



Application for resource consent or fast-track resource consent

(Or Associated Consent Pursuant to the Resource Management Act 1991 (RMA)) (If applying for a Resource Consent pursuant to Section 87AAC or 88 of the RMA, this form can be used to satisfy the requirements of Schedule 4). Prior to, and during, completion of this application form, please refer to Resource Consent Guidance Notes and Schedule of Fees and Charges — both available on the Council's web page.

1. Pre-Lodgement Meeting	
Have you met with a council Reso to lodgement? Yes No	ource Consent representative to discuss this application prior
2. Type of Consent being applied	
(more than one circle can be ticke	?d):
Land Use	Discharge
Fast Track Land Use*	Change of Consent Notice (s.221(3))
Subdivision	Extension of time (s.125)
Consent under National Envi (e.g. Assessing and Managing C	
Other (please specify)	
	e consents and is restricted to consents with a controlled activity status.
, ,	
3. Would you like to opt out of	the East Track Process?
	the rast frack process:
Yes No	
4. Consultation	
Have you consulted with lwi/Hapi	ū? Yes No
If yes, which groups have you consulted with?	
Who else have you consulted with?	
For any questions or information rego	arding iwi/hapū consultation, please contact Te Hono at Far North District

Name/s:			
Email:			
Phone number:	Work	Home	
Postal address: (or alternative method of service under section 352 of the act)		Postcode	
Address for Corresp	oondence		
me and address for s	service and corresponde	ence (if using an Agent write their detai	ils here)
Name/s:	Bay of Islands Planning L	imited - Steven Sanson	
Email:			
Phone number:		Home	
Postal address: (or alternative method of service under section 35: of the act)			
or the dety		Postcode	0247
All correspondence will ternative means of con	omunication. Owner/s and Occupie	irst instance. Please advise us if you wou	ild prefer an
All correspondence will cernative means of con Details of Property ame and Address of the	owner/s and Occupies Owner/Occupiers of the	irst instance. Please advise us if you wou	ıld prefer an
All correspondence will cernative means of con Details of Property ame and Address of the here there are multip	owner/s and Occupies Owner/Occupiers of the	irst instance. Please advise us if you wouler/s the land to which this application relat	ıld prefer an
All correspondence will ternative means of con Details of Property ame and Address of the	Owner/s and Occupie the Owner/Occupiers of the owners or occupiers	irst instance. Please advise us if you wouler/s the land to which this application relat	ıld prefer an

Location and/or prope				
Name/s:	Bill and Paula Wallace			
Site Address/ Location:				
		Postcod	le	0202
Legal Description:	Lot 16 Deposited Plan 20248	Val Number:		
Certificate of title:	NA461/71			
	ch a copy of your Certificate of Title ncumbrances (search copy must be			sent notices
Site visit requirement	•	icas charro months o	14)	
•	or security system restricting	access by Council	staff? Yes	No
s there a dog on the		_		
nealth and safety, care	elakei 3 uelalis. Hills is lilibul (TTO TO_
D. Description of the Please enter a brief de	Proposal:	e. Please refer to (Chapter 4 of the Di	
9. Description of the Please enter a brief de and Guidance Notes, f	Proposal:	e. Please refer to 0 on requirements.	Chapter 4 of the Di	
and Guidance Notes, f Proposed residential deve If this is an application quote relevant existing	Proposal: escription of the proposal here for further details of informati	e. Please refer to Gon requirements.	Chapter 4 of the Di	strict Plan

11. Other Consent required/being applied for under different legislation
(more than one circle can be ticked):
Building Consent Enter BC ref # here (if known)
Regional Council Consent (ref # if known)
National Environmental Standard consent Consent here (if known)
Other (please specify) Specify 'other' here
12. National Environmental Standard for Assessing and Managing Contaminants in Soil to Protect Human Health:
The site and proposal may be subject to the above NES. In order to determine whether regard needs to be had to the NES please answer the following:
Is the piece of land currently being used or has it historically ever been used for an activity or industry on the Hazardous Industries and Activities List (HAIL) Yes No Don't know
Is the proposed activity an activity covered by the NES? Please tick if any of the following apply to your proposal, as the NESCS may apply as a result. Yes No Don't know
Subdividing land Disturbing, removing or sampling soil
Changing the use of a piece of land Removing or replacing a fuel storage system
Changing the use of a piece of land Removing or replacing a fuel storage system
Changing the use of a piece of land Removing or replacing a fuel storage system
Changing the use of a piece of land Removing or replacing a fuel storage system 13. Assessment of Environmental Effects:
13. Assessment of Environmental Effects: Every application for resource consent must be accompanied by an Assessment of Environmental Effects (AEE). This is a requirement of Schedule 4 of the Resource Management Act 1991 and an application can be rejected if an adequate AEE is not provided. The information in an AEE must be specified in sufficient detail to satisfy the purpose for which it is required. Your AEE may include additional information such as Written Approvals from adjoining property owners, or affected parties.
13. Assessment of Environmental Effects: Every application for resource consent must be accompanied by an Assessment of Environmental Effects (AEE). This is a requirement of Schedule 4 of the Resource Management Act 1991 and an application can be rejected if an adequate AEE is not provided. The information in an AEE must be specified in sufficient detail to satisfy the purpose for which it is required. Your AEE may include additional information such as Written Approvals from adjoining property owners, or affected parties.
13. Assessment of Environmental Effects: Every application for resource consent must be accompanied by an Assessment of Environmental Effects (AEE). This is a requirement of Schedule 4 of the Resource Management Act 1991 and an application can be rejected if an adequate AEE is not provided. The information in an AEE must be specified in sufficient detail to satisfy the purpose for which it is required. Your AEE may include additional information such as Written Approvals from adjoining property owners, or affected parties. Your AEE is attached to this application Yes

14. Billing Details:

This identifies the person or entity that will be responsible for paying any invoices or receiving any refunds associated with processing this resource consent. Please also refer to Council's Fees and Charges Schedule.

Name/s: (please write in full)	Billo	nd	Paula	Wa	allace		
Email:	Greening gandrocking Not the early out of the pro-	835845 to 19 for the second					
Phone number:	Work				Home		
Postal address: (or alternative method of service under section 352 of the act)		. ,	-		Postcode	0622	

Fees Information

An instalment fee for processing this application is payable at the time of lodgement and must accompany your application in order for it to be lodged. Please note that if the instalment fee is insufficient to cover the actual and reasonable costs of work undertaken to process the application you will be required to pay any additional costs. Invoiced amounts are payable by the 20th of the month following invoice date. You may also be required to make additional payments if your application requires notification.

Declaration concerning Payment of Fees

I/we understand that the Council may charge me/us for all costs actually and reasonably incurred in processing this application. Subject to my/our rights under Sections 357B and 358 of the RMA, to object to any costs, I/we undertake to pay all and future processing costs incurred by the Council. Without limiting the Far North District Council's legal rights if any steps (including the use of debt collection agencies) are necessary to recover unpaid processing costs I/we agree to pay all costs of recovering those processing costs. If this application is made on behalf of a trust (private or family), a society (incorporated or unincorporated) or a company in signing this application I/we are binding the trust, society or company to pay all the above costs and guaranteeing to pay all the above costs in my/our personal capacity.

Name: (please write in full)	Willdam	Wallace	
Signature:			Date
(signature of bill payer		MANDATORY	

15. Important Information:

Note to applicant

You must include all information required by this form. The information must be specified in sufficient detail to satisfy the purpose for which it is required.

You may apply for 2 or more resource consents that are needed for the same activity on the same form. You must pay the charge payable to the consent authority for the resource consent application under the Resource Management Act 1991.

Fast-track application

Under the fast-track resource consent process, notice of the decision must be given within 10 working days after the date the application was first lodged with the authority, unless the applicant opts out of that process at the time of lodgement. A fast-track application may cease to be a fast-track application under section 87AAC(2) of the RMA.

Privacy Information:

Once this application is lodged with the Council it becomes public information. Please advise Council if there is sensitive information in the proposal. The information you have provided on this form is required so that your application for consent pursuant to the Resource Management Act 1991 can be processed under that Act. The information will be stored on a public register and held by the Far North District Council. The details of your application may also be made available to the public on the Council's website, www.fndc.govt.nz. These details are collected to inform the general public and community groups about all consents which have been issued through the Far North District Council.

15. Important information continued...

Declaration

Signature:

The information I have supplied with this application is true and complete to the best of my knowledge.

Name: (please write in full)

Steven Sanson

A signature is not required if the application is made by electronic means

Checklist (please tick if information is provided)

- Payment (cheques payable to Far North District Council)
- A current Certificate of Title (Search Copy not more than 6 months old)
- Details of your consultation with lwi and hapu
- Copies of any listed encumbrances, easements and/or consent notices relevant to the application
- Applicant / Agent / Property Owner / Bill Payer details provided
- Location of property and description of proposal
- Assessment of Environmental Effects
- Written Approvals / correspondence from consulted parties
- Reports from technical experts (if required)
- Copies of other relevant consents associated with this application
- Location and Site plans (land use) AND/OR
- Location and Scheme Plan (subdivision)
- Elevations / Floor plans
- Topographical / contour plans

Please refer to Chapter 4 of the District Plan for details of the information that must be provided with an application. Please also refer to the RC Checklist available on the Council's website. This contains more helpful hints as to what information needs to be shown on plans.

Date 26-Sep-2025



BAY OF ISLANDS PLANNING (2022) LIMITED

Kerikeri House Suite 3, 88 Kerikeri Road Kerikeri

Email - office@bayplan.co.nz Website - www.bayplan.co.nz

26 September 2025

Dear Team Leaders

Re: Proposed residential development at 41 Long Beach, Russell

Our clients, Bill and Paula Wallace, seek resource consent for the replacement of the existing dwelling and for a second dwelling on their property at 41 Long Beach Road, Russell.

The 1,935m² site is located within the Russell Township zone within the operative Far North District Plan (**ODP**). The site is zoned Kororāreka Russell Township zone under the Proposed Far North District Plan (**PDP**) with a Coastal Environment overlay.

Land use consent is sought for a residential intensity breach, for earthworks exceeding 200m³, retaining walls up to 3.2m in height, and relocation of the existing public sanitary sewer line.

The application is supported by the following information:

- Planning Report and Assessment of Environmental Effects
- Appendix A Record of Title;
- Appendix B Development Plans (Spooner Architectural Solutions);
- Appendix C Stormwater Management Report (Haigh Workman)
- Appendix D Geotechnical Report (Haigh Workman)

Please do not hesitate to contact me should you require any further information.

Steve Sanson

Consultant Planner



APPLICANT & PROPERTY DETAILS

Applicant	Bill and Paula Wallace
Address for Service	Bay of Islands Planning [2022] Limited PO Box 318 PAIHIA 0247 C/O – Steve Sanson steve@bayplan.co.nz 021-1606035
Legal Description	Lot 16 DP 20248
Certificate Of Title	NA461/71
Physical Address	41 Long Beach Road, Russell
Site Area	1,935m²
Owner of the Site	Anna Jacqueline Mantell and William John Wallace as to a 1/2 share Anna Jacqueline Mantell and Paula Jane Wallace as to a 1/2 share
Operative District Plan (ODP)	Russell Township Zone
Proposed District Plan (PDP)	Kororāreka Russell Township Zone Coastal Environment Overlay
Archaeology	Nil
NRC Overlays	Nil
Soils	Town & Class 6
Protected Natural Area	Nil
HAIL	Nil

Schedule 1



SUMMARY OF PROPOSAL

Proposal	The replacement of the existing dwelling and for a second dwelling on their property at 41 Long Beach Road, Russell.
Reason for Application	The permitted threshold for Residential Intensity in the Russell Township zone where the site is sewered is 1,000m². The restricted discretionary threshold for Residential Intensity in the Russell Township zone where the site is sewered is 800m². The proposal requires earthworks that exceed the permitted threshold of 200m³ in a 12 month period. Retaining walls are required for cuts and fills more than 1.5m in height. The earthworks proposed are considered as a discretionary activity.
Appendices	Appendix A – Record of Title; Appendix B – Development Plans (Spooner Architectural Solutions); Appendix C – Stormwater Management Report (Haigh Workman) Appendix D – Geotechnical Report (Haigh Workman)
Consultation	No consultation undertaken.
Pre-Application Consultation	Not applicable.



1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report has been prepared for Bill and Paula Wallace supporting the replacement of the existing dwelling and the addition of a second dwelling on their property at 41 Long Beach Road.

The site is legally described as Lot 16 DP20248, which comprises a total land area of 1,935m². A copy of the Record of Title is attached at **Appendix A**.

The application is supported by Development Plans produced by Spooner Architectural Solutions, attached at **Appendix B**.

A Stormwater Management Report and a Geotechnical Report prepared by Haigh Workman are provided in **Appendix C & D**.

2.0 SITE AND LOCALITY DESCRIPTION



Figure 1: Site (Source: Prover)





Figure 2: Site Aerial (Source: PDP Maps)

The subject site is located in the northeastern extent of the Russell Township Zone in the Long Beach area. The commercial area of Russell Township is ~1km away.

The immediate and surrounding environment is zoned Russell Township and is residential in nature. The Russell Cemetery is located on the opposite side of Long Beach Road to the subject site.

Access to the site is via a 'panhandle' off Long Beach Road. The site slopes towards Long Beach from west to east.



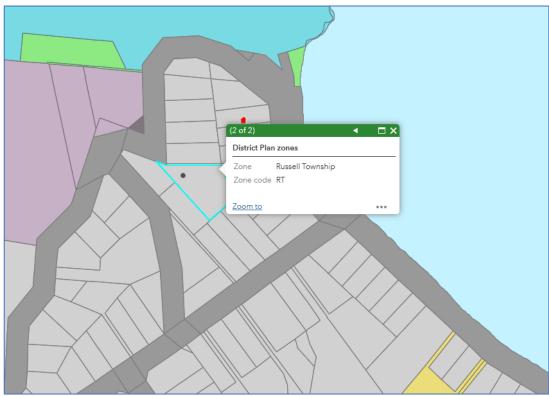


Figure 3: Zoning Map – Russell Township zone (Source: Far North Maps)



Figure 4: Entrance to the site on the right hand sire off the shared crossing



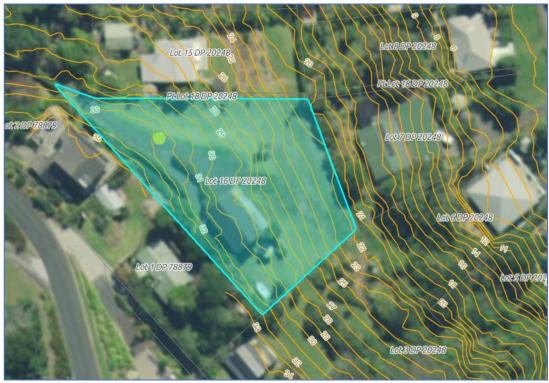


Figure 5: Topography (Source: Far North Maps)

The site is largely free of vegetation most of which is kept as lawn. No vegetation removal is required to for the proposal.

The site currently accommodates a dwelling that will be replaced along with an additional smaller residential unit.

The existing dwelling is serviced by Council reticulated wastewater and has stormwater infrastructure in proximity. Potable water is by way of rainwater tanks.



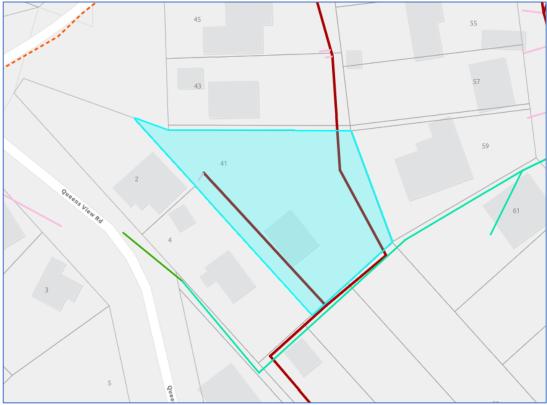


Figure 6: Servicing (Source: FNDC Water Services Map)

The site is not subject to any known hazards. The site is not considered HAIL as it has historically been classified as a 'built up area (settlement)'.

3.0 RECORD OF TITLE, CONSENT NOTICES AND LAND COVENANTS

The Record of Title is attached at **Appendix A**. There are no consent notices that apply to the site. There is a private covenant that applies to the site; however, this is not a matter considered by Council. Notwithstanding this, the Development Plans shown in **Appendix B** highlight compliance with the requirements of the private covenant.

4.0 DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPOSAL

The applicant seeks resource consent for the replacement of the existing dwelling, a second smaller dwelling, associated earthworks, retaining walls, replacement driveway and parking area.

A matter considered to be appropriate to wrap up into the resource consent is the relocation of the public sanitary sewer line to provide for the proposed development.

The proposal will be in accordance with the development plans provided in **Appendix B**.



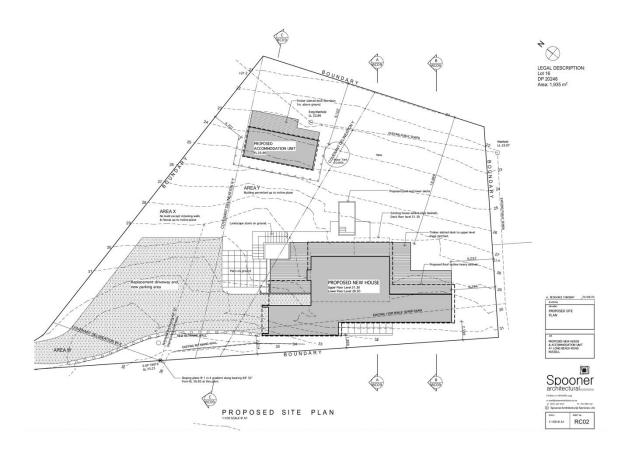


Figure 7: Proposed site plan (Prepared by Spooner Architectural Services)

The site currently contains a dwelling which will be removed to make way for a new dwelling and a second smaller residential unit.

Earthworks are required to accommodate the development totalling 515m³. The quantum is largely due to the slope of the site and will require retaining in places for the replacement driveway and parking area, proposed new house and accommodation unit. The cut depths on the site range between 1m and 3.2m.

Access to the site will remain unchanged save for the replacement driveway.

The existing dwelling is connected to Councils reticulated waster services and it is expected that the proposed accommodation unit will also have these services made available.

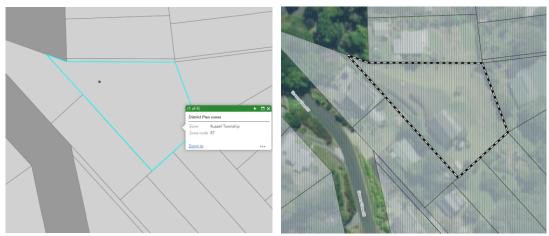
The site currently has access to power and telecommunications.

Based on the assessment of environmental effects provided below, it is concluded than any potential adverse effects arising from the development would be less than minor and can be mitigated through appropriate conditions of resource consent.



5.0 REASONS FOR CONSENT

The Far North District Council (**FNDC**) zones the site Russell Township Zone in the ODP and Kororāreka Russell Township in the PDP. There are no identified Resource features in the ODP. The PDP identifies the site as being within the Coastal Environment.



Figures 8 and 9: ODP and PDP zones (Source FNDC Maps)

Table 1 below provides an assessment against the applicable ODP performance standards (rules) and identifies the reasons for resource consent.

Table 1 - Land Use performance Standards

Russell Township Zone	ce standards
Rule 10.9.5.1.1	A relocated building is not proposed for this development.
Relocated Buildings	
	Compiles
Rule 10.9.5.1.2	The proposal for a second dwelling on the 1,935m² site exceeds
Residential Intensity	the permitted threshold of 1 single household per 1,000m² on a
	sewered site. 1 single household per 800m² is a restricted
	discretionary activity.
	Restricted Discretionary Activity
Rule 10.9.5.1.2 Scale of	The dwellings are principally for the use of people who normally
Activities	reside on the site.
	Complies
10.9.5.1.4 Building	The dwellings do not exceed the 7.2m height limited as measured
Height	from the interpolated original ground line.
	Complies
Rule 10.9.5.1.5 Building	The permitted threshold for the site is 20% of the net site area
Scale	(387m²). The total net floor area of the buildings on the site is
	209.2m ² .



	Complies
10.9.5.1.6 Sunlight	All development is within the recession planes.
	Complies
10.9.5.1.7 Stormwater	The permitted threshold for the site is 35% of the net site area
Management	(677.25m²). The total impermeable coverage for the site is
	672.1m ² .
	Complies
10.9.5.1.8 Setback from	All development exceeds the permitted setback requirements.
Boundaries	
	Complies
10.9.5.1.9 Outdoor	Only residential activity is proposed.
Activities	
	Complies
10.9.5.1.10	Refer to Table 3 below.
Transportation	
10.9.5.1.11 Hours of	Complies
Operation – Non-	Only residential activity is proposed.
Residential Activities	Complies
10.9.5.1.12 Keeping of	Not proposed.
Animals	Not proposed.
	Complies
10.9.5.1.13 Noise	It is envisaged that the sites will be used in a residential capacity.
	Complies
10.9.5.1.14 Helicopter	No helicopter landing area is proposed.
Landing Area	
	Complies

Table 2 - Natural and Physical Resources - Performance Standards

Chapter 12 – Natural and Physical Resources			
12.1 Landscapes and	Not applicable		
Natural Features			
12.2 Indigenous Flora	No vegetation clearance is required.		
and Fauna			
12.3 Soils and Minerals	Earthworks and retaining walls are required for the development		
	of the residential units and the driveway on the site. The		
	permitted threshold for excavation and/or filling in the Russell		
	Township zone is 200m³, not involving a cut or filled face of 1.5m.		



	Earthworks for development total 515m³. The cut depths on the site range between 1m and 3.2m.
	Discretionary Activity
12.4 Natural Hazards	Not applicable
12.5 Heritage	Not applicable
12.6 Air	Not applicable
12.7 Lakes, Rivers	Not applicable
Wetlands and the	
Coastline	
12.8 Hazardous	Not applicable
Substances	
12.9 Renewable Energy	Not applicable
and Energy Efficiency	

Table 3 - Transportation Performance Standards

able 3 - Transportation Performance Standards			
Chapter 15 - Transporta	tion		
15.1.6A.2 Traffi	Residential units generate 10 one-way vehicle movements per		
Intensity	unit in accordance with Appendix 3A – Traffic Intensity Factors.		
	The first dwelling is exempt.		
	20 traffic movements are permitted. Two dwellings generate 10		
	traffic movements.		
	Complies		
15.1.6B.1 Parking	The site has sufficient space to accommodate four vehicles (refer		
	Development plans in Appendix B).		
	Complies		
15.1.6C Access	Internal access is proposed to be upgraded and will be provided		
	in accordance with the Development Plans provided in Appendix		
	B [which is consistent with the requirements of Chapter 15.1.6C].		
	Whilst not show on plans, the vehicle crossing to the site will		
	likely require upgrading to serve the proposaland this can be		
	provided as a condition of consent.		
	Complies		

Overall, this application falls to be considered as a **Discretionary activity**.

In terms of the PDP, the following rules are assessed in Table 4 below.

Table 4 – Relevant Rules in the PDP

Proposed District Plan				
Matter	Rule/Std Ref	Relevance	Compliance	Evidence



Hazardous Substances Majority of rules relates to development within a site that has heritage or cultural items scheduled and mapped however Rule HS-R6 applies to any development within an SNA – which is not mapped	Rule HS-R2 has immediate legal effect but only for a new significant hazardous facility located within a scheduled site and area of significance to Māori, significant natural area or a scheduled heritage resource HS-R5, HS-R6, HS-R9	N/A	Yes	Not proposed.
Heritage Area Overlays (Property specific) This chapter applies only to properties within identified heritage area overlays (e.g. in the operative plan they are called precincts for example)	All rules have immediate legal effect (HA-R1 to HA-R14) All standards have immediate legal effect (HA-S1 to HA-S3)	N/A	Yes	Not indicated on Far North Proposed District Plan
Historic Heritage (Property specific and applies to adjoining sites (if the boundary is within 20m of an identified heritage item)). Rule HH-R5 Earthworks within 20m of a scheduled heritage resource. Heritage resources are shown as a historic item on the maps) This chapter applies to	All rules have immediate legal effect (HH-R1 to HH-R10) Schedule 2 has immediate legal effect	N/A	Yes	Not indicated on Far North Proposed District Plan



		Т		
scheduled				
heritage				
resources -				
which are called				
heritage items in				
the map legend				
Notable Trees	All rules have	N/A	Yes	Not indicated on
(Property	immediate legal			Far North Proposed
specific)	effect (NT-R1 to			District Plan
Applied when a	NT-R9)			
property is	All standards have			
showing a	legal effect (NT-S1			
scheduled	to NT-S2)			
notable tree in	Schedule 1 has			
the map	immediate legal			
	effect			
Sites and Areas	All rules have	N/A	Yes	Not indicated on
of Significance to	immediate legal			Far North Proposed
Māori	effect (SASM-R1 to			District Plan
(Property	SASM-R7)			
specific)	Schedule 3 has			
Applied when a	immediate legal			
property is	effect			
showing a site /				
area of				
significance to				
Maori in the map				
or within the Te				
Oneroa-a Tohe				
Beach				
Management				
Area (in the				
operative plan				
they are called				
site of cultural				
significance to				
Maori)				
Ecosystems and	All rules have	N/A	Yes	Not indicated on
Indigenous	immediate legal		. 55	Far North Proposed
Biodiversity	effect (IB-R1 to IB-			District Plan. No
SNA are not	R5)			vegetation
mapped – will	,			clearance
need to				proposed.
determine if				1-:
indigenous				
vegetation on the				
site for example				
Activities on the	All rules have	N/A	Yes	Not indicated on
Surface of Water	immediate legal	13/7	163	Far North Proposed
Juliace of Water	effect (ASW-R1 to			District Plan
	ASW-R4)			יייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי
	7011-114)			



Earthworks all earthworks (refer to new definition) need to comply with this	The following rules have immediate legal effect: EW-R12, EW-R13 The following standards have immediate legal effect: EW-S3, EW-S5	Yes	Yes	Earthworks associated with the development will be in accordance with the relevant standards including GD-05 and will have an ADP applied.
Signs (Property specific) as rules only relate to situations where a sign is on a scheduled heritage resource (heritage item), or within the Kororareka Russell or Kerikeri Heritage Areas	The following rules have immediate legal effect: SIGN-R9, SIGN-R10 All standards have immediate legal effect but only for signs on or attached to a scheduled heritage resource or heritage area	N/A	Yes	Not indicated on Far North Proposed District Plan
Orongo Bay Zone (Property specific as rule relates to a zone only)	Rule OBZ-R14 has partial immediate legal effect because RD-1(5) relates to water	N/A	Yes	Not indicated on Far North Proposed District Plan

No consents are required under the PDP.

