as a result of enactment of the Building Act (2004) by these organisations to ensure standard use within the industry.

The producer statement system is intended to provide Building Consent Authorities (BCAs) with reasonable grounds for the issue of a Building Consent or a Code Compliance Certificate, without having to duplicate design or construction checking undertaken by others.

PS1 Design Intended for use by a suitably qualified independent design professional in circumstances where the BCA accepts a producer statement for establishing reasonable grounds to issue a Building Consent;

PS2 Design Review Intended for use by a suitably qualified independent design professional where the BCA accepts an independent design professional's review as the basis for establishing reasonable grounds to issue a Building Consent;

PS3 Construction Forms commonly used as a certificate of completion of building work are Schedule 6 of NZS 3910:2013 or Schedules E1/E2 of NZIA's SCC 2011²

PS4 Construction Review Intended for use by a suitably qualified independent design professional who undertakes construction monitoring of the building works where the BCA requests a producer statement prior to issuing a Code Compliance Certificate.

This must be accompanied by a statement of completion of building work (Schedule 6).

The following guidelines are provided by ACENZ, Engineering NZ and NZIA to interpret the Producer Statement.

Competence of Design Professional

This statement is made by a Design Firm that has undertaken a contract of services for the services named, and is signed by a person authorised by that firm to verify the processes within the firm and competence of its designers.

professional competent design will А have а professional qualification and proven current competence through registration on a national competence based register, either as a Chartered Professional Engineer (CPEng) or a Registered Architect.

Membership of a professional body, such as Engineering New Zealand (formerly IPENZ) or the New Zealand Institute of Architects (NZIA), provides additional assurance of the designer's standing within the profession. If the design firm is a member of the Association of Consulting Engineers New Zealand (ACENZ), this provides additional assurance about the standing of the firm.

Persons or firms meeting these criteria satisfy the term "suitably qualified independent design professional".

*Professional Indemnity Insurance

As part of membership requirements, ACENZ requires all member firms to hold Professional Indemnity Insurance to a minimum level.

The PI Insurance minimum stated on the front of this form reflects standard, small projects. If the parties deem this inappropriate for large projects the minimum may be up to \$500,000.

Professional Services during Construction Phase

There are several levels of service which a Design Firm may provide during the construction phase of a project (CM1-CM5 for Engineers³). The Building Consent Authority is encouraged to require that the service to be provided by the Design Firm is appropriate for the project concerned.

Requirement to provide Producer Statement PS4

Building Consent Authorities should ensure that the applicant is aware of any requirement for producer statements for the construction phase of building work at the time the building consent is issued as no design professional should be expected to provide a producer statement unless such a requirement forms part of the Design firm's engagement.

Attached Particulars

Attached particulars referred to in this producer statement refer to supplementary information appended to the producer statement.

Refer Also:

- ¹ Conditions of Contract for Building & Civil Engineering Construction NZS 3910: 2013
- ² NZIA Standard Conditions of Contract SCC 2011
- Guideline on the Briefing & Engagement for Consulting Engineering Services (ACENZ/IPENZ 2004)
- ⁴ PN Guidelines on Producer Statements

www.acenz.org.nz www.engineeringnz.org www.nzia.co.nz





October 2013 (reissued October 2017)

Producer Statements PS1, PS2, & PS4



www.nzarchitecturaldesign.co.nz | TOTARA NORTH, NORTHLAND

32 TOTARA SCHOOL ROAD,

DRAWN BY:

CHECK BY:

A ZHANG

B. MEAD

JOB No:

24001

info@nzadsltd.co.nz

DESIGN STUDIO LTD

SHEET	

DRAINAGE PLAN NOTES

SANITARY SEWER PLUMBING

DESIGNED AS PER AS/NZS 3500.2.2021

FIXTURE PIPE SIZES & GRADIENT

BASIN	DN40	1:40
WC	DN100	1:60
FLOOR WASTE GULLY (FWG)	DN50	1:40
TERMINAL VENT	DN5040 MIN.	

100Ø SANITARY SEWERAGE LINES WITH PIPE GRADIENT OF 1:60.