Having considered the proposal against the Proposed Regional Plan, no regional council consents are required.

Overall, consent is required as a **Discretionary Activity**.

6.0 STATUTORY CONSIDERATIONS

Section 104B governs the determination of applications for Discretionary Activities.

104B Determination of applications for discretionary or non-complying activities

After considering an application for a resource consent for a discretionary activity or non-complying activity, a consent authority—

- (a) may grant or refuse the application; and
- (b) if it grants the application, may impose conditions under section 108.

With respect to Discretionary activities, a consent authority may grant or refuse the application, and may impose conditions under section 108 of the RMA.



Section 104 of the RMA sets out matters to be considered when assessing an application for a resource consent,

104 Consideration of applications

- When considering an application for a resource consent and any submissions received, the consent authority must, subject to Part 2 and section 77M, have regard to—
 - (a) any actual and potential effects on the environment of allowing the activity; and
 - (ab) any measure proposed or agreed to by the applicant for the purpose of ensuring positive effects on the environment to offset or compensate for any adverse effects on the environment that will or may result from allowing the activity; and
 - (b) any relevant provisions of—
 - a national environmental standard:
 - (ii) other regulations:
 - (iii) a national policy statement:
 - (iv) a New Zealand coastal policy statement:
 - (v) a regional policy statement or proposed regional policy statement:
 - (vi) a plan or proposed plan; and
 - (c) any other matter the consent authority considers relevant and reasonably necessary to determine the application.

No Regional Plan matter is pertinent to the considerations as no consents are required in this respect.

Those relevant s104 considerations are addressed and followed by an assessment of Part II matters as they apply to the application.

Section 104 (1)(a) Assessment of Effects on the Environment

This assessment focuses on the actual and potential environmental effects of the proposal. The key matters requiring consent are the breaches of Residential Intensity and Earthworks under the ODP.

The proposal complies with all other standards, including building height, building scale, setbacks, and stormwater coverage, thereby avoiding adverse effects related to visual dominance, overshadowing, and stormwater runoff.

The proposal is supported by expert reports in the field of stormwater and geotechnical matters and a summary of these reports are also provided below.

Residential Intensity

The proposal involves two dwellings on the 1,935m² site, which equates to a density of one dwelling per 967.5m². This exceeds the permitted activity density of one dwelling per 1,000m² for a sewered site under Rule 10.9.5.1.2.

In assessing the environmental effects of this breach, consideration is given to the permitted baseline. A single dwelling on this site is a permitted activity, as is two dwellings on a site that is 2,000m².



Therefore, this assessment focuses on the additional effects generated by the proposed second dwelling with a shortfall of 65m² of a site where it would ordinarily be permitted. When assessed against the relevant matters of discretion, these additional effects are considered to be less than minor.

(a) Character and Appearance

The proposed new house and accommodation unit are of a high-quality architectural design. The surrounding area is residential in nature, containing a variety of housing styles and sizes. The scale of the second accommodation unit (42m²) is modest and subservient to the main dwelling. The character and appearance of the development are considered consistent with the existing residential character of the area.

(b) Siting, Visual Domination, and Amenity

The siting of the proposed accommodation unit is separate and downslope from the main house, utilising the site's topography to achieve a degree of visual separation. The proposal complies with all building height, setback, and recession plane rules [including those promoted on the private covenant]. This compliance ensures the development will not result in adverse effects on adjacent properties related to visual domination, loss of privacy, or overshadowing.

(c) Open Space and Landscaping

The development retains a significant amount of open space on the 1,935m² site. The proposed building scale covers only 209.2m² (10.8%) of the site, well under the 20% (387m²) permitted maximum. No vegetation removal is required to accommodate the dwellings. This leaves extensive areas available for outdoor amenity space, mitigating any effects of the increased building coverage.

(d & e) Traffic, Access, and Parking

There are no traffic or parking effects as the proposal is permitted in this respect. The internal access to the site is proposed to be upgraded as is the vehicle crossing to the site in accordance with engineering standards.

(f) Location on the Roading Network

The site is located on Long Beach Road, an established local road serving a residential catchment. The traffic generated by one additional residential unit is permitted and considered appropriate for this type of road.

(g) Noise Generation

The use of the site will remain residential. Any noise generated by the second dwelling will be of a typical domestic nature, and the development is expected to comply with the permitted noise standards of the zone.

(h & i) Servicing and Stormwater



The site is already connected to Council's reticulated wastewater and stormwater infrastructure, with potable water supplied by rainwater tanks. The proposal has been designed to connect to and utilise these services. The total proposed impermeable coverage for the entire site is 672.1m², which is within the permitted maximum of 677.25m². As the stormwater runoff from the site will be within permitted levels, the effects are considered less than minor. The stormwater management approach to development is considered in **Appendix C** and summarised below.

(j & k) Outdoor Activities and Open Space

The site is large enough to provide adequate and functional outdoor living space for both dwellings, as shown by the decks and patios on the development plans. As no vegetation is being removed and the overall building footprint is modest, no specific mitigation for loss of open space is considered to be required.

(l & m) Effects on Soils and Site Suitability

The site is currently used for residential purposes and is considered suitable for the proposed development. A full geotechnical assessment is provided in **Appendix D**, and a fuller summary is provided below. The Geotech Report concludes for the purpose of this criteria that the development can be appropriately undertaken, subject to recommendations which can be conditioned.

(n) Visual Effects on the Coastal Environment

The site is located within the Coastal Environment overlay in the PDP and is part of the established Russell township. The site is not identified to contain any areas of high or outstanding natural character. The development is an example of 'infill' housing within a built environment. The compliance with height rules ensures that the buildings will not break the skyline or be visually prominent from the coast, thereby preserving the visual qualities of the wider coastal environment.

(o) Effects on Indigenous Vegetation and Fauna

No clearance of vegetation is required to create the building platforms or access. Therefore, the proposal will have no adverse effects on indigenous vegetation or the habitats of indigenous fauna.

Earthworks

The proposal requires a total of 515m³ of earthworks and involves a maximum cut depth of 3.2 metres. This exceeds the permitted volume threshold of 200m³ and the permitted cut face height of 1.5m. The earthworks are necessary to establish safe and stable building platforms and vehicle access, given the site's sloping topography.

The potential effects of the earthworks are assessed below against the relevant matters of discretion and are considered to be less than minor, subject to the implementation of standard engineering and environmental controls.



(a) Erosion and Natural Hazards

The primary risk the earthworks in this location is soil erosion and the subsequent discharge of sediment into the downstream coastal environment. This risk is proposed to be managed through a condition requiring an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan prior to construction.

Geotechnical constraints have been considered and subject to carrying out the recommendations of the expert reports, effects will be less than minor.

(b) Life-Supporting Capacity of the Soil

The zone is an 'urban' environment that anticipates a higher density of development than otherwise anticipated in environments that use the soil for productive purposes. The permanent loss of soil capacity under building footprints and paved areas is an anticipated and unavoidable effect of any permitted residential development.

(c) & (d) Stormwater Flow and Water Quality

During construction, the Erosion and Sediment Control Plan will manage stormwater on-site, diverting clean water away from exposed areas and directing any sediment-laden runoff to appropriate treatment devices. This prevents mobilisation of sediment and protects water quality. Post-construction, the site will be stabilised, and the final stormwater system will connect to the Council's reticulated network, with runoff volumes being within the permitted threshold for the site.

(e) Visual Amenity and Natural Character

The earthworks are contained entirely within a large residential site located in an established urban environment. The final landform will be stabilised by engineered retaining walls and integrated into the site. The visual effects will be temporary during the construction phase and, once completed, will not adversely affect the visual amenity or the modified natural character of the surrounding area.

(j) Cumulative Adverse Effects

The proposed earthworks are a self-contained project. By implementing a robust Erosion and Sediment Control Plan, the development will not discharge sediment off-site. Therefore, it will not contribute to any cumulative degradation of water quality in the local catchment or the wider coastal environment.

(k) & (l) Effectiveness of Mitigation and Monitoring

The proposed mitigation through a professionally designed Erosion and Sediment Control Plan and engineered retaining walls are a highly effective methods for managing the effects of earthworks. These controls are easily monitored during construction, with the application of a condition of consent.

Stormwater Effects & Summary of Expert Report



The subject site slopes steeply eastward towards Oneroa Bay. Currently, stormwater from the existing dwelling drains via a rainwater tank overflow into a council stormwater main located on the property's southern boundary. This main discharges to Oneroa Bay.

The key potential effect of the development is an increase in the volume and peak flow of stormwater runoff. Calculations using the Rational Method for a 10% Annual Exceedance Probability (AEP) storm event (including adjustments for climate change) show the redevelopment will increase the peak runoff by 5.41 litres per second.

However, the proposed total impermeable coverage of 34.7% is below the 35% threshold for a Permitted Activity within the 'Russell Township' zone under the Far North District Plan. Compliance with this rule indicates the effects are anticipated and considered acceptable by the Plan.

To manage the increased runoff, the following mitigation is proposed:

 All concentrated stormwater flows from new roofs, the concrete driveway, and paved areas will be collected and piped directly into the existing council stormwater network via the connection in the southeast corner of the site.

Correspondence with the Far North District Council (FNDC) has confirmed that this approach is acceptable. Stormwater attenuation (detention) is not required because the development is within the permitted activity threshold for impermeable surfaces and flood modelling confirms there is adequate capacity in the downstream network and no existing flooding issues.

As the proposal complies with the District Plan's permitted activity standards for impermeable surfaces and all additional runoff will be directed to a public reticulation network with confirmed capacity, the potential adverse effects on the environment from stormwater will be less than minor.

Geotechnical Effects & Summary of Expert Report

A geotechnical investigation was undertaken to assess the site's suitability for the proposed development, which involves earthworks and new building foundations. The investigation confirmed the site is underlain by stiff to very stiff residual soils of the Waipapa Group, with some non-certified fill present around the existing building platform.

The report concludes that the site is currently stable and suitable for the proposed construction. While there are no signs of deep-seated instability, some minor slumping has occurred along an existing over-steep driveway cut, which is scheduled to be retained as part of the works. Laboratory testing found the underlying soils to be Class 'H' (highly expansive), meaning they are prone to seasonal shrink-swell movements.

The proposed development involves earthworks, including cuts up to 3.2 metres and the placement of new engineered fill, which could potentially affect site stability if not properly managed. Construction on highly expansive soils also requires specific foundation design to avoid structural damage.



The Geotechnical Report provides a comprehensive suite of mitigation measures to ensure the development does not adversely affect the stability of the site or neighbouring properties. These measures include:

- <u>Earthworks Management:</u> All unsuitable material, including existing non-certified fill and topsoil, will be removed from new building platforms and replaced with engineered hardfill compacted to specific engineering standards (a minimum Clegg Impact Value of 25).
- Engineered Retaining Walls: All proposed cut and fill faces will be stabilised with specifically designed timber pole or masonry block retaining walls. These walls will be designed by a chartered engineer to account for site-specific soil parameters, sloping ground, and surcharge loads from vehicles.
- <u>Specific Foundation Design:</u> All building foundations will be specifically engineered to mitigate the effects of the Class 'H' expansive soils and sloping ground, in accordance with the New Zealand Building Code. This includes a combination of slab-on-grade foundations and piled foundations embedded to specified depths.
- <u>Protection of Services:</u> A public sewer pipe will be re-routed around the new dwelling. Where the new accommodation unit deck is near the pipe, it will be supported by deeper "bridging piles" founded below the pipe's zone of influence to prevent any loading on the public service.
- <u>Construction Supervision:</u> All critical stages of the work, including earthworks, fill placement, and foundation excavations, will be observed by a geotechnical engineer to ensure they are consistent with the report's recommendations. A PS4 Producer Statement (Construction Review) will be provided upon completion.

The geotechnical report confirms that the site is suitable for the development. By implementing the specific and robust engineering recommendations for earthworks, retaining, and foundation design, the proposed redevelopment is considered "unlikely to adversely affect the existing stability of the site". Therefore, any potential adverse effects relating to land stability will be less than minor.

Section 104 (1)(ab) Any measures to achieve positive effects

Positive effects arising from the proposal include enabling the efficient use of land in the Russell Township zone. The density proposed through this application is generally anticipated and provided for within the Russell Township zone. There are also wider economic and employment and social effects that are positive to the construction sector and the applicants.

Section 104 (b)(i) and (ii) National Environmental Standards & Other Regulations

A review of Council records has revealed no evidence to suggest that a HAIL activity has previously been undertaken on site and is described in the Landcover database as 'Built-up Area (settlement)'.

The NES for Freshwater (NESFW). A review of aerial images, including NRC's wetland maps, reveal no evidence to suggest that there are any wet areas that may be subject



to the NESFW provisions. Therefore, no further assessment is required under the NESFW.

Section 104 (b)(iii) National Policy Statement(s)

There are not considered to be any relevant National Policy Statements applicable to this site or application.

Section 104 (b)(iv) New Zealand Coastal Policy Statement (NZCPS)

The site is identified within the coastal environment within the Regional Policy Statement for Northland (NPS) and the PDP, therefore the NZCPS is relevant. The proposal is consistent with the NZCPS as it represents an appropriate form of development within an established urban area, consolidating development and avoiding sporadic coastal sprawl.

Section 104 (b)(v) Regional Policy Statement or Proposed Regional Policy Statement

The Northland Regional Policy Statement is the applicable regional statutory document that applies to the Northland region. Jurisdiction for land use is governed by the FNDC and the policy framework for establishing an appropriate land use pattern across the district is set out in the ODP. This Plan is subject to the governing regional policy framework set out in the Northland Regional Policy Statement.

Table 5 - NRC Regional Policy Statement Review Assessment

Regional Policy Statemen	t for Northland		
Objective / Policy	Assessment		
Integrated Catchment	Not relevant.		
Management			
Region Wide Water	Not relevant.		
Quality			
Ecological Flows and	Not relevant.		
Water Quality			
Enabling Economic	The proposal will increase economic wellbeing for the		
Wellbeing	applicants, local building and construction suppliers.		
Economic Activities -	The proposal will provide residential activities commensurate		
Reverse Sensitivity and	with the surrounding land use pattern. There are no reverse		
Sterilisation.	sensitivity or sterilisation effects from the proposal as it is being		
	development in accordance the zones intent.		
Regionally Significant	Not relevant.		
Infrastructure			
Efficient and Effective	Council reticulated wastewater and stormwater is available on		
Infrastructure	the site. The proposal has been designed so it can utilise these		
	services.		
Security of Energy	Electricity is already supplied to the site.		
Supply			
Use and Allocation of	Not relevant.		
Common Resources			



Regional Form	The proposal does not result in any reverse sensitivity or change
	in character. The proposal will provide for residential activity at
	an intensity provided for by the zone.
Tangata Whenua Role in	Not considered necessary.
Decision Making	
Natural Hazard Risk	Natural hazards have been appropriately considered.
Natural Character,	While the site is located within the Coastal Environment, the
Outstanding Natural	scale of the proposal is anticipated and provided for in the ODP.
Features, Outstanding	It is therefore considered appropriate.
Natural Landscapes and	
Historic Heritage	

Section 104 (b)(vi) Plans or Proposed Plans

This application is subject to the provisions of the ODP and is subject to consideration (limited weight) of the PDP objectives and policies.

The application has been assessed against the relevant objectives and policies of both the ODP and the PDP below.

Table 6 - Coastal Environment - Objectives and Policies

Objective	/Policy	Assessment
Objective	s	
10.3.1	To manage coastal areas in a manner that avoids adverse effects from subdivision, use and development. Where it is not practicable to avoid adverse effects from subdivision use or development, but it is appropriate for the development to proceed, adverse effects of subdivision use or development should be remedied or mitigated.	The proposal avoids adverse effects by complying with key standards for height, setbacks, and building scale. The potential effects from the residential intensity and earthworks breaches are mitigated through high-quality design and engineering solutions.
10.3.2	To preserve, and where appropriate in relation to other objectives, to restore, rehabilitate protect or enhance: • the natural character of the coastline and coastal environment; • areas of significant indigenous vegetation and significant habitats of indigenous fauna; • outstanding landscapes and natural features;	The proposal is located within a modified and established residential environment, not a pristine area of natural character. No clearance of indigenous vegetation is required.



10.3.3	the open space and amenity values of the coastal environment; water quality and soil conservation (insofar as it is within the jurisdiction of the Council). To engage effectively with Māori to ensure that their relationship with their culture and traditions and taonga is identified, recognised and provided for.	This is not considered necessary in this instance, the effects of residential development at the proposed density in this zone is well understood and is more commensurate with the permitted threshold than the restricted discretionary threshold
10.3.4	To maintain and enhance public access to and along the coast whilst ensuring that such access does not adversely affect the natural and physical resources of the coastal environment, including Māori cultural values and public health and safety.	discretionary threshold. The proposal will have no effect on public access to or along the coast. The proposed development site does not adjoin the CMA.
10.3.5	To secure future public access to and along the coast, lakes and rivers (including access for Māori) through the development process and specifically in accordance with the Esplanade Priority areas maps in the District Plan.	Refer to comments on 10.3.4 above.
10.3.6	To minimise adverse effects from activities in the coastal environment that cross the Coastal Marine Area boundary.	Not applicable.
10.3.7	To avoid, remedy or mitigate adverse effects on the environment through the provision of adequate land-based services for mooring areas, boat ramps and other marine facilities.	Not applicable.
10.3.8	To ensure provision of sufficient water storage to meet the needs of coastal communities all year round.	On site water is provided.
10.3.9	To facilitate the sustainable management of natural and physical resources in an integrated way to achieve superior outcomes to more traditional forms of subdivision, use	Not applicable.



	and development through management plans and integrated development.	
Policies		
10.4.1	That the Council only allows appropriate subdivision, use and development in the coastal environment. Appropriate subdivision use and development is that where the activity generally: (a) recognises and provides for those features and elements that contribute to the natural character of an area that may require preservation, restoration or enhancement; and (b) is in a location and of a scale and design that minimises adverse effects on the natural character of the coastal environment; and (c) has adequate services provided in a manner that minimises adverse effects on the coastal environment and does not adversely affect the safety and efficiency of the roading network; and	Refer to comments on 10.3.1 above.
10.4.2	Continued That sprawling or sporadic subdivision and development in the coastal environment be avoided through the consolidation of subdivision and development as far as practicable, within or adjoining built up areas, to the extent that this is consistent with the other objectives and policies of the Plan.	The proposal involves the intensification of a residential site within the defined Russell Township, representing consolidation within a built-up area. This is therefore the opposite of sporadic or sprawling development.
10.4.3	That the ecological values of significant coastal indigenous vegetation and significant habitats are maintained in any subdivision, use or development in the coastal environment.	Refer to comments on 10.4.2 above.
10.4.4	That public access to and along the coast be provided, where it is compatible with the preservation of the natural character, and amenity, cultural, heritage and spiritual values	Not applicable.



	of the coastal environment, and avoids	
	adverse effects in erosion prone areas;	
10.4.5	That access by tangata whenua to	There are no identified historic heritage
	ancestral lands, sites of significance to	sites on this property. The proposal will
	Maori, maahinga mataitai, taiapure	not affect the ability of Māori to access or
	and kaimoana areas in the coastal	use the coastal waters in the vicinity.
	marine area be provided for in the	add the dediction make helmity.
	development and ongoing	
	management of subdivision and land	
	use proposals and in the development	
	and administration of the rules of the	
	Plan and by non-regulatory methods.	
	Refer Chapter 2, and in particular	
	Section 2.5, and Council's Tangata	
	Whenua Values and Perspectives	
	(2004).	
10.4.6	Those activities and innovative	This policy is directed at larger scale
	development including subdivision,	development.
	which provide superior outcomes and	
	which permanently protect,	The proposal is located within an urban
	rehabilitate and/or enhance the	environment at a density provided for
	natural character of the coastal	within the zone.
	environment, particularly through the	
	establishment and ongoing	
	management of indigenous vegetation	
	and habitats, will be encouraged by the	
	Council.	
10.4.7	To ensure the adverse effects of land-	Not applicable.
	based activities associated with	
	maritime facilities including mooring	
	areas and boat ramps are avoided,	
	remedied or mitigated through the	
	provision of adequate services,	
	including where appropriate:	
	(a) parking	
	(b) rubbish disposal	
	(c) waste disposal	
	(d) dinghy racks	
10.4.8	That development avoids, remedies or	Refer to 10.4.5 above.
	mitigates adverse effects on the	
	relationship of Māori and their culture	
	and traditions with their ancestral	
	lands, water, sites, waahi tapu and	
	other taonga.	
10.4.9	That development avoids, where	There are no natural hazards identified
	practicable, areas where natural	on the property.



	hazards could adversely affect that	
	development and/or could pose a risk	
	to the health and safety of people.	
10.4.10	To take into account the need for a	Sufficient water storage for both
	year-round water supply, whether this	domestic consumption and fire-fighting
	involves reticulation or on-site storage,	will be provided on site.
	when considering applications for	
	subdivision, use and development.	
10.4.11	To promote land use practices that	A Erosion and Sediment Control Plan will
	minimise erosion and sediment run-	be developed and implemented during
	off, and storm water and waste water	the earthworks phase to ensure
	from catchments that have the	sediment does not enter the coastal
	potential to enter the Coastal Marine	environment.
	Area.	
10.4.12	That the adverse effects of	These matters are addressed within the
	development on the natural character	application.
	and amenity values of the coastal	
	environment will be minimised	
	through:	
	(a) the siting of buildings relative to the	
	skyline, ridges, headlands and natural	
	features;	
	(b) the number of buildings and	
	intensity of development;	
	(c) the colour and reflectivity of	
	buildings;	
	(d) the landscaping (including planting)	
	of the site;	
	(e) the location and design of vehicle	
	access, manoeuvring and parking	
	areas.	

Table 7 - Objectives and Policies for the Russell Township Zone

Objective/Policy		Assessment		
Objectives				
10.9.3.1	To achieve the continued growth and development of Russell in a way which maintains its special historic and amenity values and minimises adverse effects on the natural environment.	The density is anticipated and provided for within the Russell Township zone and is consistent with the established residential character and amenity of the area.		
Policies				
10.9.4.1	That opportunities be provided for activities to establish within the zone at a level of effect consistent with the existing development.	Refer to 10.9.3.1 above.		



10.9.4.2	That residential activities have sufficient land associated with each household unit to provide for outdoor space, and where a reticulated sewerage system is not provided, sufficient land for onsite effluent disposal.	The proposal is on a large 1,935m² site, which provides sufficient outdoor space for both dwellings. The development will be connected to the reticulated wastewater system.
10.9.4.3	That the portion of a site or of a development that is covered in buildings and other impermeable surfaces be limited to allow for open space and landscaping around buildings and to reduce total impermeable area and its adverse hydrological, ecological and amenity effects.	The proposal complies with a total proposed impermeable surface area of 672.1m², which is below the permitted maximum of 677.25m². Notwithstanding this, stormwater management has been considered and agreed with Council's Infrastructure Department.
10.9.4.4	That sites, and the buildings and activities which may locate on those sites, have adequate access to sunlight and daylight.	The proposal complies.
10.9.4.5	That activities with net effects that exceed those of a typical single residential unit, be required to avoid, remedy or mitigate those effects with respect to the ecological and the amenity values and general peaceful enjoyment of adjacent residential activities.	The effects of the second dwelling are mitigated through compliance with height, setback, and noise rules, and by connection to reticulated services.
10.9.4.6	That a reasonable level of privacy and peaceful enjoyment be provided for residents.	This is accommodated by the proposal.
10.9.4.7	That the significance of Russell is recognised and its intrinsic historic value is preserved by protecting its special character.	The property does not have any identified historic sites on it.
10.9.4.8	That the special character of Russell be protected by: (a) providing additional controls in areas of Russell where groups of buildings, places or objects have significant historical associations or characteristics and protecting those buildings which are most important as examples of period styles;	These matters are addressed within the application.



(b) retaining the visual dominance of	
natural landforms in the Russell	
Township Basin and	
Gateway area (as defined on Maps 89	
and HP4);	
(c) ensuring development in the	
Gateway Area of Matauwhi Bay (as	
defined on Maps 89 and	
HP4) reflects its role as an entrance to	
Russell and that activities are of a scale	
and size that	
is consistent with that of Russell itself	
and appropriate to the character of the	
Bay;	
(d) maintaining as far as practicable	
the informal blending of land uses that	
have evolved to contribute to the	
village atmosphere of Russell;	
(e) protecting and fostering the small	
size and pedestrian scale of Russell;	
and	
(f) ensuring public works and the	
provision of utility services are carried	
out in a manner consistent with the	
special character of Russell.	

An assessment has been undertaken looking at the Coastal Environment and the Kororāreka Russell Township zone in the PDP.

Table 8 - Objectives and Policies from PDP Coastal Environment

Objectives	Assessment
CE-O1 - The natural character of the coastal	The proposal is consistent with these
environment is identified and managed to	objectives as it constitutes infill development
ensure its long-term preservation and	within an existing urban zone and does not
protection for current and future generations.	result in urban sprawl. The development's
	character is consistent with the surrounding
	land use.
CE-O2 - Land use and subdivision in the	The proposal is anticipated to meet this
coastal environment:	objective for the reasons mentioned above
a. preserves the characteristics and	(objective CE-O1).
qualities of the natural character of	
the coastal environment;	
b. is consistent with the surrounding	
land use;	
c. does not result in urban sprawl	
occurring outside of urban zones;	



d. promotes restoration and	
enhancement of the natural	
character of the coastal	
environment; and	
e. recognises tangata whenua needs for	
ancestral use of whenua Māori.	
CE-O3 - Land use and subdivision in the	The scale of the proposed new dwelling and
coastal environment within urban zones is of	accommodation unit is consistent with the
a scale that is consistent with existing built	permitted activity levels anticipated in the
development.	Zone.
Policies	
CE-P1 - Identify the extent of the coastal	This policy is met by the Council's PDP
environment as well as areas of high and	mapping tools.
outstanding natural character using the	
assessment criteria in APP1- Mapping	
methods and criteria.	
CE-P2 - Avoid adverse effects of land use and	The site does not include any of these
subdivision on the characteristics and	features on it.
qualities of the coastal environment	
identified as:	
a. outstanding natural character;	
b. ONL;	
c. ONF.	
CE-P3 - Avoid significant adverse effects and	The proposal is not anticipated to create
avoid, remedy or mitigate other adverse	significant adverse effects on the
effects of land use and subdivision on the	characteristics and qualities of the coastal
characteristics and qualities of the coastal	environment.
environment not identified as:	
a. outstanding natural character;	
b. ONL;	
c. ONF.	
CE-P4 - Preserve the visual qualities,	The proposal is within a zoned residential
character and integrity of the coastal	area.
environment by:	
a. consolidating land use and	
subdivision around existing urban	
centres and rural settlements; and	
b. avoiding sprawl or sporadic patterns	
of development.	
CE-P5 - Enable land use and subdivision in	The proposal can be serviced by existing
urban zones within the coastal environment	reticulated wastewater and stormwater
where:	infrastructure. The use is consistent with the
a. there is adequacy and capacity of	established character of the area
available or programmed	
development infrastructure; and	
•	



b. the use is consistent with, and does	
not compromise the characteristics	
and qualities.	
CE-P6 – Enable farming activities within the	Not applicable.
coastal environment where:	
a. the use forms part of the values that	
established natural character of the	
coastal environment; or	
b. the use is consistent with, and does	
not compromise the characteristics	
and qualities.	
CE-P7 - Provide for the use of Māori Purpose	Not applicable
	Not applicable.
zoned land and Treaty Settlement land in the	
coastal environment where:	
a. the use is consistent with the	
ancestral use of that land; and	
b. the use does not compromise any	
identified characteristics and	
qualities.	
CE-P8 - Encourage the restoration and	The density proposed though the proposal is
enhancement of the natural character of the	provided for and is more commensurate with
coastal environment.	the permitted activity threshold than the
	restricted discretionary threshold. Therefore,
	it is considered to be consistent of the natural
	character anticipated in this location.
CE-P9 - Prohibit land use and subdivision that	The property is not considered an
would result in any loss and/or destruction of	outstanding natural character area.
the characteristics and qualities in	
outstanding natural character areas.	
CE-P10 - Manage land use and subdivision to	The specified matters are considered to be
preserve and protect the natural character of	adequately addressed within the application.
the coastal environment, and to address the	
effects of the activity requiring resource	
consent, including (but not limited to)	
consideration of the following matters where	
relevant to the application:	
a. the presence or absence of buildings,	
a. the presence of absence of buildings,	
structures or infrastructure:	
structures or infrastructure;	
b. the temporary or permanent nature of	
b. the temporary or permanent nature of any adverse effects;	
b. the temporary or permanent nature of any adverse effects;c. the location, scale and design of any	
b. the temporary or permanent nature of any adverse effects;c. the location, scale and design of any proposed development;	
b. the temporary or permanent nature of any adverse effects;c. the location, scale and design of any proposed development;d. any means of integrating the building,	
 b. the temporary or permanent nature of any adverse effects; c. the location, scale and design of any proposed development; d. any means of integrating the building, structure or activity; 	
b. the temporary or permanent nature of any adverse effects;c. the location, scale and design of any proposed development;d. any means of integrating the building,	



f.	the	need	for	and	location	of
	ear	thworks	or ve	egetati	on clearand	ce;

- g. the operational or functional need of any regionally significant infrastructure to be sited in the particular location;
- h. any viable alternative locations for the activity or development;
- i. any historical, spiritual or cultural association held by tangata whenua, with regard to the matters set out in Policy TW-P6;
- j. the likelihood of the activity exacerbating natural hazards;
- k. the opportunity to enhance public access and recreation;
- l. the ability to improve the overall quality of coastal waters; and
- m.any positive contribution the development has on the characteristics and qualities.

Table 9 - Objectives and Policies from PDP Kororāreka Russell Township zone

Objectives	Assessment
KRT-O1 - The Kororāreka Russell Township	The proposal is for residential activity, which
zone provides for residential and non-	is the primary and intended activity for the
residential activities that:	zone. The development maintains the
a. are compatible with the historic	character and amenity of the area through a
heritage values of the zone;	high-quality architectural design that is
b. maintain the character and amenity of	consistent with the surrounding residential
the receiving environment; and	environment.
c. recognise and protect any part of a site	
subject to the coastal environment,	
or High Natural Character.	
KRT-O2 - Land use and subdivision in the	The proposal is anticipated to meet this
Kororāreka Russell Township zone	objective for the reasons mentioned above
recognises and protects the natural	(objective KRT-O1).
character, landscape, historic heritage,	
amenity and cultural values of the site and	
surrounding area.	
KRT-O3 - Non-residential activities contribute	Not applicable.
to the function and well-being of the	
community while complementing the	
character, scale and amenity of the	
Kororāreka Russell Township zone.	



KRT-O4 - Land use and subdivision in the Kororāreka Russell Township zone is supported by appropriate infrastructure.	The site can be fully serviced by the existing infrastructure available at the boundary, including reticulated wastewater, stormwater, electricity, and telecommunications.
KRT-O5 - Land use and subdivision in the Kororāreka Russell Township Zone provides communities with functional and high amenity living environments.	The proposal is anticipated to meet this objective for the reasons mentioned above (objective KRT-O1).
Policies	
KRT-P1 - Enable land use and subdivision in the Kororāreka Russell Township zone where: a. landscaping and areas of open space are maintained around buildings on the site; b. it is consistent with scale, character and design anticipated in the surrounding residential environment; c. there is appropriate infrastructure to support residential and nonresidential development; d. heritage resources are protected; and e. values of coastal environment and High Natural Character are recognised and protected.	Refer KRT-O1
KRT-P2 - Require all subdivision in the Kororāreka Russell Township zone to provide the following reticulated services to the boundary of each lot: a. telecommunications; i. fibre where it is available; or ii. copper where fibre is not available; b. local electricity distribution network; and c. wastewater, portable water and stormwater where they are available.	While this is not a subdivision, the principle is applied. The development will connect to all available reticulated, including wastewater and stormwater.
KRT-P3 - Provide for a variety of housing typologies within the Kororāreka Russell Township zone, where land is appropriately serviced by infrastructure and does not compromise historic heritage and amenity values.	The proposal for a primary dwelling and a smaller, secondary accommodation unit contributes to housing variety and choice within the township.
KRT-P4 - Enable non-residential activities that:	Not applicable.



a. are of a residential scale;	
b. support the social and economic well-	
being of the community;	
c. do not detract from the vitality and	
viability of the adjoining Mixed-Use	
zone; and	
d. avoid, remedy or mitigate adverse	
effects on the residential and,	
amenity, and function of the	
Kororāreka Russell Township zone.	
KRT-P5 - Provide for retirement villages where	Not applicable.
they:	
a. contribute to the diverse needs of the	
community;	
b. can be appropriately serviced by	
development infrastructure;	
c. compliment the character and	
amenity values of the surrounding	
area; and	
d. address road safety and efficiency.	
KRT-P6 – Manage land use and subdivision to	The specified matters are considered to be
address the effects of the activity requiring	adequately addressed within the application.
resource consent, including (but not limited	
to) consideration of the following matters	
where relevant to the application:	
a. the public benefit of the proposed	
activity;	
b. the siting and design of buildings,	
structures, outdoor storage areas,	
parking, internal roading and	
vegetation;	
c. any adverse effects on the character	
and amenity of adjacent zones;	
d. the temporary or permanent nature of	
any adverse effects;	
e. the need for and location of	
earthworks and vegetation	
clearance;	
f. the provision of low impact design	
principles; and	
g. the likelihood of the activity creating or	
exacerbating a natural hazard.	
h. the protection of:	
i. historic heritage;	
ii. Indigenous biodiversity;	



- iii. the natural character of the coastal environment and margins of wetlands, lakes and rivers;
- iv. landforms;
- v. sites and areas of significance to Māori and cultural values; and
- vi. identified and potential public access corridors and esplanade reserves;
- i. provision for areas of open space and outdoor living space;
- j. provision of landscaping, screening and planting;
- k. consistency with the design, character, scale and amenity of the surrounding residential environment;
- level of privacy, visual dominance and shading effects on adjoining sites;
- m.protection of pedestrian scale, layout and development within Kororāreka Russell;
- n. sunlight and daylight access;
- o. the adequacy of available or programmed development infrastructure;
- p. level of integration with other activities within the zone;
- q. hours of operation;
- r. provision for car parking;
- s. integration and connectivity within the surrounding road network;
- t. the ability of the site to address waste water, stormwater, soakage, water supply including fire fighting;
- u. community well-being, health and safety;
- v. number of planned or potential people on site;
- w. any site constraints or natural hazard mitigation; and
- x. any historical, spiritual, or cultural association held by tangata whenua,



with regard to the matters set out in Policy TW-P6.

Overall, it is considered that the proposal is consistent with the PDP Kororareka Russell Township zone objective and policy framework.

Section 104 (c) Other Matters

There are no other matters that are considered relevant.

7.0 NOTIFICATION

S95A of the RMA determines circumstances when public or limited notification of an application may be appropriate. Section 95A sets out a series of steps for determining public notification. These include:

- Step 1 Mandatory public notification in certain circumstances. In respect of this application, the applicant is not seeking public notification, nor is it subject to a mandatory notification requirement.
- Step 2 Public notification precluded in certain circumstances. Overall the application is for a discretionary activity. None of the circumstances in this step apply.
- Step 3 Public notification required in certain circumstances. In respect of clause 8(a) the application is not subject to a rule or national environmental standard that requires public notification. In respect of clause 8(b), this assessment of effects on the environment concludes that any adverse effects would be less than minor. For these reasons, it is considered that the application can be processed without public notification.
- Step 4 Public notification in special circumstances. 'Special circumstances' are those that are unusual or exceptional, but they may be less than extraordinary or unique. (Peninsula Watchdog Group Inc v Minister of Energy [1996] 2NZLR 5290). It is considered that there are no unusual or exceptional circumstances that would warrant notification of this application.

Section 95B sets out a series of steps for determining limited notification. These include:

• Step 1 – certain affected groups and affected persons must be notified. These include affected customary rights groups or marine title groups (of which there are none relating to this application). Affected groups and persons may also include owners of adjacent land subject to statutory acknowledgement if that person is affected in accordance with s95E. There are no groups or affected persons that must be notified with this application.



- Step 2 limited notification precluded in certain circumstances. These include any rule or national environmental standard that precludes limited notification, or the activity is solely for a controlled activity or a prescribed activity. These circumstances do not apply to this application.
- Step 3 certain other persons must be notified. An affected person is determined in accordance with s95E. A person is affected if the consent authority decides that the activity's adverse effects on the person are minor or more than minor (but are not less than minor). Adverse effects on a person may be disregarded if a rule or a national environmental standard permits an activity with that effect or is a controlled or RDA with an adverse effect that does not relate to a matter over which a rule or standard reserves control or discretion. Those circumstances do not apply to this application. S95E(3) states that a person is not affected if the person has given, and not withdrawn their written approval for a proposed activity or a consent authority is satisfied that it is unreasonable in the circumstances for an applicant to seek a person's written approval.
- Step 4 Public notification in special circumstances. As above no special circumstances exist.

The assessment of effects above has concluded that the effects on the environment will be less then minor. The proposed density of development is provided for within the ODP and is commensurate with surrounding environment. Development matters associated with earthworks, stormwater, vehicle crossing, and wastewater pipe relocation can all be managed via conditions.

It is therefore reasonable to conclude that the effects of the proposal would incur less than minor effects on the adjacent landowners.

Section 95C relates to the public notification after a request for further information which does not apply to this application. Section 95D provides the basis for determining notification under Section 95A(8)(b) if adverse effects are likely to be more than minor.

This assessment concludes that potential adverse effects arising from the proposal would be less than minor, as such it can proceed on a non-notified basis.

8.0 PART II - RMA

Purpose of the RMA

Section 5 in Part 2 of the Act identifies the purpose as being the sustainable management of natural and physical resources. This means managing the use of natural and physical resources in a way that enables people and communities to provide for their social, cultural and economic well-being which sustain those resources for future generations, protecting the life supporting capacity of ecosystems, and avoiding remedying or mitigating adverse effects on the environment.



It is considered that proposal represents a sustainable use of existing resources that allow people and the community to provide for its social and economic wellbeing in a manner that mitigates adverse effects on the environment.

Matters of National Importance

In achieving the purpose of the Act, a range of matters are required to be recognised and provided for. This includes:

- a) the preservation of the natural character of the coastal environment (including the coastal marine area), wetlands, and lakes and rivers and their margins, and the protection of them from inappropriate subdivision, use, and development:
- b) the protection of outstanding natural features and landscapes from inappropriate subdivision, use, and development:
- c) the protection of areas of significant indigenous vegetation and significant habitats of indigenous fauna:
- d) the maintenance and enhancement of public access to and along the coastal marine area, lakes, and rivers:
- e) the relationship of Maori and their culture and traditions with their ancestral lands, water, sites, waahi tapu, and other taonga:
- f) the protection of historic heritage from inappropriate subdivision, use, and development:
- g) the protection of protected customary rights:
- h) the management of significant risks from natural hazards.

In context, the relevant items to the proposal and have been recognised and provided for in the design of the residential development.

Other Matters

In achieving the purpose of the Act, a range of matters are to be given particular regard. This includes:

- (a) kaitiakitanga:
- (aa) the ethic of stewardship:
- (b) the efficient use and development of natural and physical resources:
- (ba) the efficiency of the end use of energy:
- (c) the maintenance and enhancement of amenity values:



- (d) intrinsic values of ecosystems:
- (e) [Repealed]
- (f) maintenance and enhancement of the quality of the environment:
- (g) any finite characteristics of natural and physical resources:
- (h) the protection of the habitat of trout and salmon:
- (i) the effects of climate change:
- (j) the benefits to be derived from the use and development of renewable energy.

These matters have been given particular regard through the design of the proposal.

9.0 CONCLUSION

Resource consent is sought as a Discretionary Activity for the replacement of an existing dwelling and the establishment of an accommodation unit at 41 Long Beach Road, Russell. The application requires consent for breaches of the residential intensity and earthworks rules of the ODP.

The assessment of environmental effects has concluded that any potential adverse effects will be less than minor. The scale of the development is appropriate for the site and its surrounding residential context, and the effects of the required earthworks will be managed through comprehensive, site-specific engineering solutions.

The proposal is consistent with the relevant objectives and policies of the RPS, ODP and PDP, and it aligns with the purpose of sustainable management under Part 2 of the RMA.

Given the assessment carried out in this report, it is considered that this proposal can be determined non-notified under the RMA.

We would appreciate the review of draft conditions when available.

Kind regards

Steven Sanson Consultant Planner



RECORD OF TITLE UNDER LAND TRANSFER ACT 2017 FREEHOLD



Guaranteed Search Copy issued under Section 60 of the Land Transfer Act 2017

R.W. Muir Registrar-General of Land

Identifier NA461/71

Land Registration District North Auckland

Date Issued 28 July 1927

Prior References

NA429/61

Estate Fee Simple

Area 1935 square metres more or less
Legal Description Lot 16 Deposited Plan 20248

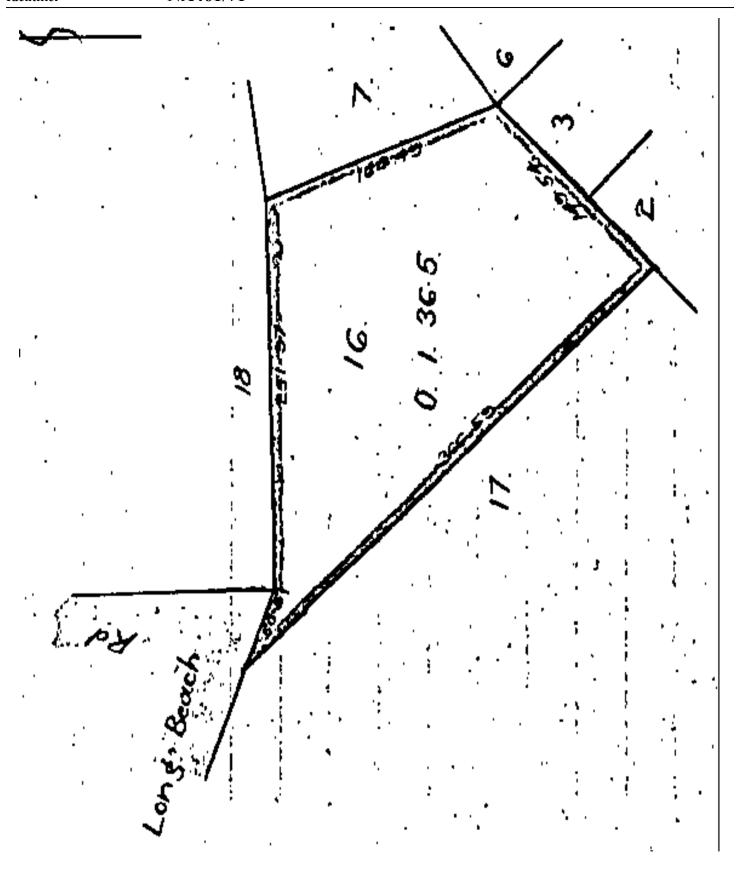
Registered Owners

Anna Jacqueline Mantell and William John Wallace as to a 1/2 share Anna Jacqueline Mantell and Paula Jane Wallace as to a 1/2 share

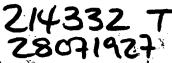
Interests

Fencing Agreement in Transfer 214332 - 28.7.1927

Land Covenant in Covenant Instrument 12990779.1 affecting parts marked W, X and Y all on DP 602237 - 18.4.2024 at 5:29 pm







Mebr Sealand



MEMORANDUM OF TRANSFER

FELIX HECTOR LEVIEN of Russell in the Provincial District of Auckland and Dominion of NewZealand Stipendary Magistrate hereinafter called the Vendor"

being registered as the proprietor



of an estate of freehold in fee simple
subject, however, to such encumbrances, liens, and interests as are notified by
memorandum underwritten or indorsed hereon, in all the piece of land situated in
the Provincial District , of Auckland
containing 1 rood 36.53 perches

be the same a little more or less, situated in the Russell Town District ...

area not checked

being allotment: 16 on plan deposited in the Land Registry Office. at Auckland as No. 20248 and being portion of Section 4 Block 1 of. the Russell Survey District and being part of the land comprised .. and described in Certificate of Title entered in Volume 429, Folio. 61, of the Register Book at the Lands Transfer Registry Office at .. the City of Auckland. IN CONSIDERATION of the sum of FIFTY FIVE. POUNDS paid to me by JOHN PARKER ENGLISH of Russell in the said ... Provincial District of Auckland Hotelproprietor the receipt of ... which sum I hereby acknowledge do hereby transfer to the said John Parker English all my estate and interest in the said piece .. of land PROVIDED always and it is hereby agreed and declared that. the Vendor shall not be liable to erect or maintain or contribute. towards the cost of erecting or maintaining any dividing or boundary fence between the piece of land hereby transferred and any ... adjoining land for the time being vested in or owned by the Vendor but this proviso shall not enure for the benefit of any future purchaser from the Vendor of such adjoining land AND the Purchaser shall at all times while the foregoing provision is in force..... forthwith on request in writing by the Vendor or his Agent duly ... sent to the Purchaser at his usual or last known place of abote ... X or business erect a good and sufficient boundary fence between the said piece of land and any adjoining land for the time owned by ... the Vendor AND it is hereby further declared for the purposes of .. the duty payable under The Stamp Duties Act 1923 that no agreement

in writing as defined by that Act has been entered into between the parties hereto.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF We have hereunto subscribed our names this.. Second. day of seely.

hundred and Swenky seven

One thousand nine....

in the presence of:

Spherideel

Socialor

Rawa

SIGNED by the said JOHN PARKER ENGLISH) John Parker Inglesh in the presence of:-

in the presence of:-E. G. Hewm

Justice of the Peace.
Returns Farmiones

Russelle.

214332 TRANSFER

÷4

of Lot 16 D.P.20248 Pt. Sec. 6 B 1

situated in

Russell S.D.

M	M		MOR TEATER	Vendor
ı A	TO THE REAL PROPERTY.		I GT GH	
		~		Purchaser

Particulars entered in the Register-book, Vol. 429

Folio

61 , the

284

day of

July, 192 7 a

77- 12

Gelock.

ana

District Land Registrar

1461/₇₁

med noras

MILLER & BLUNDELL,

Solicitors,

Kawakawa.

"Luminary" Print, Rawakawa

Gerreet for the purposes of the Land Transfer Act

External.

Solicitors for Purchasers

View Instrument Details



Instrument No Status Date & Time Lodged Lodged By **Instrument Type**

12990779.1 Registered 18 April 2024 17:29 Lidgard, Suzanne Mary
Land Covenant under s116(1)(a) or (b) Land Transfer Act 2017



Land District Affected Records of Title NA34D/751 North Auckland

11119 127 721	1 OTH PROMITE	
NA461/71	North Auckland	
Annexure Schedule Con	tains 2 Pages.	
Covenantor Certification	ıs	
I certify that I have the au to lodge this instrument	thority to act for the Covenantor and that the party has the legal capacity to authorise me	V
I certify that I have taken this instrument	reasonable steps to confirm the identity of the person who gave me authority to lodge	V
I certify that any statutory with or do not apply	provisions specified by the Registrar for this class of instrument have been complied	Ø
I certify that I hold eviden the prescribed period	ace showing the truth of the certifications I have given and will retain that evidence for	Ø
Signature Signed by David John Spe	encer as Covenantor Representative on 18/04/2024 04:57 PM	
Covenantee Certification	ns	
I certify that I have the au me to lodge this instrumen	thority to act for the Covenantee and that the party has the legal capacity to authorise nt	V
I certify that I have taken this instrument	reasonable steps to confirm the identity of the person who gave me authority to lodge	Ø
I certify that any statutory with or do not apply	provisions specified by the Registrar for this class of instrument have been complied	Ø
I certify that I hold eviden the prescribed period	ace showing the truth of the certifications I have given and will retain that evidence for	Ø
Signature		

*** End of Report ***

Signed by David John Spencer as Covenantee Representative on 18/04/2024 04:57 PM

1

Covenant Instrument to note land covenant

(Section 116(1)(a) & (b) Land Transfer Act 2017)

_						_		
C	_	 -	-	-	-	•	_	-

Dean Mark Jones (1/3), Elliot Glynn Jones (1/3) and Craig David Carreg Jones (1/3)

Covenantee

Dean Mark Jones (1/3), Elliot Glynn Jones (1/3) and Craig David Carreg Jones (1/3)

Grant of Covenant

The Covenantor, being the registered owner of the burdened land(s) set out in Schedule A, **grants to the Covenantee** (and, if so stated, in gross) the covenant(s) set out in Schedule A, with the rights and powers or provisions set out in the Annexure Schedule(s).

Schedule A Continue in additional Annexure Schedule, if required

Purpose of covenant	Shown (plan reference)	Burdened Land (Record of Title)	Benefited Land (Record of Title) or in gross
Land Covenants	Marked W, X and Y on Deposited Plan 602237	NA 461/71.	NA 34D/751.

Covenant rights and powers (including terms, covenants and conditions)

Delete phrases in [J and insert	memorandum	number	as required.
Continue in addition:	al Annovuro	Schodula if ra	guired	

The provisions applying to the specified covenants are those set out in:

Annexure Schedule A

Interpretation

The Plan means LT Plan 602237.

Sloping Plane means the height starting at an RL of 36.60 (New Zealand Vertical Datum 2016) above peg 6 DP 78879 sloping at a grade of -25° (-1in4) in the direction 68°32′ (Mount Eden Geodetic 2000) over the Covenant areas

Covenant areas means those areas marked W, X and Y on the Plan.

Annexure Schedule A

Covenant Areas:

- **W** The Covenantor shall not:
 - (i) erect or permit to be erected any building or appurtenances over the Covenant area marked W on the Plan; nor
 - (ii) plant or permit to be planted any tree, shrub or plant that exceeds the Sloping Plane over the Covenant area marked W on the Plan.
- **X** The Covenantor shall not:
 - erect or permit to be erected any building or appurtenances over the Covenant area marked X on the Plan; nor
 - (ii) plant or permit to be planted any tree, shrub or plant that exceeds the Sloping Plane over the Covenant area marked X on the Plan.

However, the Covenantor may, using any materials, erect or permit to be erected any fences and retaining walls and may implement landscaping, including any of the aforesaid requiring building consent, which do not exceed the Sloping Plane over the Covenant area marked X on the Plan.