SURFACE WATER

DESIGNED AS PER COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS OF NZBC E1/AS1. 100Ø STORMWATER DRAINAGE PIPE WITH GRADIENT OF 1:60.

SPOUTING

POOL CHANGING BLOCK METALCRAFT COLORSTEEL MAXAM BOX 125 GUTTER WITH TOTAL CROSS SECTIONAL AREA (CSAG) OF 7,875mm².

POOP PUMP SHED METALCRAFT COLORSTEEL MAXAM BOX 125 GUTTER WITH TOTAL CROSS SECTIONAL AREA (CSAG) OF 7,875mm².

DOWNPIPES

NEW 80Ø U P.V.C. DOWNPIPES. x DP PER 85m² OF ROOF AREA. DP'S SIZED AS PER TABLE 5 IN NZBC E1/AS1.

ROOF GUTTER RAINFALL INTENSITY CALCS

RAINFALL INTENSITY (I): 90-100mm/HOUR

5° (POOL PUMP SHED) 5° (POOL CHANGING BLOCK)

POOL CHANGING BLOCK (7,875mm² CSAG) THE ROOF PLAN AREA OF POOL CHANGING BLOCK DISCHARGING

TO SECTIONAL AREA OF GUTTER IS 36.5m² AS PER PLAN, THEREFORE THE REQUIRED CROSS SECTIONAL AREA OF GUTTER IS TO BE 5,000m² AS PER FIGURE 15 OF NZBC E1/AS1, BASED ON RFI OF 100m/HOUR.

POOP PUMP SHED (7,875mm² CSAG)

THE ROOF PLAN AREA OF POOL PUMP SHED DISCHARGING TO SECTIONAL AREA OF GUTTER IS 21.2m² AS PER PLAN, THEREFORE THE REQUIRED CROSS SECTIONAL AREA OF GUTTER IS TO BE 4,000m² AS PER FIGURE 15 OF NZBC E1/AS1, BASED ON RFI OF 100m/HOUR.

THEREFORE THE PROPOSED GUTTER WILL MEET THE REQUIREMENT OF NZBC E1/AS1.

STORMWATER & WASTEWATER MANAGEMENT

- STORMWATER & SURFACE WATER CONTROL TO COMPLY WITH RECOMMENDATIONS OUTLINED UNDER SECTION 10 IN THE SITE SPECIFIC GEOTECHNICAL REPORT BY WILTON JOUBERT LTD (REF# 134211 REV-B, DATED 18 OCT. 2024).

SW MANAGEMENT REFER TO STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MEMORANDUM BY WJL (REF# 134212, DATED 05 JUNE 2024) & STORM WATER DESIGN REVIEW BY WJL (DATED 30 OCT. 2024). - EXISTING ON-SITE WASTEWATER SYSTEM TO BE DECOMMISSIONED & REMOVED, INSTALL NEW SECONDARY WW TREATMENT & DISPOSAL SYSTEM AS PER ON-SITE WASTEWATER SYSTEM REPORT BY HAIGH WORKMAN LTD (REF#24162, DATED 09 SEP. 2024).

HOT WATER SUPPLY

HOT WATER SUPPLY IS NOT REQUIRED AS PER NZBC G12/AS1 PERFORMANCE G12.3.5 UNDER LIMITS ON APPLICATION.

NOTES:

- HOT-COLD WATER SUPPLY PIPES ARE TO BE POLYBUTYLENE (PB) THAT MEETS NZBC G12/AS1 REQUIREMENTS.

- CONTRACTOR IS TO CONFIRM LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING SERVICES/ CONNECTIONS ON-SITE PRIOR TO CARRYING OUT ANY WORKS

PLUMBING & DRAINAGE PIPE SIZES, GRADES, AND LAYOUT SHOWING ON PLAN ARE INDICATIVE ONLY, TO BE CONFIRMED BY A REGISTERED PLUMBER/ DRAINLAYER.

DRAWING SCALE:	1:300
DATE DRAWN:	21/03/2025
Layout ID:	Revision:
1.5	PRELIM 02