- Y The Covenantor shall not:
 - (i) erect or permit to be erected any building or appurtenances that exceeds the Sloping Plane over the Covenant area marked Y on the Plan; nor
 - (ii) plant or permit to be planted any tree, shrub or plant that exceeds the Sloping Plane over the Covenant area marked Y on the Plan.





Record of Survey - DP 602237

Survey Number DP 602237
Surveyor Reference 24205 JONES 2
Surveyor Kurt Eric Watson

Survey Firm Survey & Planning Solutions (2010) Limited

Surveyor Declaration I Kurt Eric Watson, being a licensed cadastral surveyor, certify that-

(a) this dataset provided by me and its related survey are accurate, correct and in accordance with the

Cadastral Survey Act 2002 and Cadastral Survey Rules 2021; and (b) the survey was undertaken by me or under my personal direction.

Declared on 20 Mar 2024 03:42 PM

Survey Details

Dataset Description AREAS W, X & Y ON LOT 16 DP 20248

Purpose Land Transfer Plan Land Covenant

Status Deposited Type Parcels without Survey Information

Land DistrictNorth AucklandSurvey ClassClass AMeridional CircuitMount Eden OCDVertical DatumNone

Survey Dates

 Surveyed Date
 06/03/2024
 Certified Date
 20/03/2024

 Submitted Date
 20/03/2024 15:42:30
 Survey Approval Date 05/04/2024

Deposit Date 18/04/2024

Referenced Surveys

Survey NumberLand DistrictBearing CorrectionDP 20248North Auckland0°00'00"

 DP 78879
 North Auckland
 0°00'00"

 LT 601030
 North Auckland
 0°00'00"

 DP 19079
 North Auckland
 0°00'00"

Territorial Authorities

Far North District

Comprised In

RT NA34D/751 RT NA461/71

Created Parcels

Parcels Parcel Intent Area RT Reference

Area W Deposited Plan 602237 Covenant - Land
Area X Deposited Plan 602237 Covenant - Land
Area Y Deposited Plan 602237 Covenant - Land

Total Area 0.0000 Ha





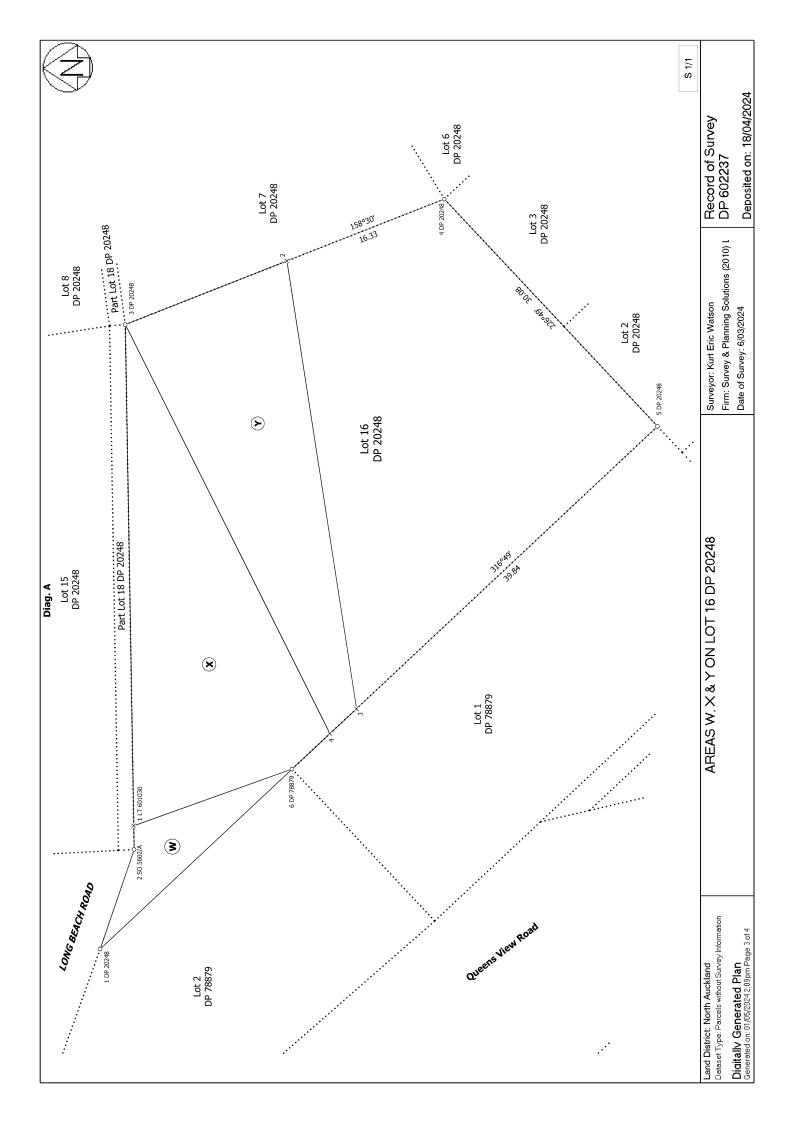
Mark and Vector

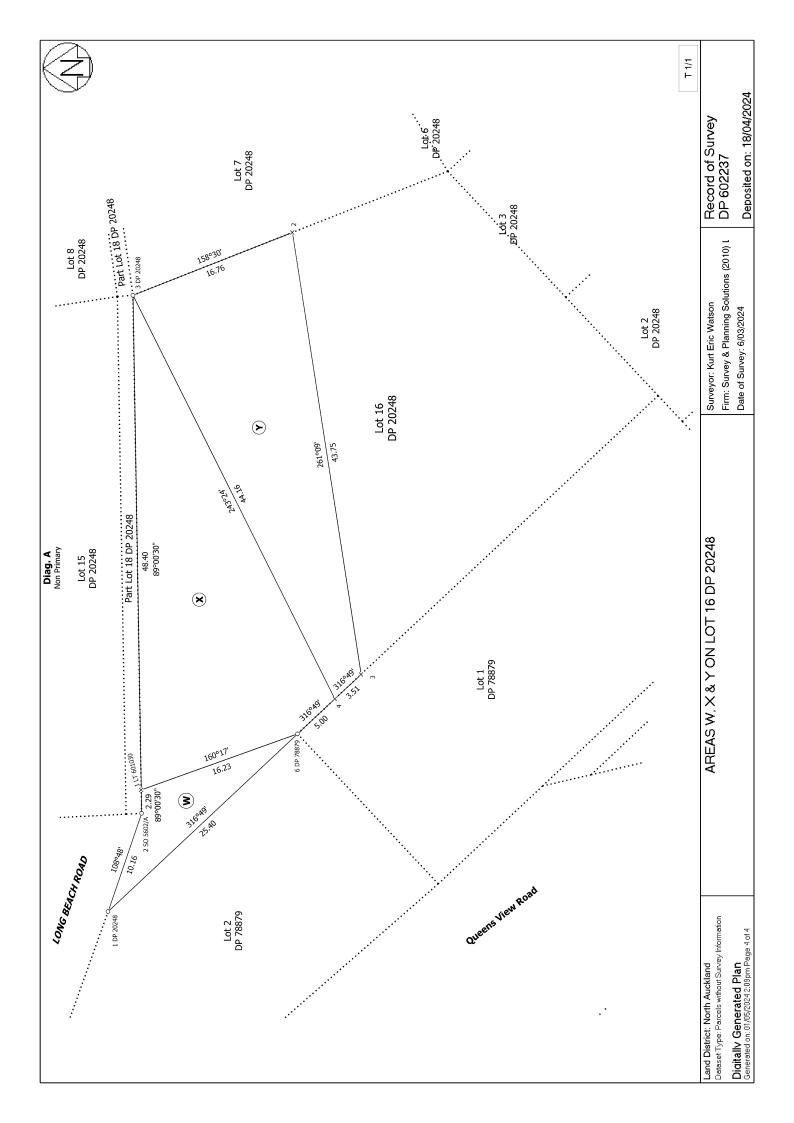
Survey Number DP 602237

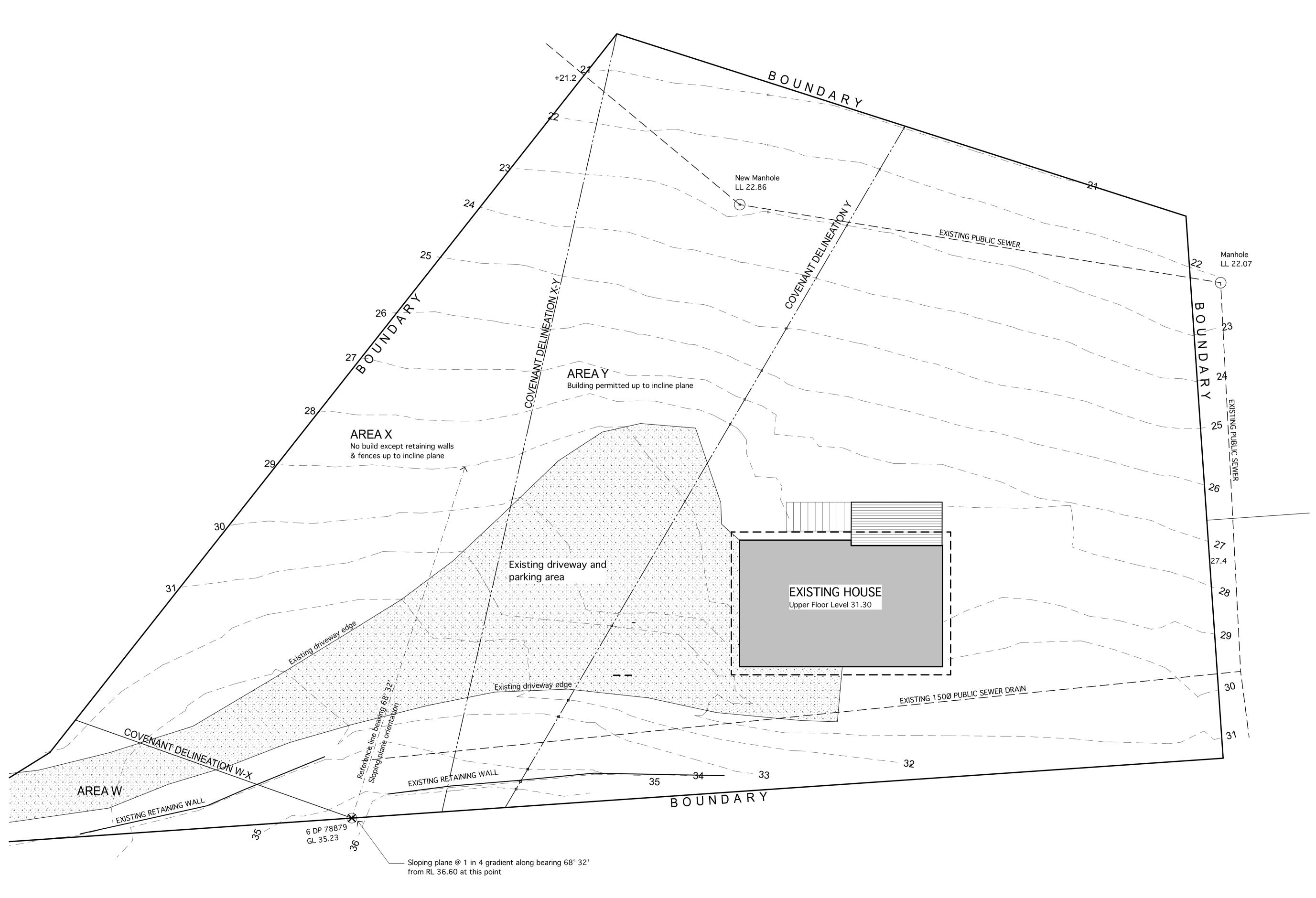
Meridional Circuit Mount Eden OCD

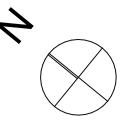
From	То	Code	Bearing		Adpt Surv	Bearing Correction	Distance		Adpt Surv	Class
PEG 1 DP 20248	PEG 2 SO 5602/A	ob0	108°48'00"	A	DP 19079	0°00'00"		A	DP 20248	Class A
PEG 2 SO 5602/A	UNMK 1 LT 601030	ob1	89°00'30"	A	DP 20248	0°00'00"	2.29	A	LT 601030	Class A
UNMK 1 LT 601030	PEG 3 DP 20248	ob2	89°00'30"	A	DP 20248	0°00'00"	48.40	A	LT 601030	Class A
PEG 3 DP 20248	UNMK 2 DP 602237	ob4	158°30'00"	A	DP 20248	0°00'00"	16.76	C		Class A
UNMK 2 DP 602237	PEG 4 DP 20248	ob6	158°30'00"	A	DP 20248	0°00'00"	16.33	С		
PEG 4 DP 20248	PEG 5 DP 20248	ob8	226°49'00"	A	DP 20248	0°00'00"	30.08	A	DP 20248	
PEG 5 DP 20248	UNMK 3 DP 602237	ob9	316°49'00"	A	DP 20248	0°00'00"	39.84	С		
UNMK 3 DP 602237	UNMK 4 DP 602237	ob10	316°49'00"	A	DP 20248	0°00'00"	3.51	С		Class A
UNMK 4 DP 602237	PEG 6 DP 78879	ob11	316°49'00"	A	DP 20248	0°00'00"	5.00	С		Class A
PEG 6 DP 78879	PEG 1 DP 20248	ob12	316°49'00"	A	DP 20248	0°00'00"	25.40	A	DP 78879	Class A
UNMK 1 LT 601030	PEG 6 DP 78879	ob3	160°17'00"	A	LT 601030	0°00'00"	16.23	A	LT 601030	Class A
PEG 3 DP 20248	UNMK 4 DP 602237	ob5	243°24'00"	С			44.16	C		Class A
UNMK 2 DP 602237	UNMK 3 DP 602237	ob7	261°09'00"	C			43.75	C		Class A

*** End of Report ***









LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Lot 16 DP 20248 Area: 1,935 m²

A RESOURCE CONSENT 24/09/25

REVISIONS

DRAWING

EXISTING SITE PLAN

JOB

PROPOSED NEW HOUSE
& ACCOMMODATION UNIT
41 LONG BEACH ROAD



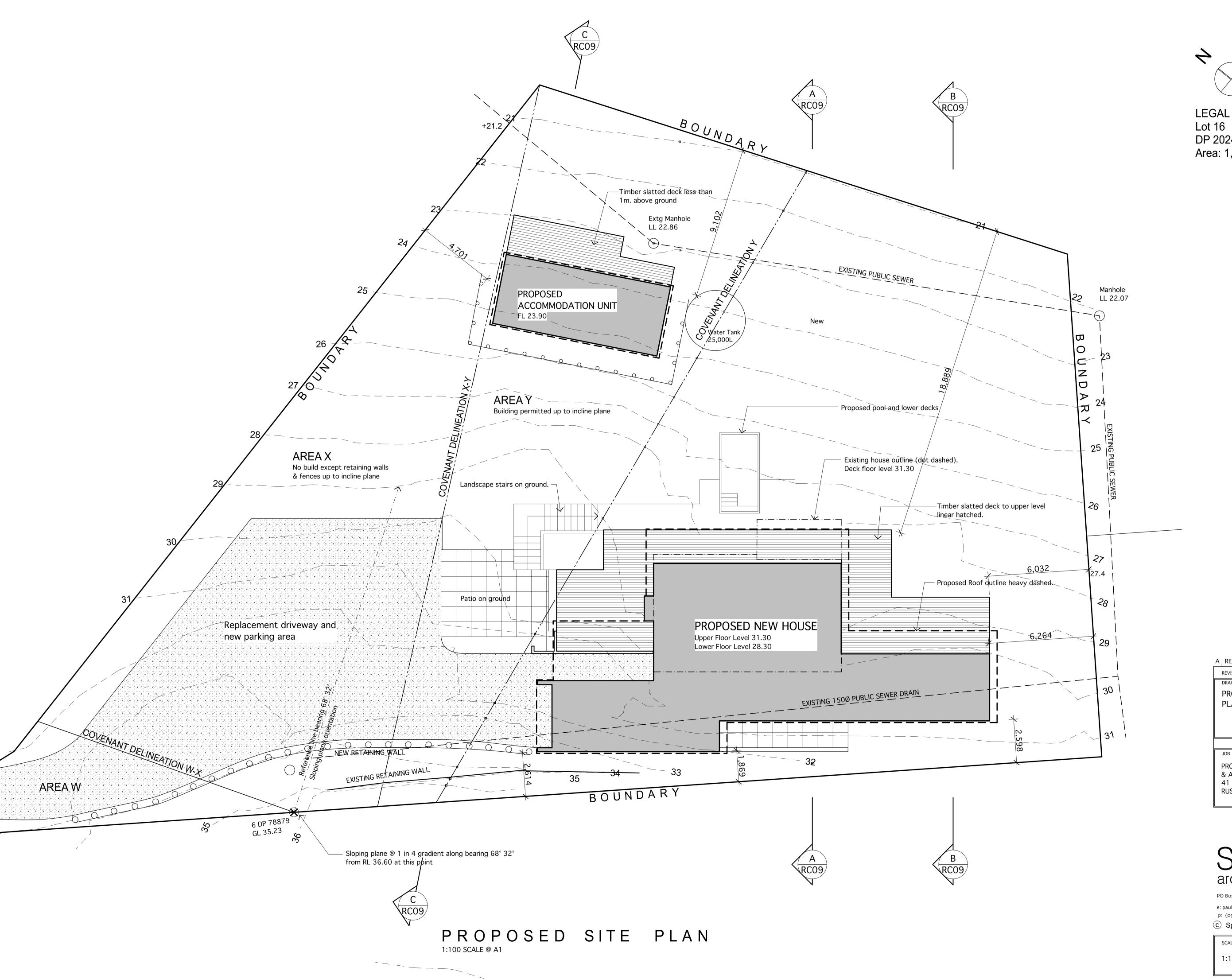
PO Box 10 KERIKERI 0245
e: paul@spoonersolutions.co.nz

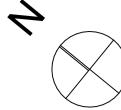
p: (09) 407 3107 m: 027 289 1221

C Spooner Architectural Services Ltd.

SCALE SHEET No.

1:100 @ A1 RC01





LEGAL DESCRIPTION: DP 20248 Area: 1,935 m²

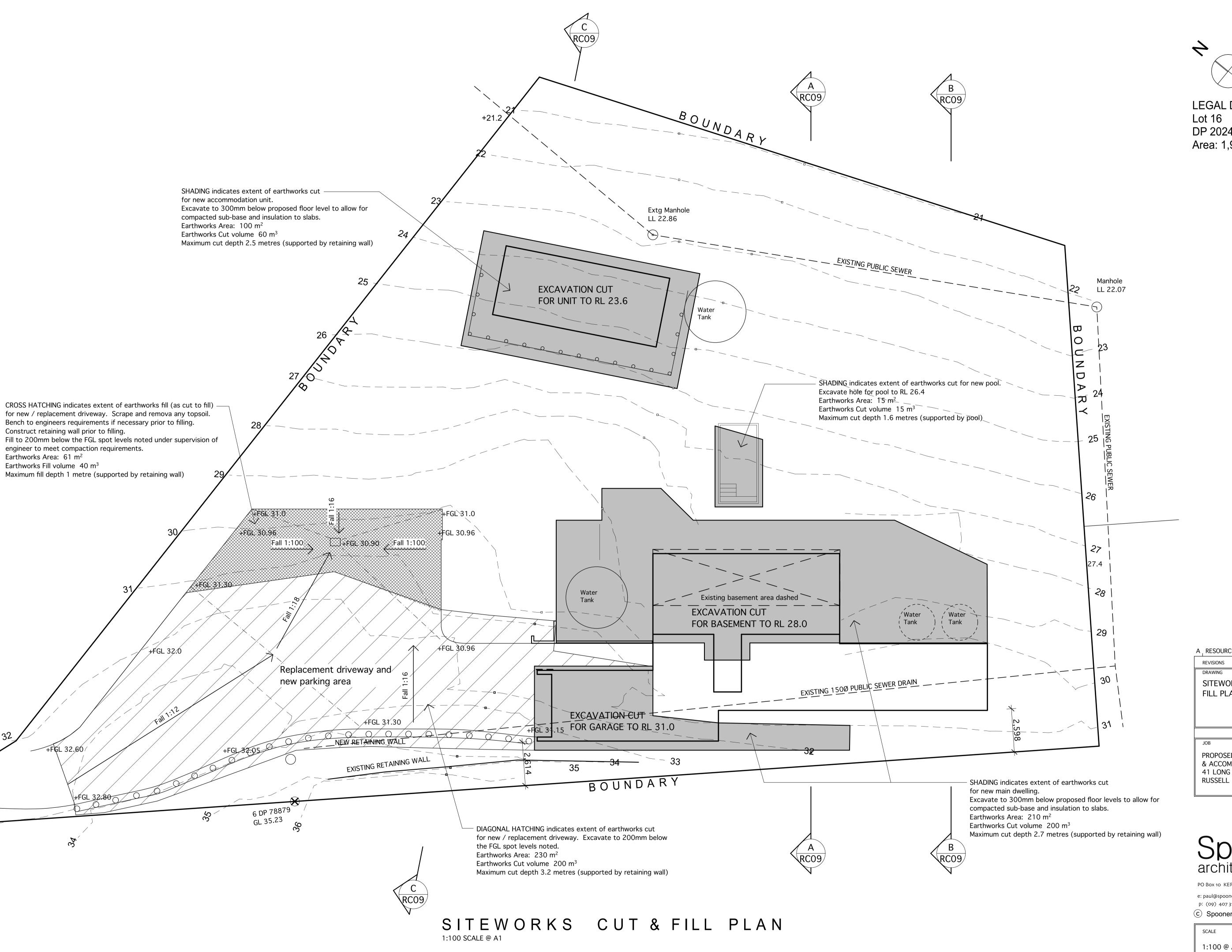
> A RESOURCE CONSENT PROPOSED SITE PLAN PROPOSED NEW HOUSE & ACCOMMODATION UNIT 41 LONG BEACH ROAD

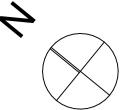


PO Box 10 KERIKERI 0245 e: paul@spoonersolutions.co.nz

p: (09) 407 3107 © Spooner Architectural Services Ltd.

RC02 1:100 @ A1





LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Lot 16 DP 20248 Area: 1,935 m²

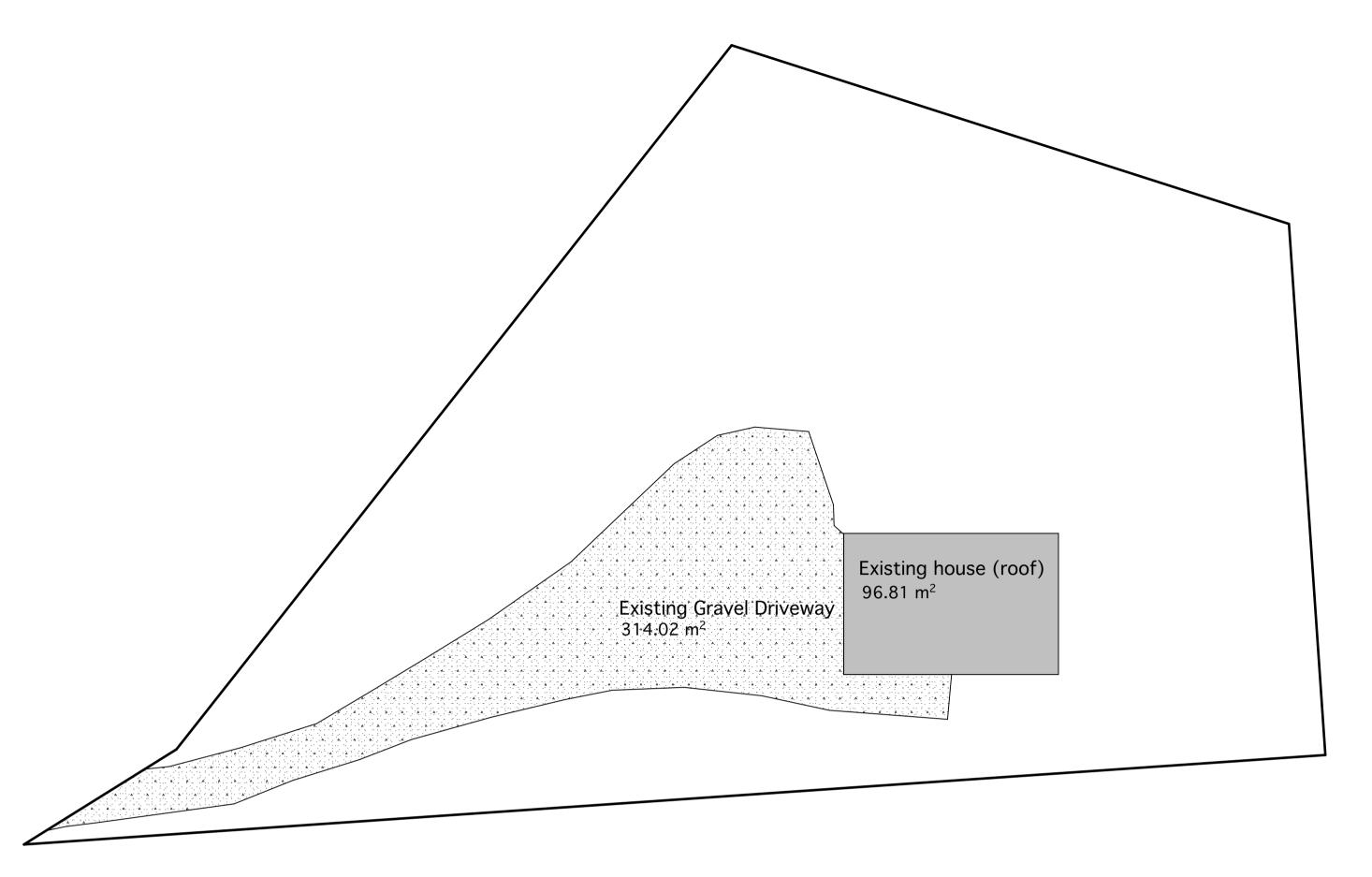
24/09/25 A RESOURCE CONSENT **REVISIONS** DRAWING SITEWORKS CUT & FILL PLAN PROPOSED NEW HOUSE & ACCOMMODATION UNIT 41 LONG BEACH ROAD



PO Box 10 KERIKERI 0245 e: paul@spoonersolutions.co.nz

p: (09) 407 3107 © Spooner Architectural Services Ltd.

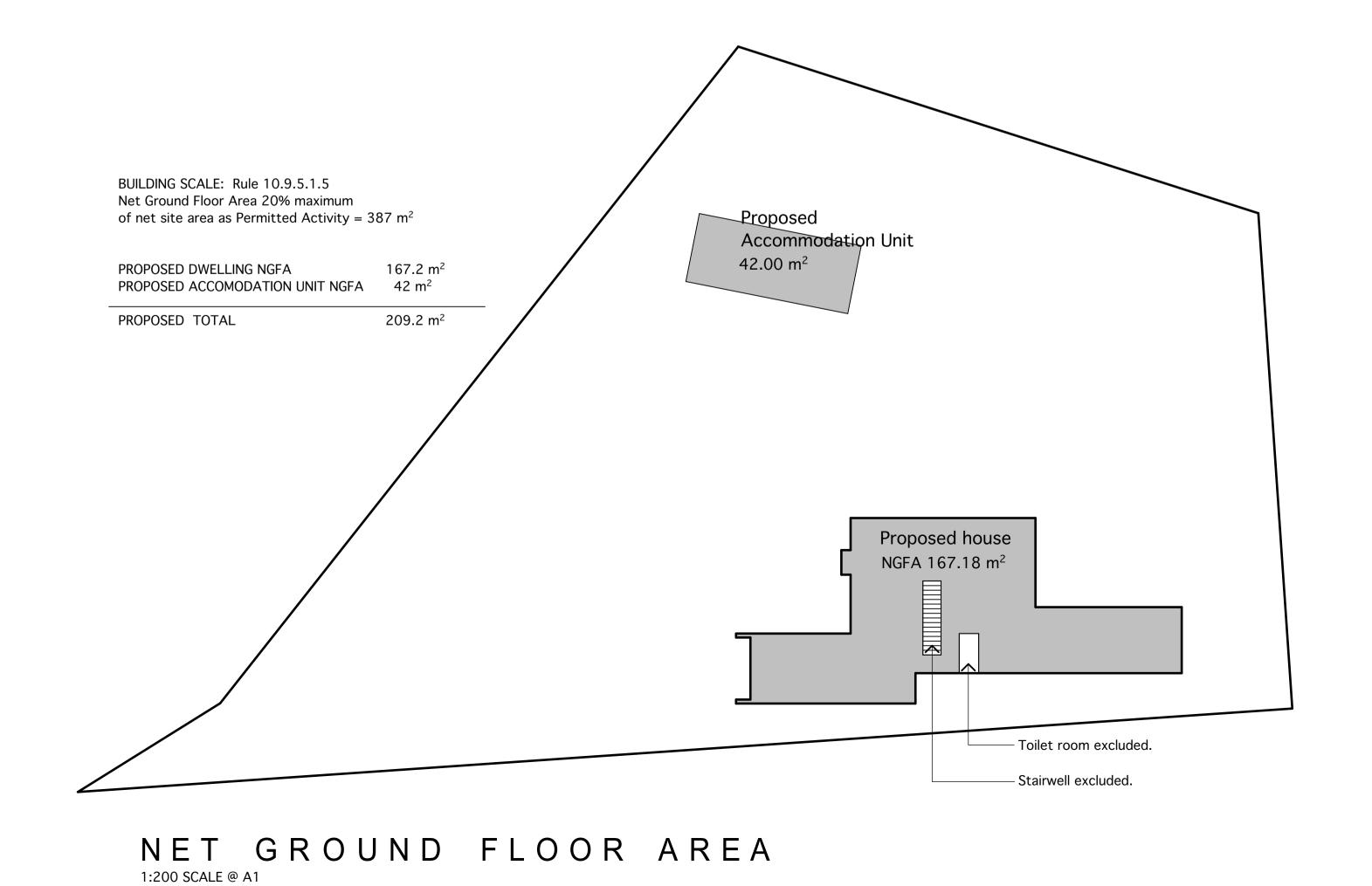
SCALE SHEET No. RC03 1:100 @ A1

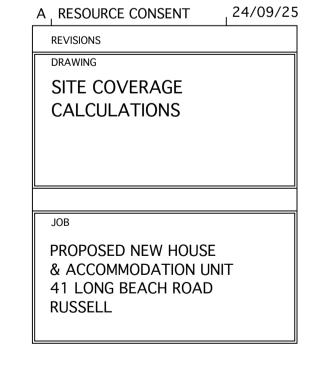


STORMWATER MANAGEMENT: Rule 10.9.5.1.7 35% maximum of site covered with impermebale areas as Permitted Activity = 677.25 m^2 245.6 m² PROPOSED DWELLING ROOF AREA PROPOSED ACCOMODATION UNIT ROOF AREA 45.3 m^2 PROPOSED DRIVEWAY AND PARKING AREA 311.7 m² PROPOSED PAVED AREA $58.0 \, m^2$ Proposed PROPOSED POOL 11.5 m² Accommodation Unit 672.1 m² PROPOSED TOTAL 45.32 m² *water storage tanks not covered by already calculated dwelling roof area occupy cumulative area less than 20m2. Complies. 45.41 m² Proposed house (roof) Proposed Concrete Driveway 245.58 m² Paving 12.57 m²

EXISTING IMPERMEABLE COVERAGE
1:200 SCALE @ A1

PROPOSED IMPERMEABLE COVERAGE
1:200 SCALE @ A1

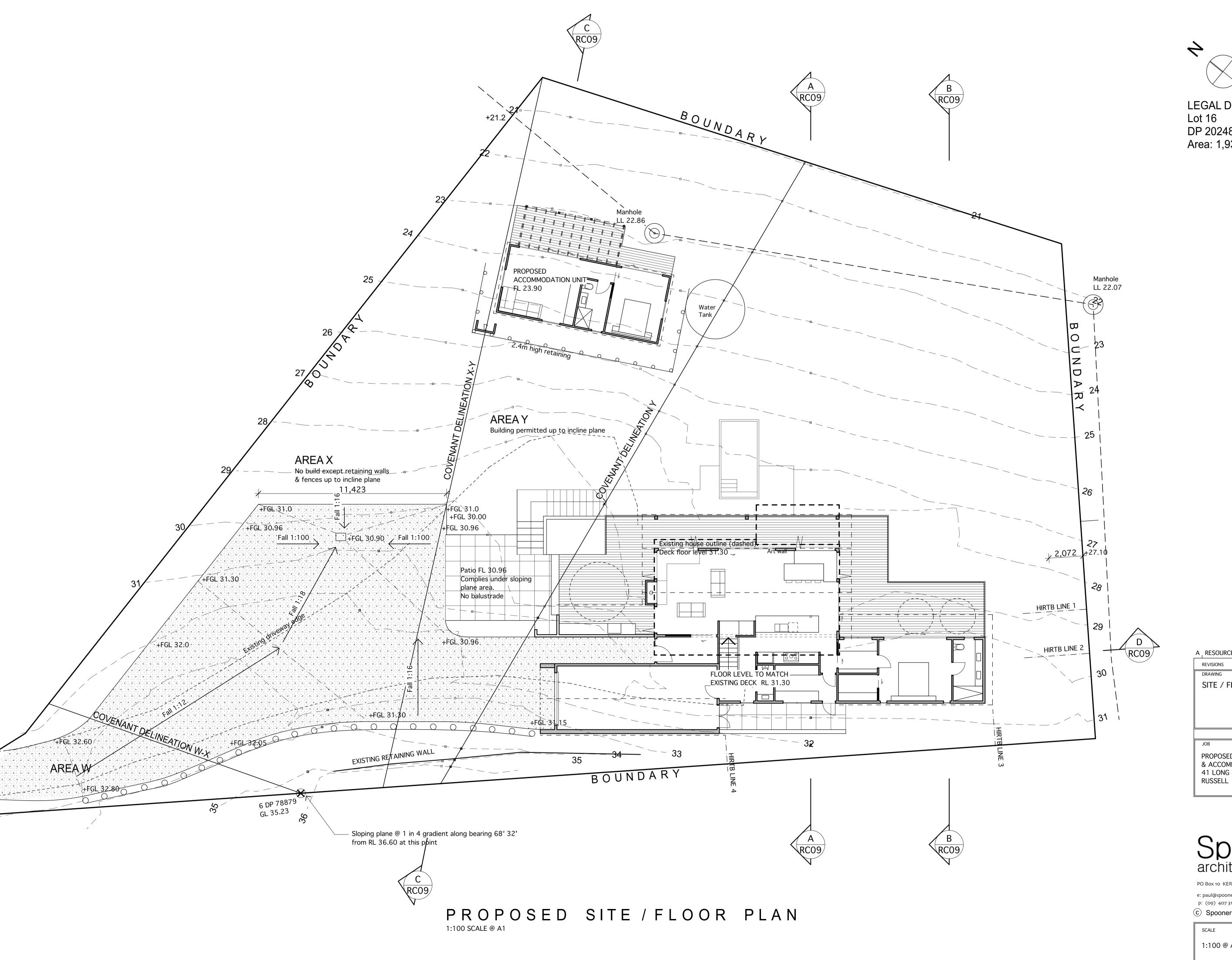


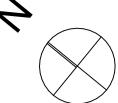




SCALE SHEET No.

1:200 @ A1 RC04





LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Lot 16 DP 20248 Area: 1,935 m²

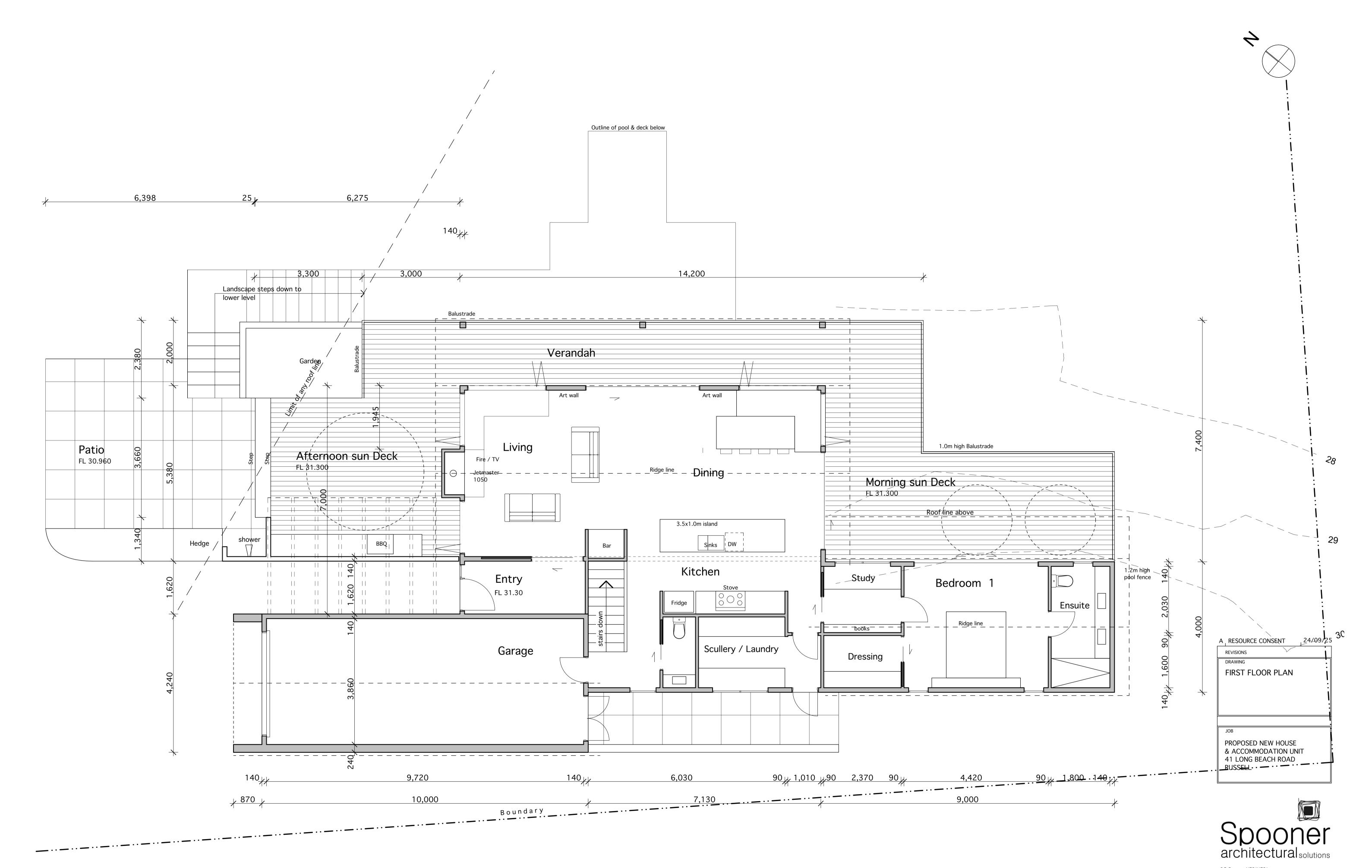
A RESOURCE CONSENT DRAWING SITE / FLOOR PLAN PROPOSED NEW HOUSE & ACCOMMODATION UNIT 41 LONG BEACH ROAD



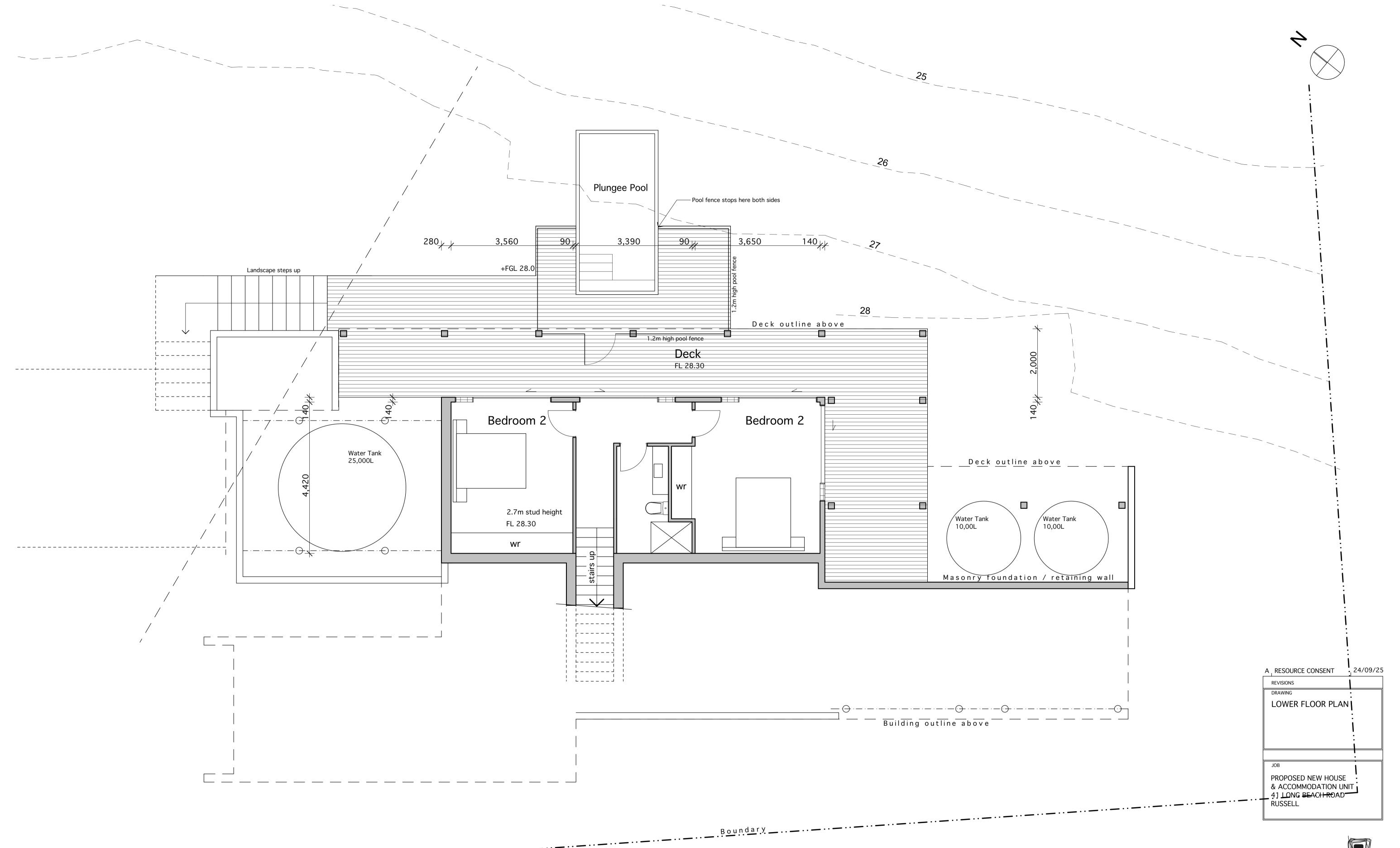
PO Box 10 KERIKERI 0245

e: paul@spoonersolutions.co.nz © Spooner Architectural Services Ltd

RC05 1:100 @ A1



© Spooner Architectural Services Ltd.



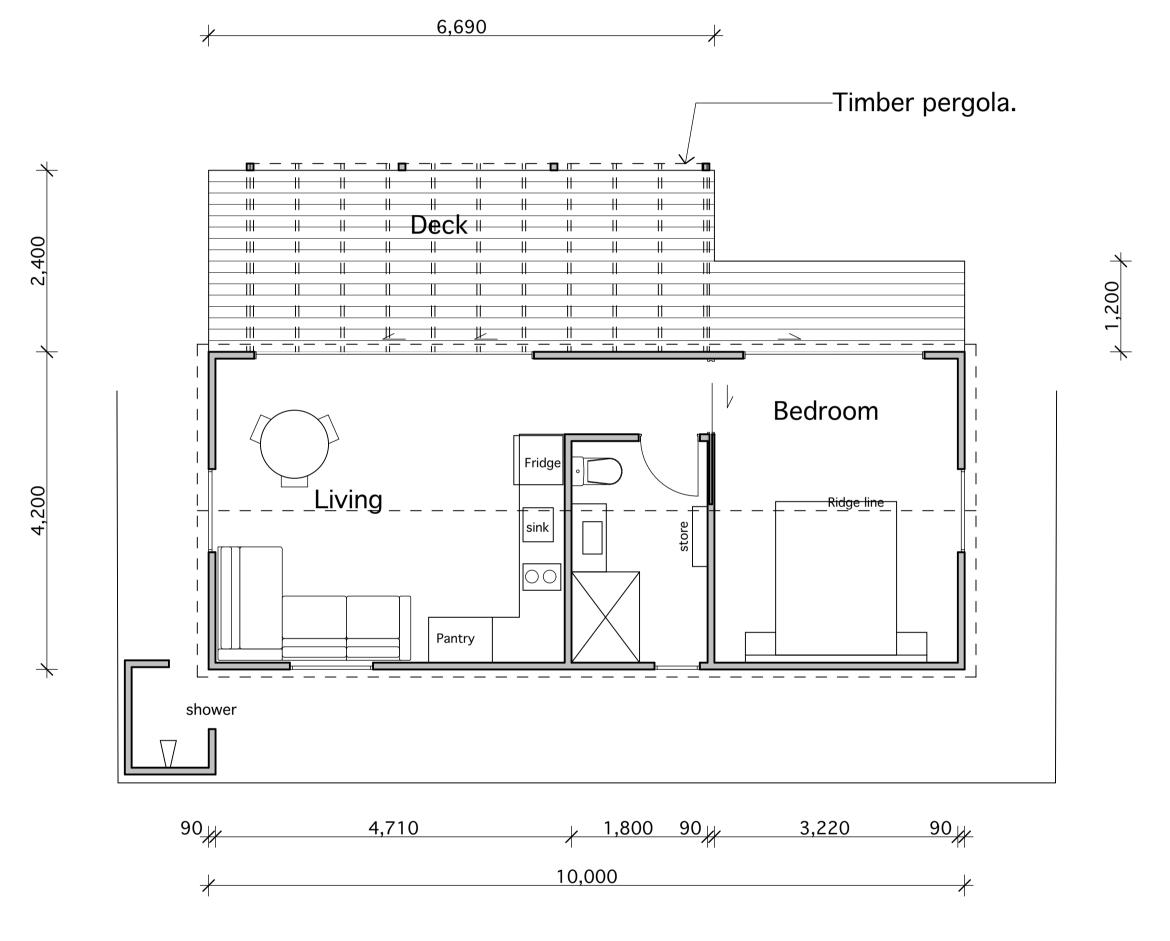


e: paul@spoonersolutions.co.nz
p: (09) 407 3107 m: 027 289 1221

C Spooner Architectural Services Ltd.

SCALE SHEET No.

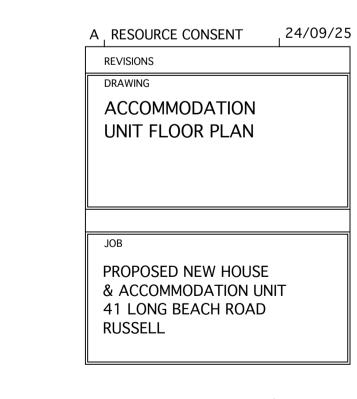
1:50 @ A1 RC07



A C C O M O D A T I O N UNIT FLOOR PLAN

1:50 SCALE @ A1

FLOOR AREA: 42 m²





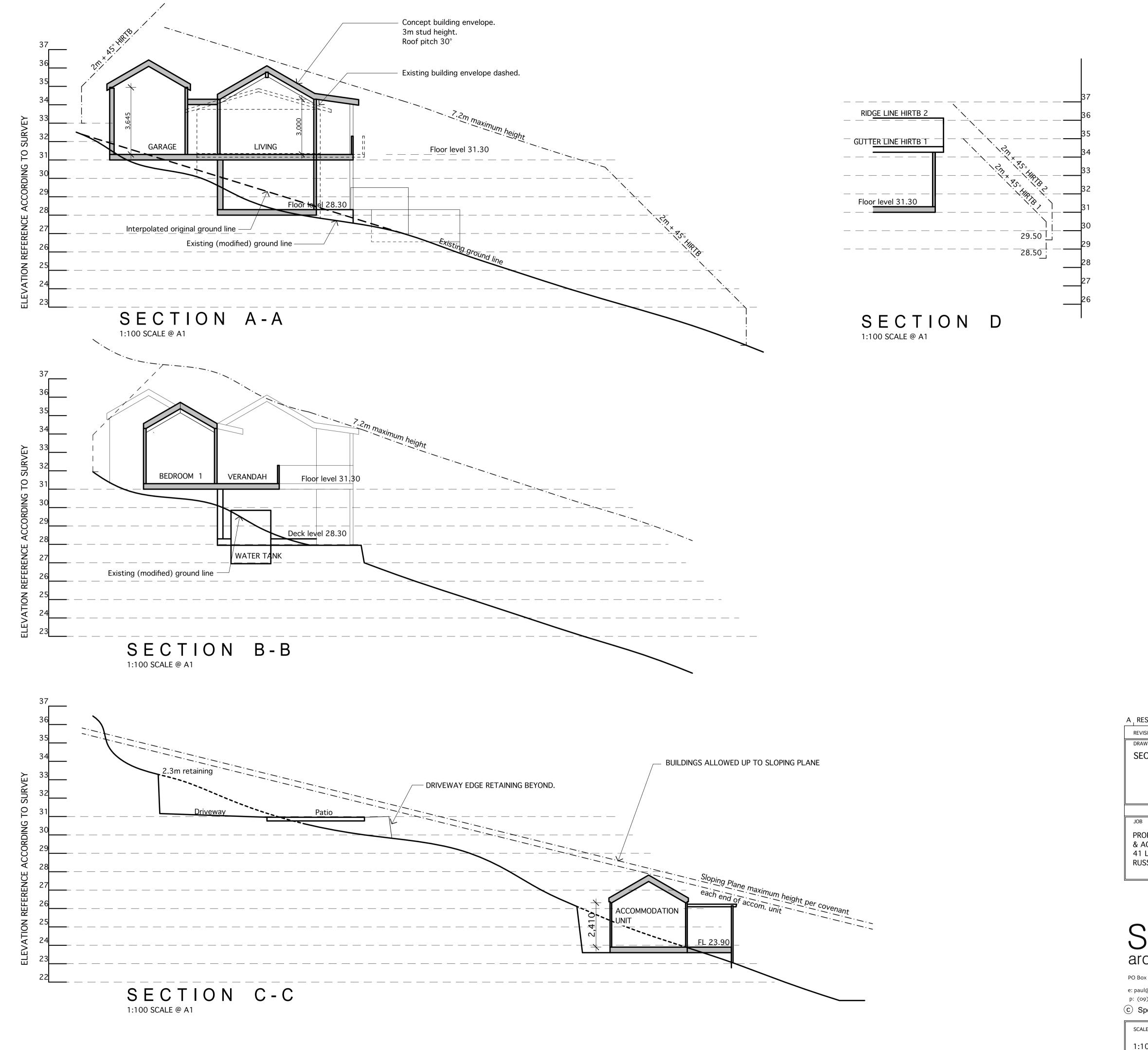
PO Box 10 KERIKERI 0245
e: paul@spoonersolutions.co.nz

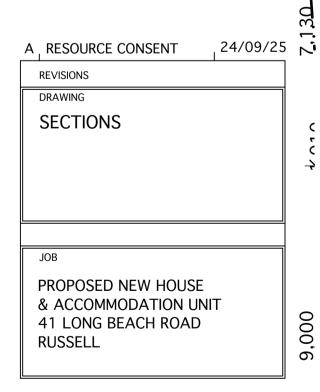
p: (09) 407 3107 m: 027 289 1221

C Spooner Architectural Services Ltd.

SCALE SHEET No.

1:50 @ A1 RC08







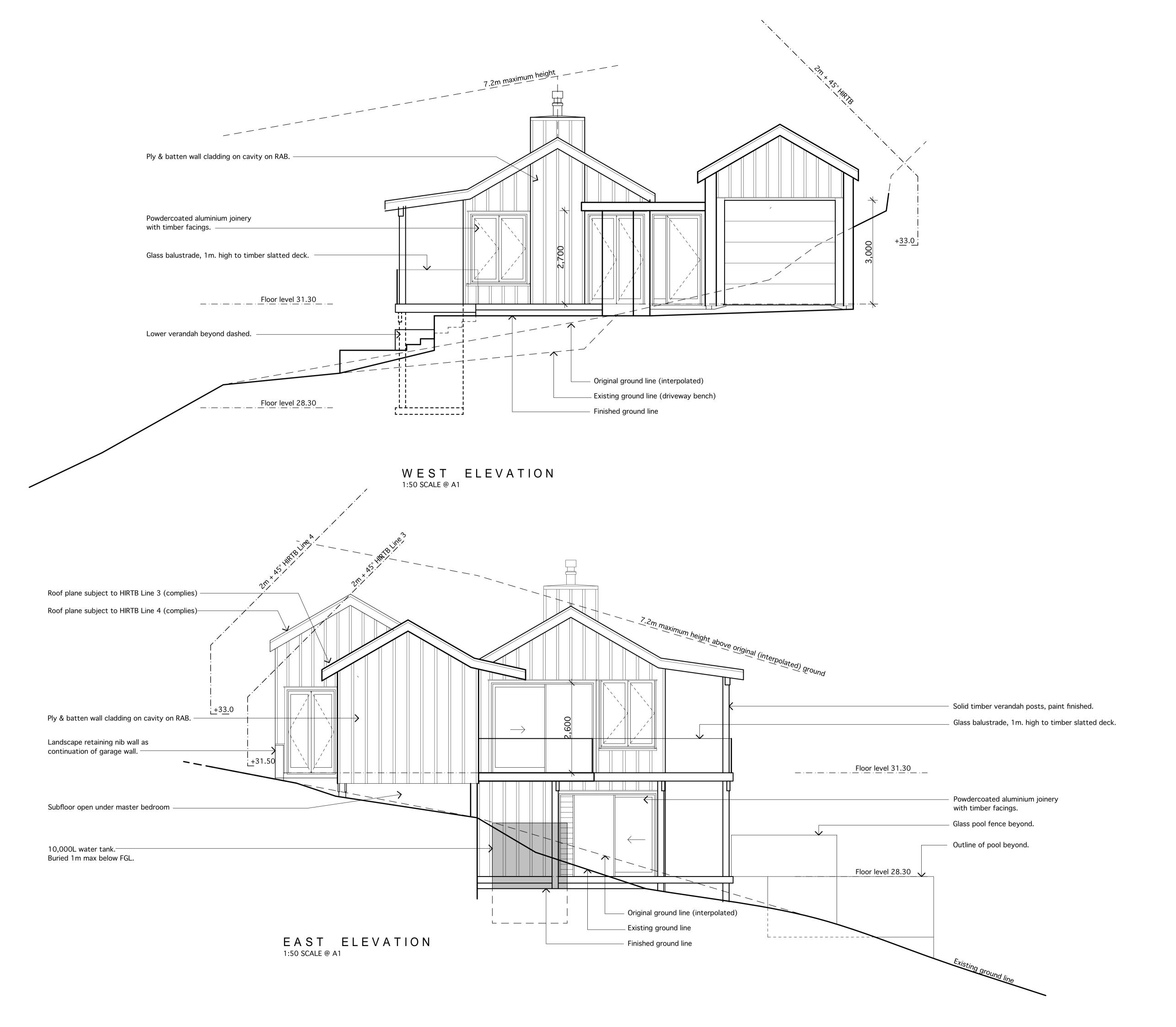
PO Box 10 KERIKERI 0245
e: paul@spoonersolutions.co.nz

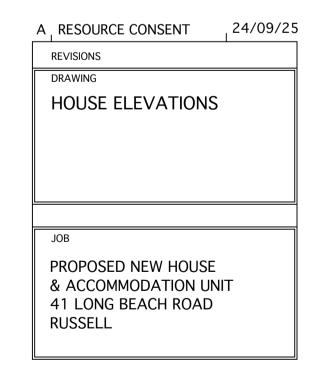
p: (09) 407 3107 m: 027 289 1221

C Spooner Architectural Services Ltd.

SCALE SHEET No.

1:100 @ A1 RC09







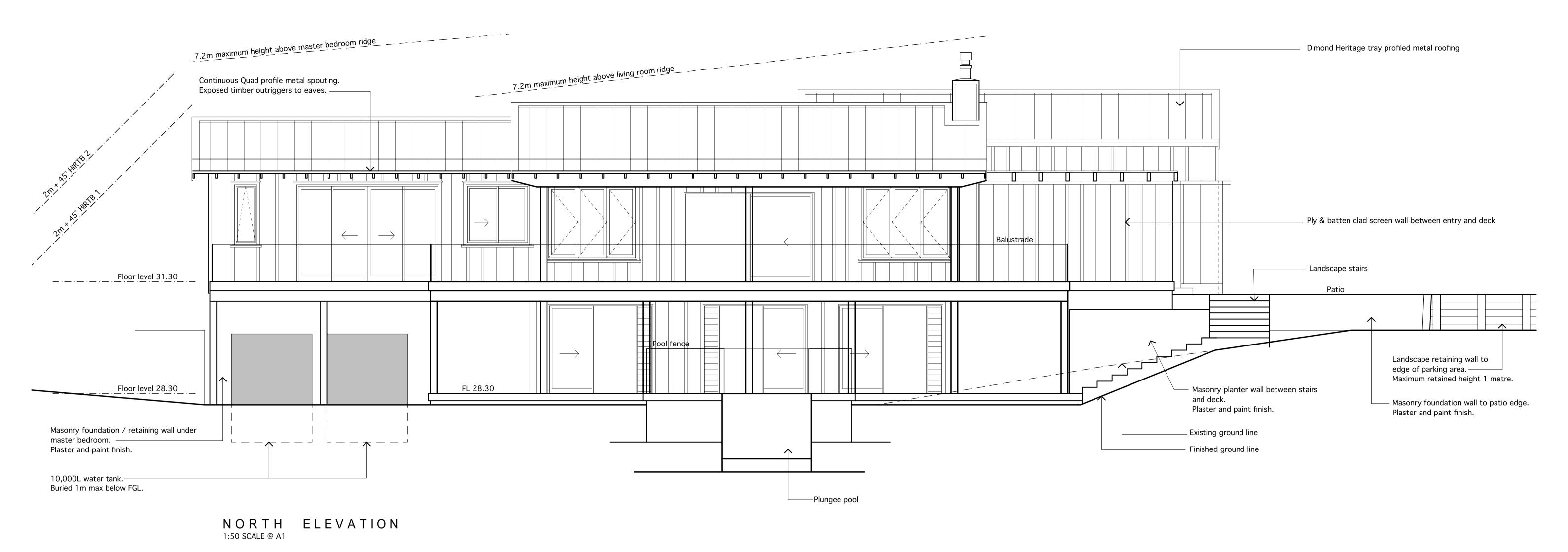
PO Box 10 KERIKERI 0245
e: paul@spoonersolutions.co.nz

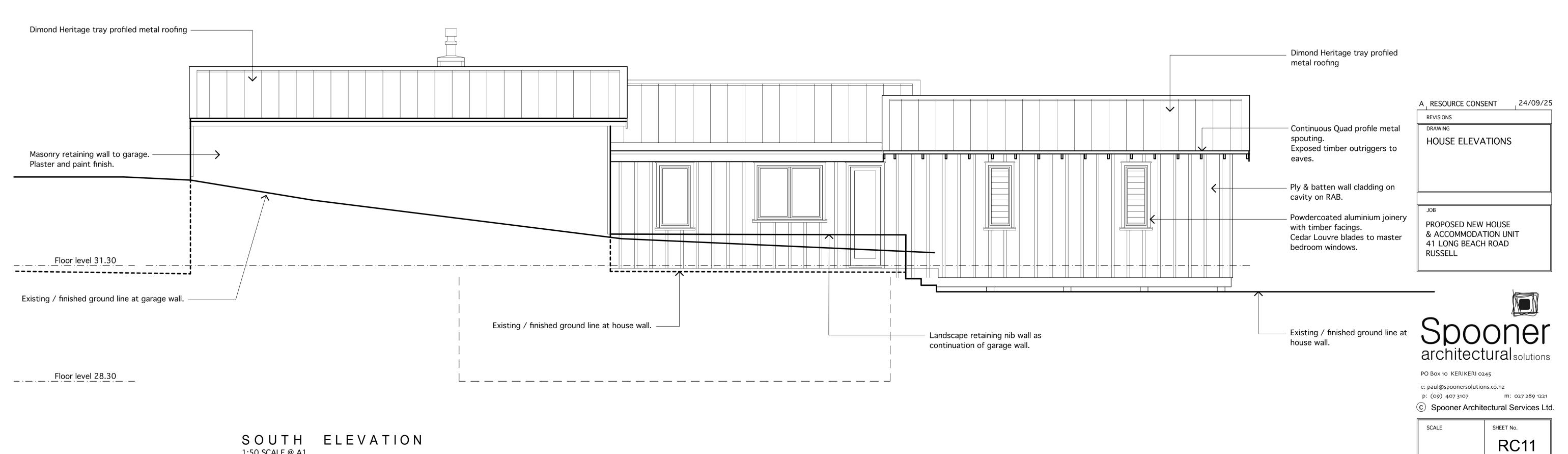
p: (09) 407 3107 m: 027 289 1221

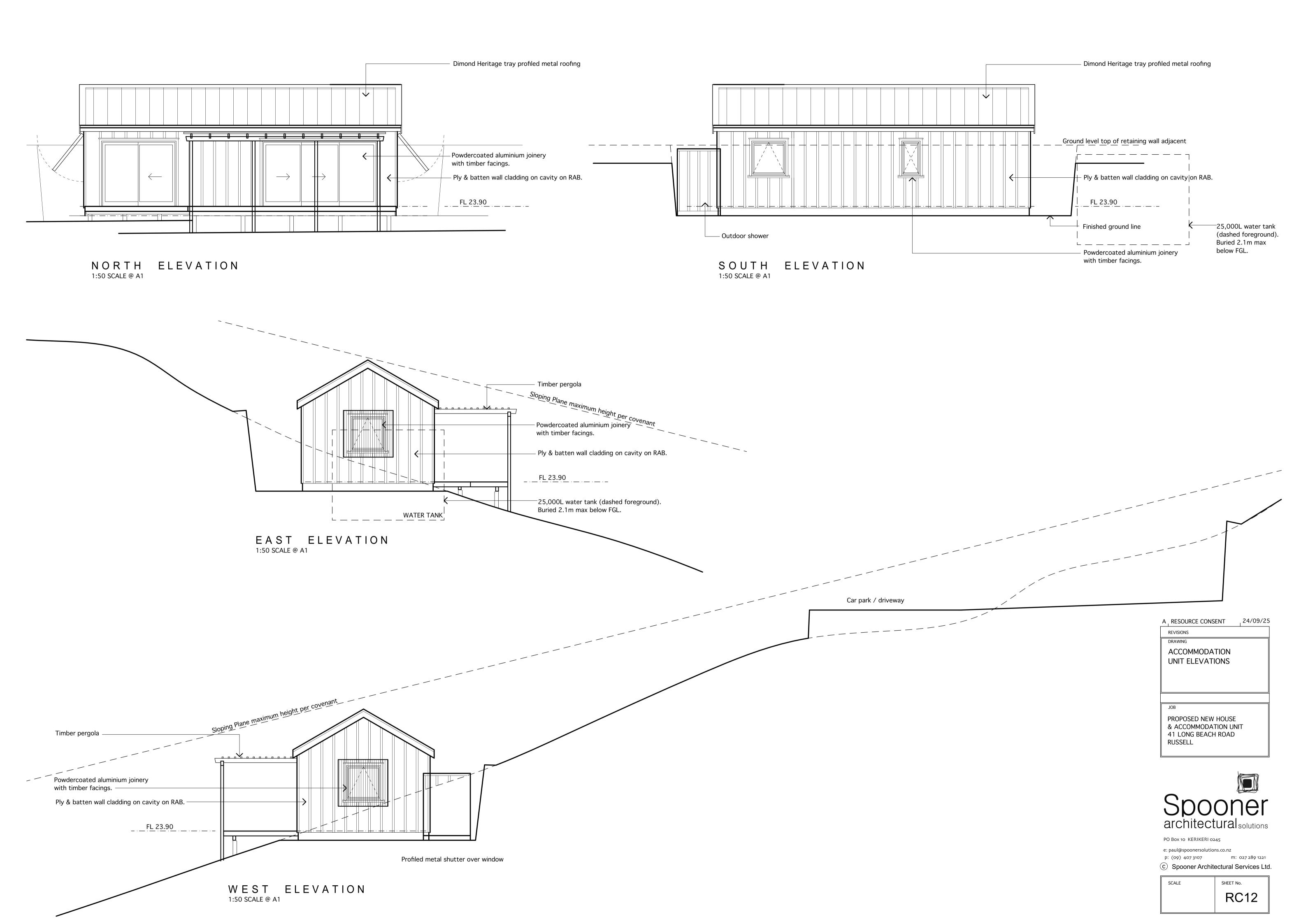
C Spooner Architectural Services Ltd.

SCALE SHEET No.

RC10









Stormwater Management Report for Site Re-development

41 Long Beach Road, Russell (Lot 16 DP 20248)

Bill and Paula Wallace Haigh Workman reference: 25 149 Rev A

11 September 2025





Revision History

Revision Nº	Issued By	Description	Date
А	Aaron Thorburn	First Issue	11 September 2025

Prepared By

Aaron Thorburn Senior Environmental Advisor *BAppSc (Env), CEnvP* Reviewed By

Tom Adcock Senior Civil Engineer *BEng (Civil), CMEngNZ* Approved By

John Papesch Senior Civil Engineer / Director BE (Civil), CMEngNZ, CPEng

Project No. 25 149



TABLE OF CONTENTS

E	xecutiv	re Summary	iii,
1		oduction	
		Objective and Scope	
	1.2	Applicability	1
2		Description	
	2.1	Site Identification	
	2.2	Proposed Re-development	
3	Envi	ironmental Setting	
	3.1	Hydrology and Flooding	
	3.2	Published Geology	
4	Stor	mwater Management	4
	4.1	Regulatory Framework	
	4.2	FNDC Engineering Standards 2023	
	4.3	Impermeable Surfaces	
	4.4	Current Stormwater Management	6
	4.5	Effects on Run-off	. 7
	4.6	Proposed Stormwater System	. 8

APPENDICES

ii

Appendix A – Drawings

Appendix B – Concept Plan Drawings (Source: Spooner Architectural Solutions Limited)

Appendix C – Photographic Documentation

Appendix D – Email Correspondence



Executive Summary

Haigh Workman Limited was commissioned by Bill and Paula Wallace (the client) to undertake a stormwater management report for the proposed re-development at 41 Long Beach Road, Russell.

The property is legally described as Lot 16 DP 20248 and has a total area of 1,935 m². The site is developed with an existing dwelling, a gravel driveway and a water tank, the client intends to re-develop the site with a new split level dwelling, detached accommodation dwelling, pool, concrete driveway and parking area and paved areas.

The proposed re-development concept plan has been provided to Haigh Workman Limited by Spooner Architectural Solutions Limited.

Stormwater Management

Total impermeable surfaces following the proposed re-development are estimated at 34.7% of the site area. This is below the Russell Township Zoning Permitted Activity criteria of 35% resulting in the activity being Permitted.

The site drains via a Council stormwater drain located on the southern boundary of the site that flows to the east discharging via a stormwater outlet structure on the beach at Oneroa Bay.

Given the site's proximity to the coastline and being a Permitted Activity, stormwater volume control (attenuation) is not necessary, so long as the following controls are undertaken:

• Concentrated flows from roof tank overflows, downpipes and the like shall be piped to the bottom of the southeast corner of the site to directly discharge into the council stormwater pipe.

Proposed Stormwater Management

Communication between Haigh Workman Limited and Far North District Council confirmed that stormwater attenuation will not be required due to the impermeable surfaces are within the permitted activity thresholds and also that there is no flooding onsite or downstream.

iii Project No. 25 149



1 Introduction

Haigh Workman Limited (Haigh Workman) was commissioned by Bill and Paula Wallace (the client) to undertake a stormwater management report for the proposed re-development at 41 Long Beach Road, Russell (the 'Site').

The property is legally described as Lot 16 DP 20248 and has a total area of 1,935 m². The site is developed with an existing two-level dwelling, a gravel driveway and a water tank, the client intends to re-develop the site with a new split level dwelling, detached accommodation dwelling, pool, concrete driveway, parking and paved areas.

1.1 Objective and Scope

The scope of this report is an assessment of impermeable surfaces, stormwater management and recommend mitigation measures for the proposed re-development.

1.2 Applicability

This report has been prepared for our client with respect to the particular brief given to us. This report is to be used by our client and their appointed consultants and may be relied upon by the Far North District Council (FNDC) when considering the application for the proposed development. The information and opinions contained within this report shall not be used in any other context for any other purpose without prior review and agreement by Haigh Workman Limited.

All distances and measurements of the proposed re-development have been provided to Haigh Workman by the architects (Spooner Architectural Solutions Limited). If the design differs from the conceptual brief, the reliability of this report will need to be revisited.

Haigh Workman does not take responsibility for factors that affect the engineering assessment of the proposed re-development that are not covered in the agreed brief.

2 Site Description

2.1 Site Identification

Site Address: 41 Long Beach Road, Russell

Legal Description: Lot 16 DP 20248

Site Area: 1,935 m²

The site is located in a coastal residential setting on the eastern side of Russell setback 80 m from Long Beach (Oneroa Bay). The ground slopes steeply in an easterly direction towards the beach.

Under the FNDC Operative District Plan the Site is zoned as 'Russell Township'.

The Site Location Plan is shown below in Figure 1 and is provided in Appendix A.





Figure 1 – Site Location (Source: NRS GIS Webservice)

2.2 Proposed Re-development

The proposed re-development will include a new split level dwelling, detached accommodation dwelling, pool, concrete driveway, vehicle parking and paved areas. The proposed site plan has been provided to Haigh Workman by Spooner Architectural Solutions, dated 19 August 2025 and is shown below in Figure 2 and provided in **Appendix B**.



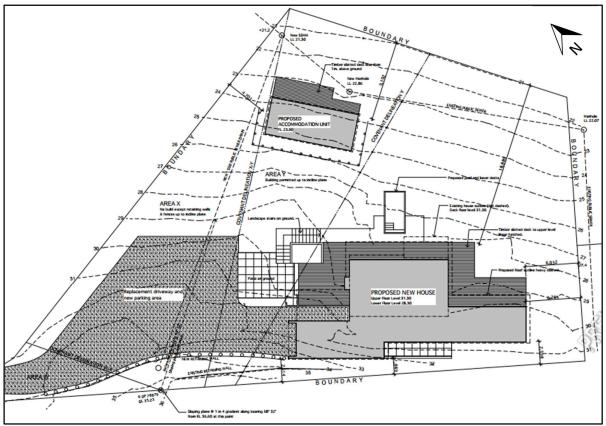


Figure 2 – Proposed Site Plan (Source: Spooner Architectural Solutions, dated 19 August 2025)

3 Environmental Setting

Published environmental data relating to the site has been reviewed. A summary of relevant information is provided below.

3.1 Hydrology and Flooding

The site is not marked in either of the coastal or river flood hazard zone areas. It is also not listed in the flood susceptibility zone on the Northland Regional Council (NRC) GIS databases.

A summary of available information pertaining to hydrology and hydrogeology sourced from District and Regional Council GIS databases is presented below in Table 1.

Table 1 Surface Water Features & Flooding

	Presence / Location	Comments
Surface Water Features (Ponds, Lakes, etc.)	Oneroa Bay is located approx. 80 m east from the eastern boundary of the site	The site slopes naturally towards the east towards Oneroa Bay, stormwater from the west of the site is piped via an existing connection to the Council stormwater system to an outfall on the beach



Watercourses (within 500m)	Nil	Nil
Flood Risk Status	None recorded on GIS databases	The site is steeply sloping and elevated 30 m above the beach
Flood Susceptibility	None recorded on GIS databases	The land is steeply sloping

3.2 Published Geology

The site geology was investigated and reported by Haigh Workman during a geotechnical investigation in August 2025 (Ref. 25 137, *Geotechnical Investigation Report*, 41 Long Beach Road, Russell (Lot 16 DP 20248), August 2025).

Reference is made to the New Zealand Land Inventory Maps. NZMS 290 Sheet Q04 / 05 Soil map of the Bay of Islands area indicates that the site is underlain by 'soils of the rolling and hilly land; imperfectly to very poorly drained Rangiora clay, clay loam and silty clay loam (RAH + RA)'. The underlying material weathers to 'yellow-brown soft sandy clay to depths of 30m'.

Geotechnical investigations confirmed the presence of Waipapa Group clayey silt soils fitting the above description.

4 Stormwater Management

4.1 Regulatory Framework

Far North District Plan

The site is within the 'Russell Township' zone. The relevant stormwater management / impermeable surface rules are as follows:

Permitted Activity

10.9.5.1.7 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

The maximum proportion of the gross site area covered by buildings and other impermeable services shall be 35%.

Proposed Regional Plan

Regional Plan for Northland Rule C.6.4.2 provides for the diversion and discharge of stormwater from outside a public stormwater network provided (amongst other conditions) the diversion and discharge does not cause or increase flooding of land on another property in a storm event of up to and including a 10% Annual Exceedance Probability (AEP) or flooding of buildings on another property in a storm event of up to and including a 1% AEP.

The Regional Plan permitted activity rule does not specifically require attenuation to pre-development levels, provided there is no increase in downstream flooding for the 10% AEP event.



4.2 FNDC Engineering Standards 2023

Reference is made to the FNDC Engineering Standards for design guidance.

Section 4.2.5. Discharge to Land:

Subject to the requirements of the NRC Regional Plans, discharge of stormwater from the development onto land is permitted provided that:

- a. Flooding levels shall not be increased due to the development,
- b. New outlets to any low-lying areas shall be provided or existing outlets retained,
- c. Dispersal of concentrated flow from the development shall be designed to occur at the shortest practicable distance and before a concentrated overland discharge to a neighbouring property occurs and,
- d. An acceptable rate of dispersed discharge from stormwater runoff at the boundary is < 2 litres/sec/m (e.g. flow can be managed via dispersal swale or trench).

Section 4.3.2. Increases to Impervious Surface:

Where any development increases impervious surface, the development shall be assessed in accordance with Section 4.1.2 Objectives and Section 4.1.3 Performance Standards to determine the requirements, if any, for water quality and quantity controls.

Design of new development or alteration to existing development, resulting in increased impervious surface shall also comply with the NRC.

Section 4.1.3 Performance Standards:

- e. The primary stormwater system shall be capable of conveying <u>10% AEP</u> design storm events without surcharge (see Section 4.3.9 Hydrological Design Criteria).
- h. Development shall not increase peak discharge rates to receiving environment. An increase may be acceptable for large events where it is demonstrated that there are no adverse effects (including potential, future, or cumulative effects), on the environment or downstream properties as a result of the increase.
- i. The stormwater system shall provide the required amount of treatment through the use of low impact design and sustainable solutions (See Sections 4.3.20 Soakage Devices and 4.3.21 Stormwater Treatment and Detention Devices.

Table 4.1 Minimum Design Summary:

Climate change adjusted rainfall shall be used for determining post-development stormwater runoff flows and volumes for stormwater infrastructure design.

4.3 Impermeable Surfaces

The pre and post development areas have been provided by Spooner Architectural Solutions concept plan drawings, this information is shown below in Table 2 and concept plan drawings are provided in **Appendix B**.



Table 2 - Impermeable Surfaces

Component	Coverage (m²)					
Existing Surfaces						
Dwelling roof	96.8					
Gravel driveway	314					
Total Impermeable Surfaces (Existing)	410.8					
Site Area	1,935					
% site coverage	21.2%					
Proposed Surfaces						
New dwelling roof	245.6					
Accommodation roof	45.3					
Pool	11.5					
Driveway (Concrete)	311.7					
Paved area	58.0					
Total Impermeable Surfaces (Proposed)	672.1					
Site area	1,935					
% site coverage	34.7%					

^{*}District Plan definition for impermeable surfaces does not include water tanks up to 20 m² area, slatted timber decks and pathways

The proposed re-development will result in impermeable surfaces of 34.7% which is below the Permitted Activity threshold of 35%.

4.4 Current Stormwater Management

The site slopes steeply towards Oneroa Bay (located approximately 80 m east of the site).

Roof runoff is currently collected in 1 x 25,000 L above ground concrete rainwater tank for domestic supply. The rainwater tank overflow discharges via a 150 mm diameter PVC connection to a scruffy dome manhole in the southeast corner of the site located on the Council 225 mm diameter stormwater pipeline. See photographic documentation provided in **Appendix C**.

Stormwater modelling by FNDC (Flood modelling 2007 by GHD Consultants) displayed on the FNDC GIS provides pipeline flows for various scenarios.

The GHD model indicates no secondary overland flow, even for the Maximum Probable Development + Climate Change (MPD + CC) scenario. Only on Long Beach Road is there some minor overland flow for the MPD + CC scenario. See Figure 3 below.





Figure 3 – GHD flood modelling assessment data for existing stormwater pipe (Source: FNDC GIS Webservice)

4.5 Effects on Run-off

The peak stormwater run-off for the pre and post scenarios were calculated using Verification Method E1 Surface Water Rational Method for the 10% AEP + CC rainfall event.

For design rainfall intensities, including an allowance for climate change, we have adopted HIRDS V4 rainfall estimates adjusted with the RCP 6.0 climate change scenario projected out to the 2081-2100 time period. This accounts for 1.63°C of warming and an associated increase in rainfall of approximately 20%. The minimum time of concentration for surface runoff will be 10 minutes. HIRDS V4 rainfall adjusted data is provided below in Table 3.

Table 3 - HIRDS Rainfall Intensity Data

			<u> </u>										
ARI ¹	AEP ²	10m	20m	30m	1hr	2hrs	6hrs	12hrs	24hrs	48hrs	72hrs	96hrs	120hrs
1.58	0.633	77.5	56.7	46.8	33.1	22.7	11.6	7.28	4.42	2.57	1.84	1.44	1.18
2	0.5	85.5	62.5	51.6	36.6	25.1	12.9	8.07	4.88	2.85	2.04	1.59	1.31
5	0.2	113	82.4	68.1	48.3	33.2	17	10.7	6.47	3.78	2.71	2.12	1.74
10	0.1	132	97	80.2	56.9	39.1	20.1	12.6	7.65	4.47	3.21	2.51	2.06
20	0.05	153	112	92.4	65.6	45.1	23.3	14.6	8.84	5.18	3.71	2.9	2.38
30	0.033	164	121	99.7	70.8	48.7	25.1	15.8	9.55	5.6	4.01	3.14	2.58
40	0.025	173	127	105	74.4	51.2	26.5	16.6	10.1	5.89	4.23	3.31	2.72
50	0.02	179	132	109	77.3	53.2	27.5	17.3	10.5	6.13	4.39	3.44	2.83
60	0.017	185	135	112	79.6	54.8	28.3	17.8	10.8	6.32	4.54	3.55	2.91
80	0.013	193	142	117	83.3	57.4	29.6	18.6	11.3	6.62	4.75	3.71	3.05
100	0.01	199	146	121	86.1	59.3	30.7	19.3	11.7	6.85	4.91	3.85	3.16
250	0.004	225	165	137	97.2	67	34.7	21.9	13.2	7.76	5.57	4.36	3.59

Annual Recurrence Interval (ARI), or return period, is the average number of years expected to pass before an event of a certain magnitude
occurs.

^{2.} Annual Exceedance Probability (AEP) is the probability, expressed as a percentage, of a specific event occurring in any year.



Runoff coefficients were taken from Council Engineering Standards 2023 Table 4.3, provided below in Table 3.

Table 4 - Run-off Coefficient (C)

Surface Type	Adopted C
Roofs	0.96
Concrete	0.96
Paved areas	0.96
Gravel	0.80
Grass / landscape	0.59

FNDC Engineering Standards 2023 Table 4.1. <u>Climate change adjusted rainfall</u> shall be used for determining post-development stormwater runoff flows and volumes for <u>stormwater infrastructure design</u>.

Pre and post development runoff quantities are calculated below in Tables 5 and 6 for the 10% AEP + CC rainfall event.

Table 5 - Post-development runoff

Component	Area (m²)	С	I ₁₀ (mm/hr)	Q (L/s)
New dwelling roof	245.6	0.96	132	8.65
Accommodation roof	45.3	0.96	132	1.59
Pool	11.5	1	132	0.42
Driveway (concrete)	311.7	0.96	132	10.97
Paved area	58.0	0.96	132	2.04
Grass / Landscape	1262.9	0.59	132	27.32
Total	1935.0			51.00

Table 6 - Pre-development runoff

Component	Area (m²)	С	I ₁₀ (mm/hr)	Q (L/s)
House roof	96.8	0.96	132	3.41
Driveway (gravel)	314.0	0.80	132	9.21
Grass / Landscape	1524.2	0.59	132	32.97
Total	1935.0			45.59
Additional Run-off				5.41

The proposed development will result in an increase in peak stormwater runoff of 5.41 litres / second during the 10% AEP event.

4.6 Proposed Stormwater System

Communication between Haigh Workman and FNDC confirmed that stormwater attenuation is not required due to there being adequate capacity within the Council stormwater system to accept the additional flow. Refer email correspondence at **Appendix D**.

Stormwater runoff from the site shall be managed so that flows are discharged in a controlled manner into the existing Council stormwater network located on the southern boundary of the site. Controls shall comprise:

 Concentrated flows from roof tank overflows, downpipes, paved areas and the like shall be piped to the Council stormwater network. See Recommended Stormwater Connection provided in Appendix A.

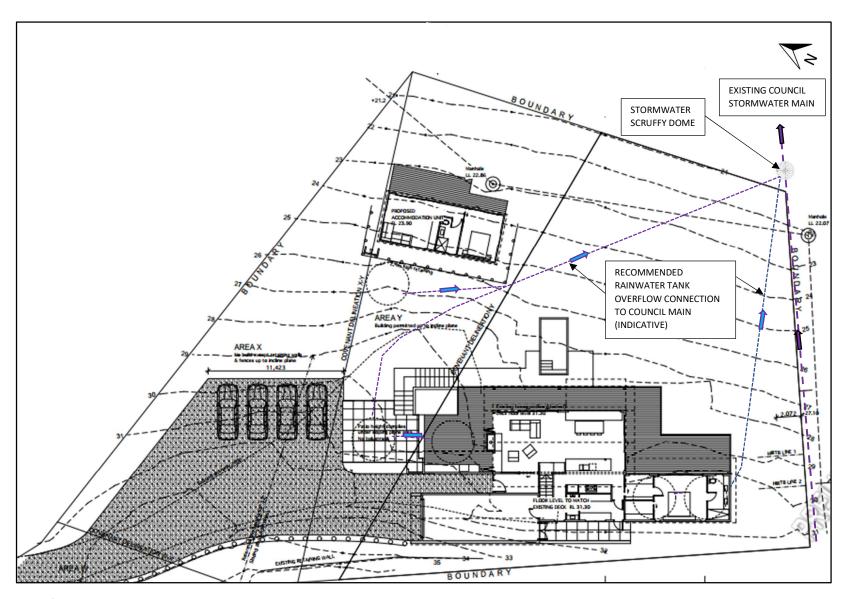


Appendix A – Drawings

Drawing No.	Title
25 149 / 1	Site Location Plan
25 149 / 2	Recommended Stormwater Connection



25 149 / 1 – Site Location Plan

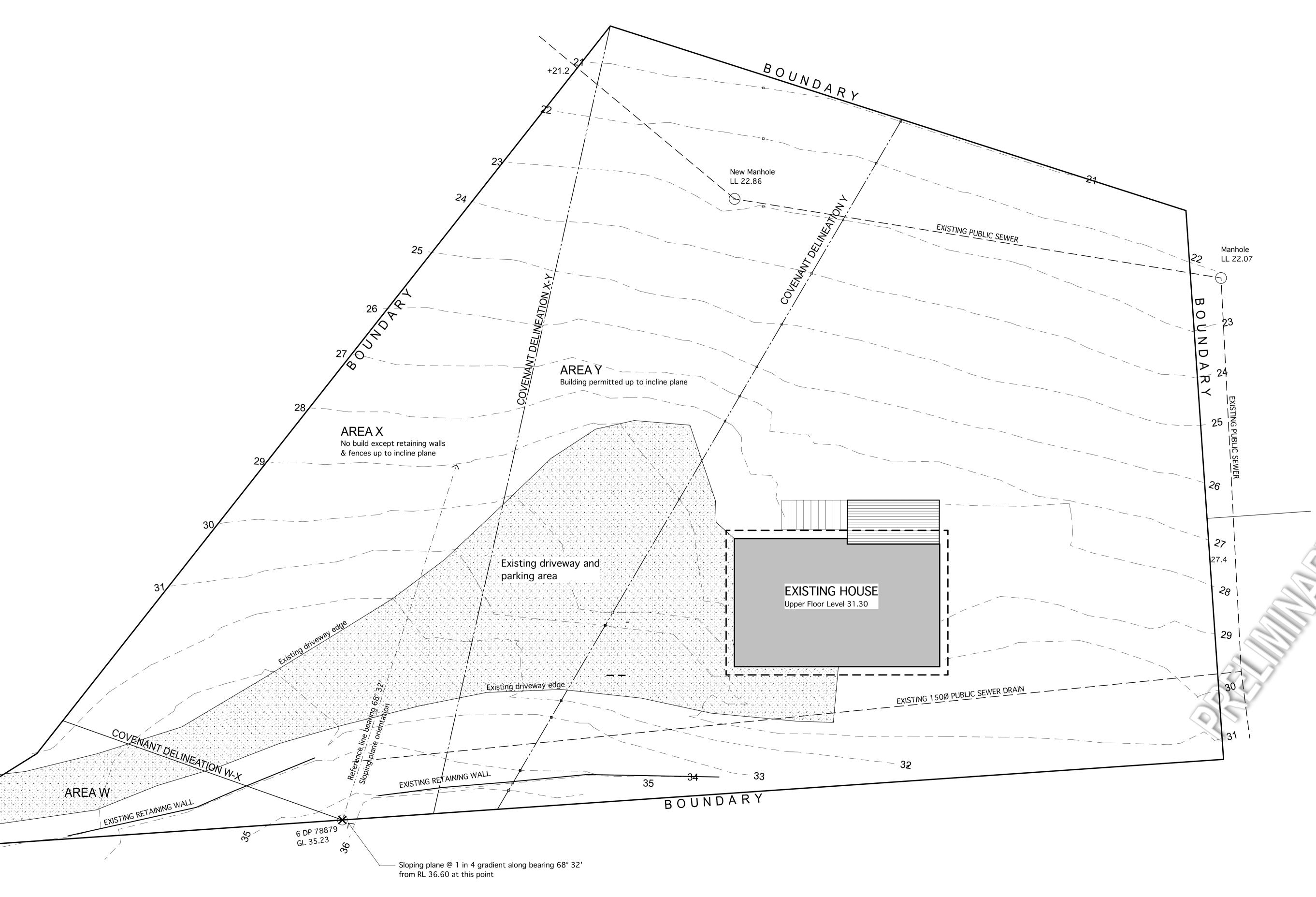


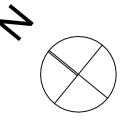
25 149 / 2 – Recommended Stormwater Connection



Appendix B – Concept Plan Drawings

(Source: Spooner Architectural Solutions Limited)





LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Lot 16 DP 20248 Area: 1,935 m²

A RESOURCE CONSENT 19/08/25

REVISIONS

DRAWING

EXISTING SITE PLAN

PROPOSED NEW HOUSE & ACCOMMODATION UNIT 41 LONG BEACH ROAD RUSSELL



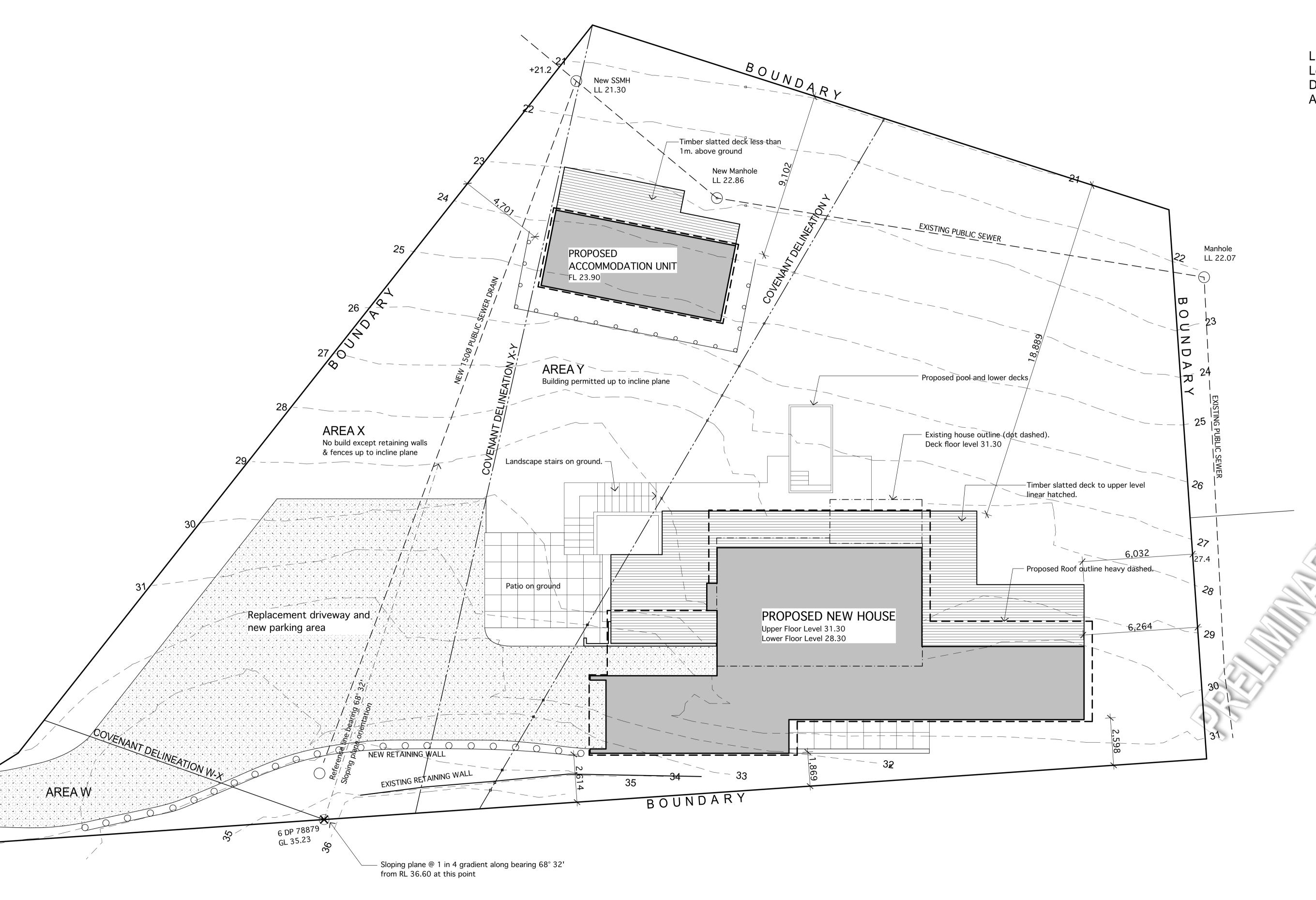
PO Box 10 KERIKERI 0245
e: paul@spoonersolutions.co.nz

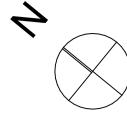
p: (09) 407 3107 m: 027 289 1221

C Spooner Architectural Services Ltd.

SCALE SHEET No.

1:100 @ A1 RC01





LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Lot 16 DP 20248 Area: 1,935 m²

A RESOURCE CONSENT 19/08/25

REVISIONS

DRAWING

PROPOSED SITE

PLAN

PROPOSED NEW HOUSE & ACCOMMODATION UNIT 41 LONG BEACH ROAD RUSSELL



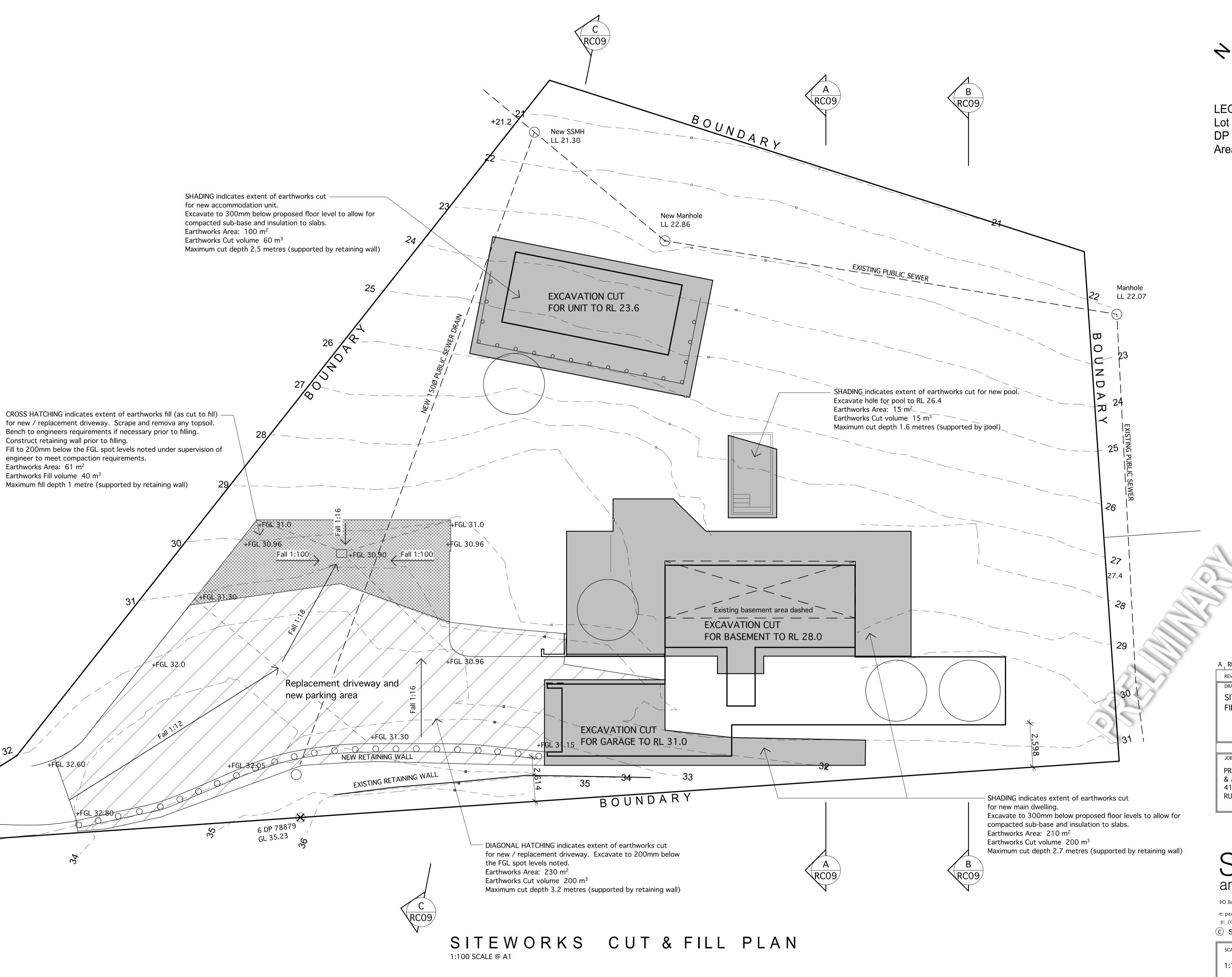
PO Box 10 KERIKERI 0245
e: paul@spoonersolutions.co.nz

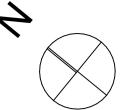
p: (09) 407 3107 m: 027 289 1221

C Spooner Architectural Services Ltd.

SCALE SHEET No.

1:100 @ A1 RC02





LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Lot 16 DP 20248 Area: 1,935 m²

A RESOURCE CONSENT 19/08/25

REVISIONS

DRAWING
SITEWORKS CUT &
FILL PLAN

PROPOSED NEW HOUSE & ACCOMMODATION UNIT 41 LONG BEACH ROAD RUSSELL

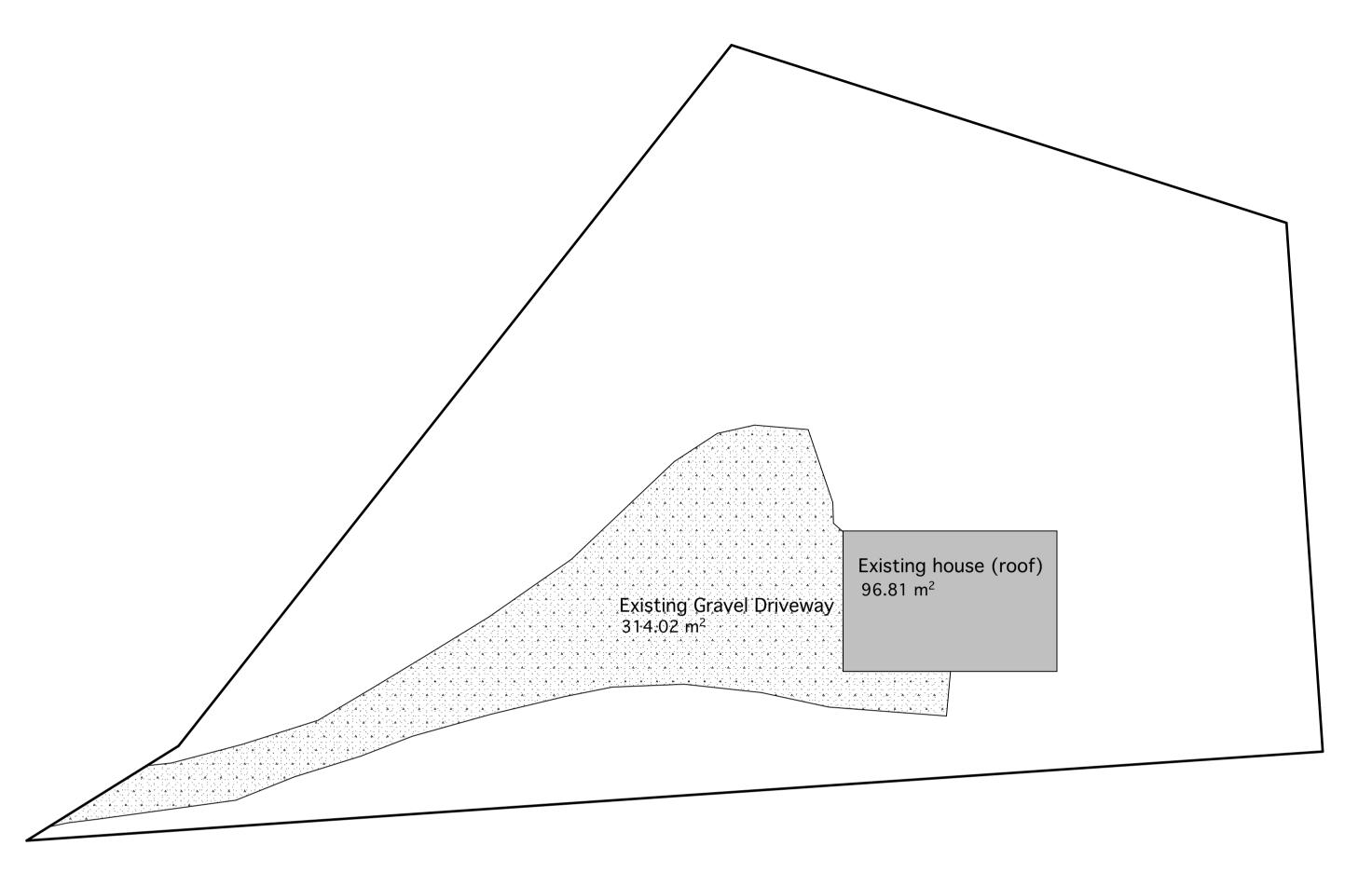


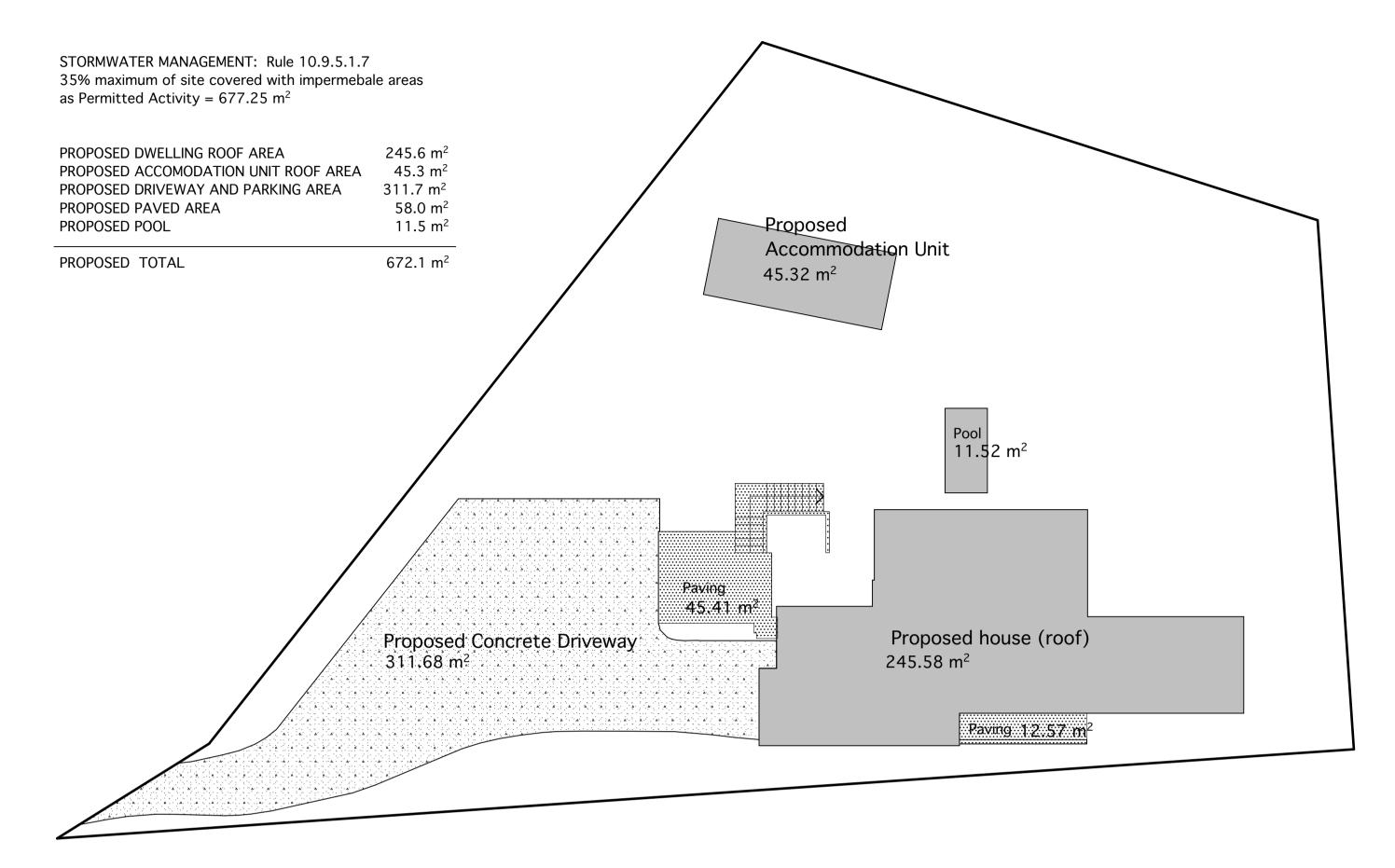
PO Box 10 KERIKERI 0245
e: paul@spoonersolutions.co.nz

p: (09) 407 3107 m: 027 289 1221

C Spooner Architectural Services Ltd.

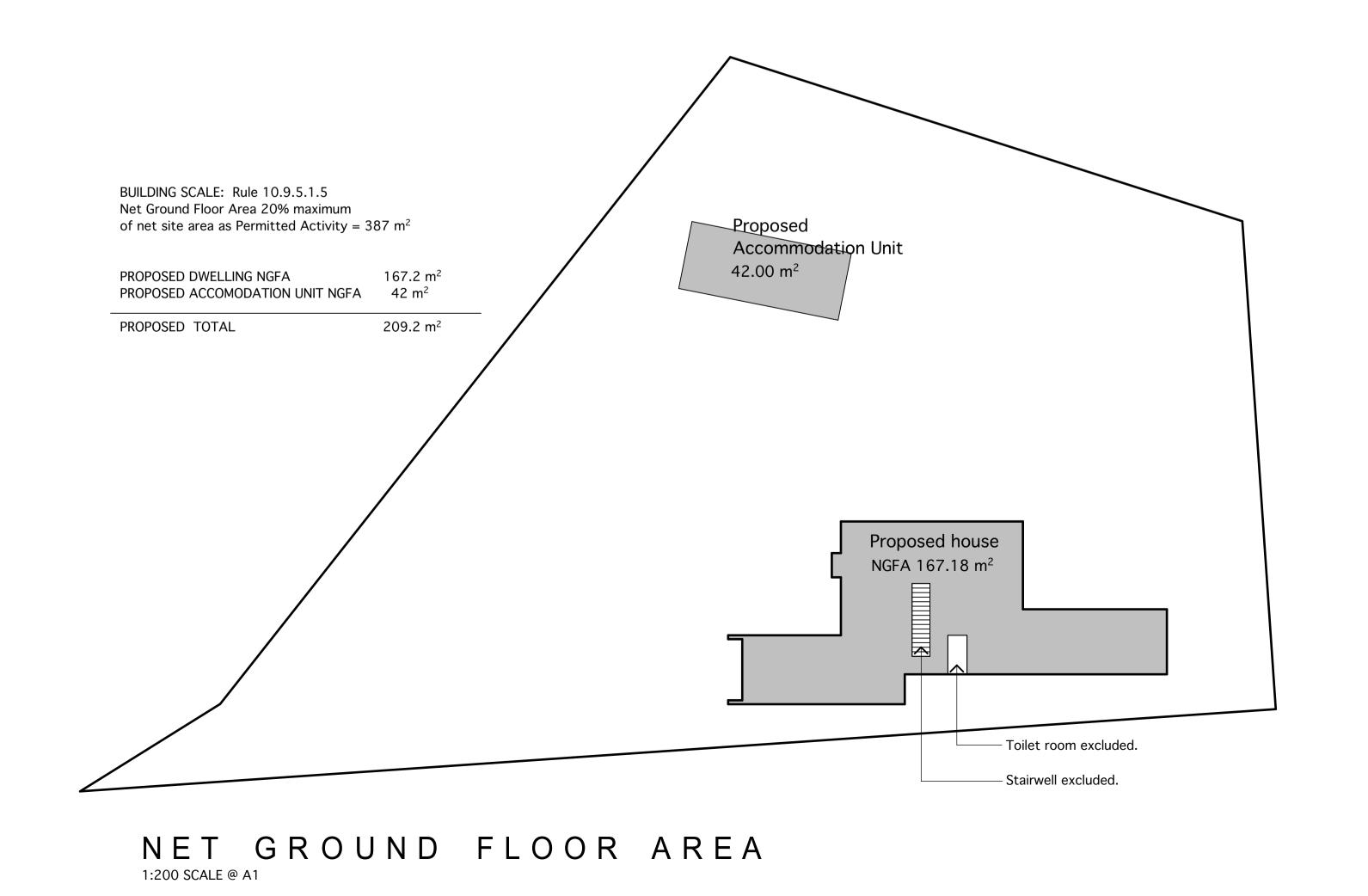
SCALE SHEET No.
1:100 @ A1 RC03





EXISTING IMPERMEABLE COVERAGE
1:200 SCALE @ A1

PROPOSED IMPERMEABLE COVERAGE
1:200 SCALE @ A1



A RESOURCE CONSENT 19/08/25

REVISIONS

DRAWING

SITE COVERAGE

CALCULATIONS

JOB

PROPOSED NEW HOUSE

& ACCOMMODATION UNIT

41 LONG BEACH ROAD

RUSSELL

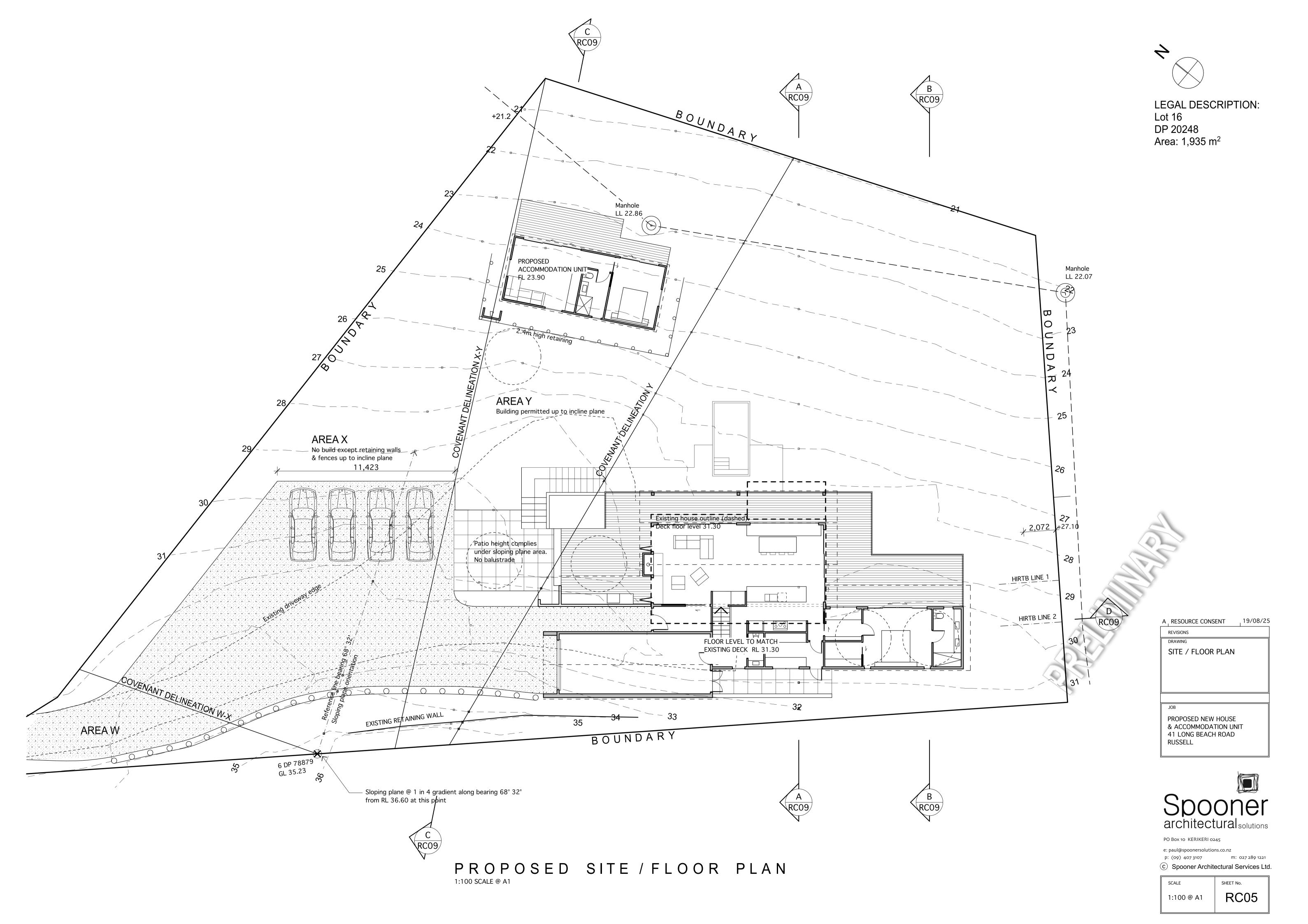
e: paul@spoonersolutions.co.nz
p: (09) 407 3107 m: 027 289 1221

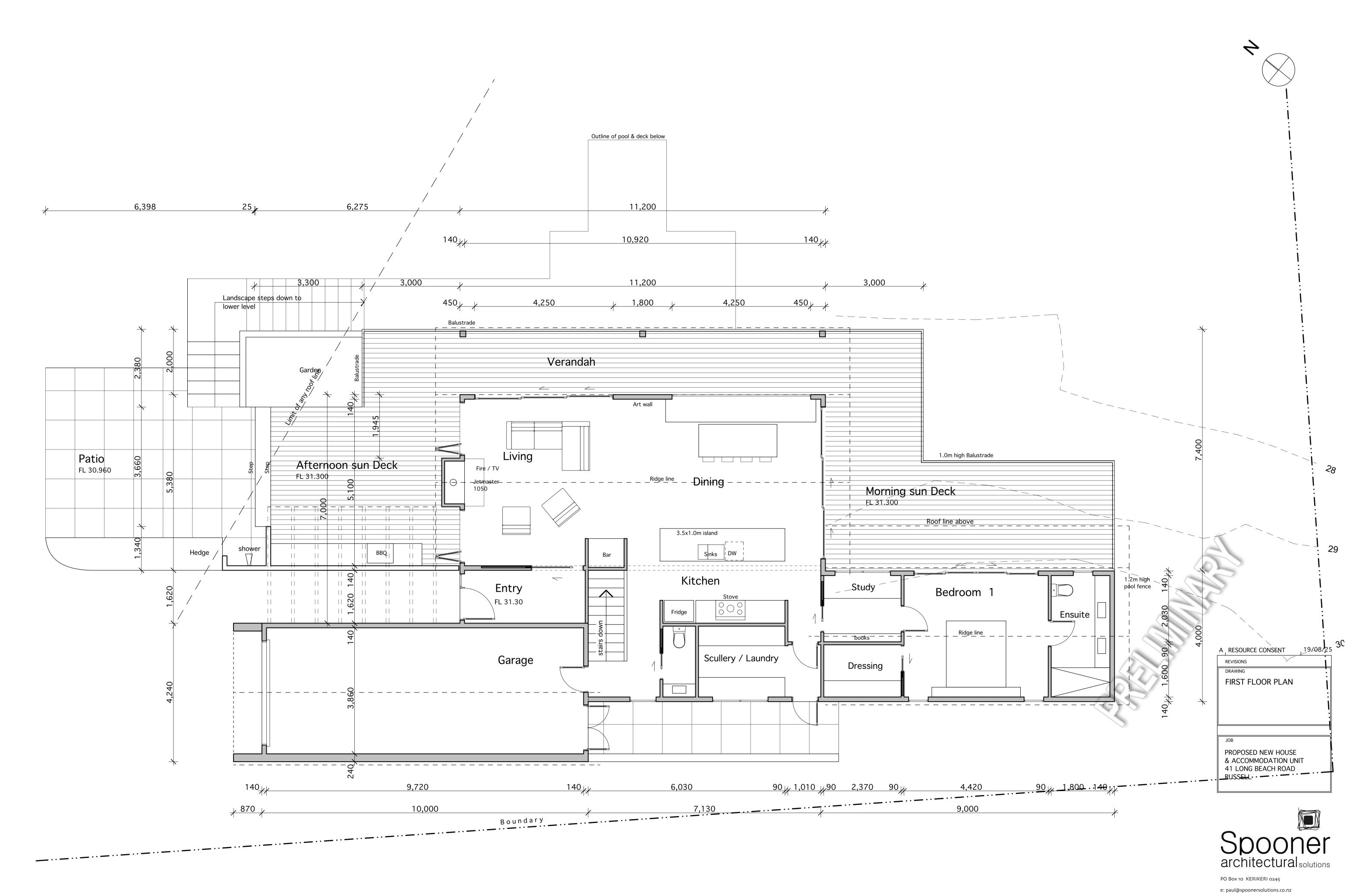
C Spooner Architectural Services Ltd.

SCALE SHEET No.

architecturalsolutions

1:200 @ A1 RC04





p: (09) 407 3107

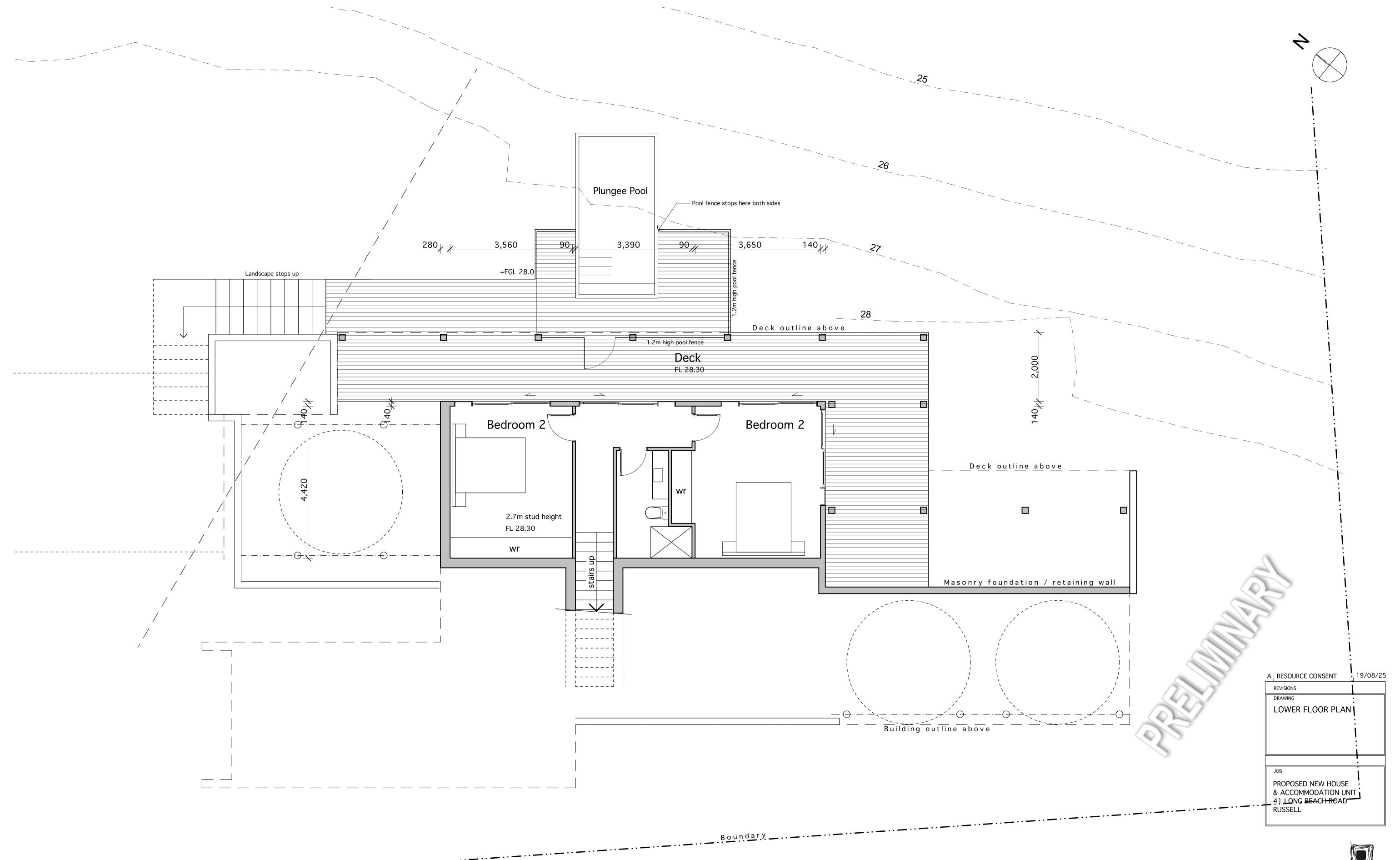
1:50 @ A1

SCALE

© Spooner Architectural Services Ltd.

SHEET No.

RC06



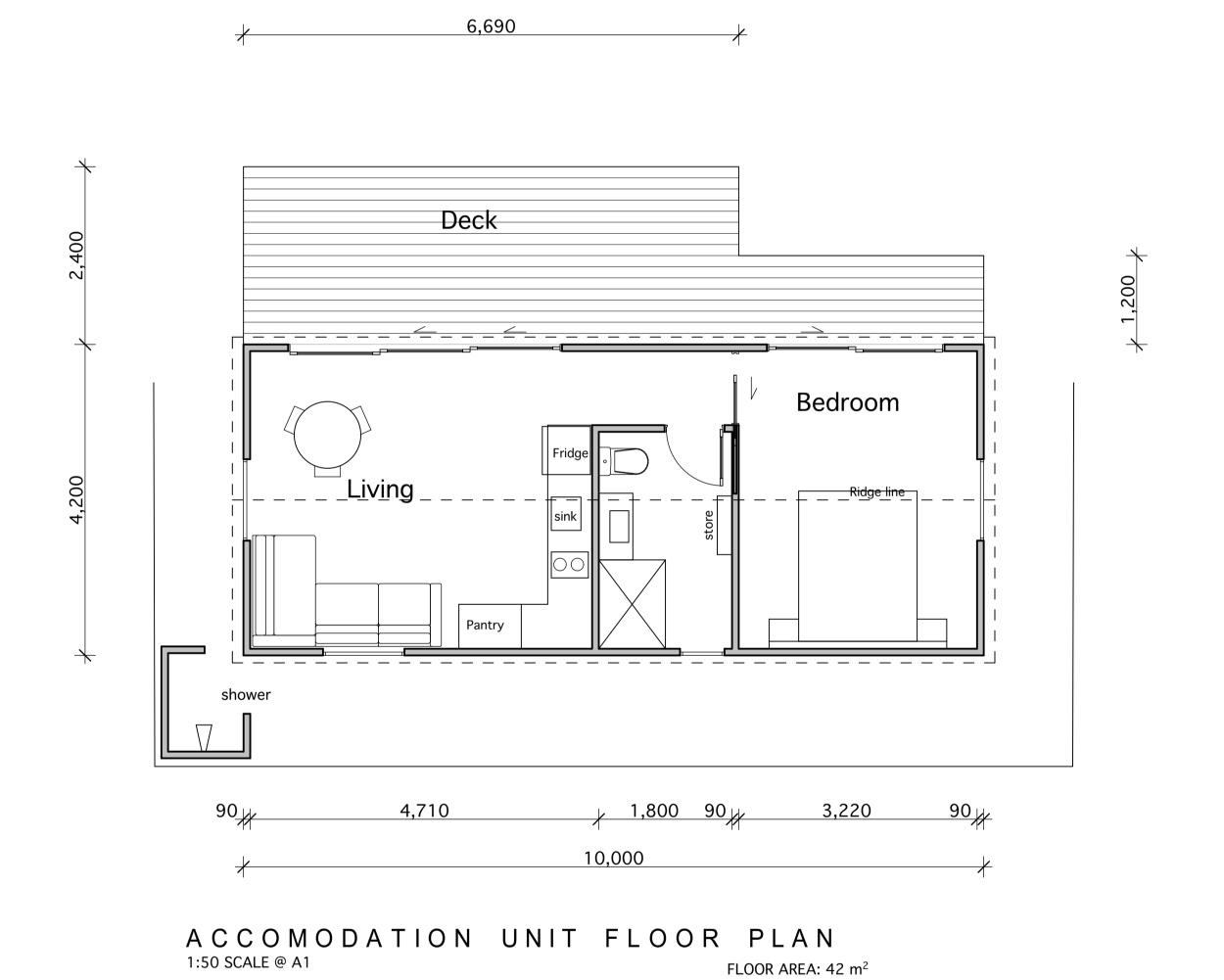


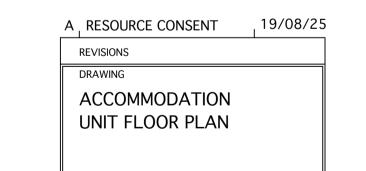
PO Box 10 KERIKERI 0245
e: paul@spoonersolutions.co.nz
p: (09) 407 3107

© Spooner Architectural Services Ltd.

SCALE SHEET No.

1:50 @ A1 RC07





JOB

PROPOSED NEW HOUSE & ACCOMMODATION UNIT 41 LONG BEACH ROAD RUSSELL

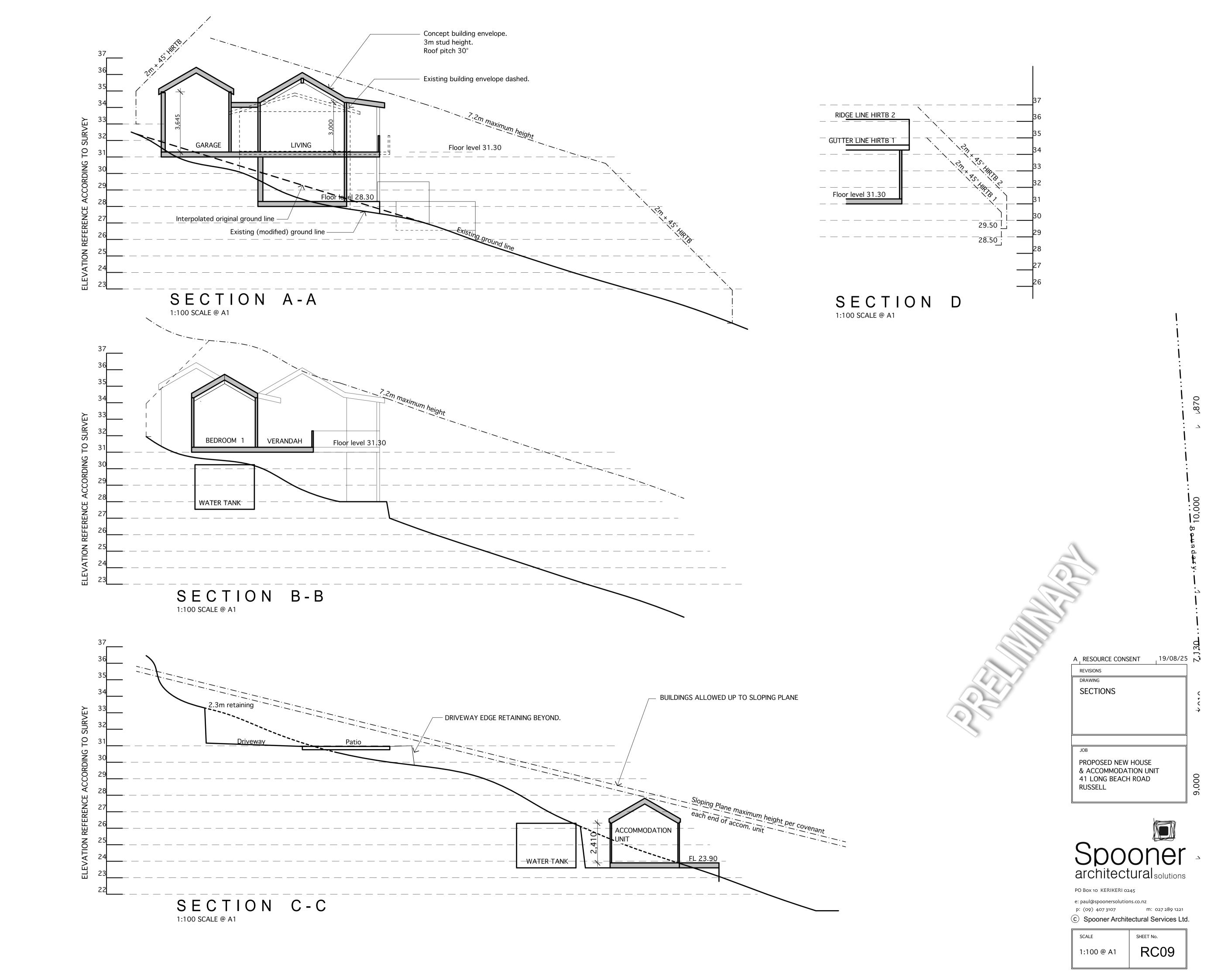


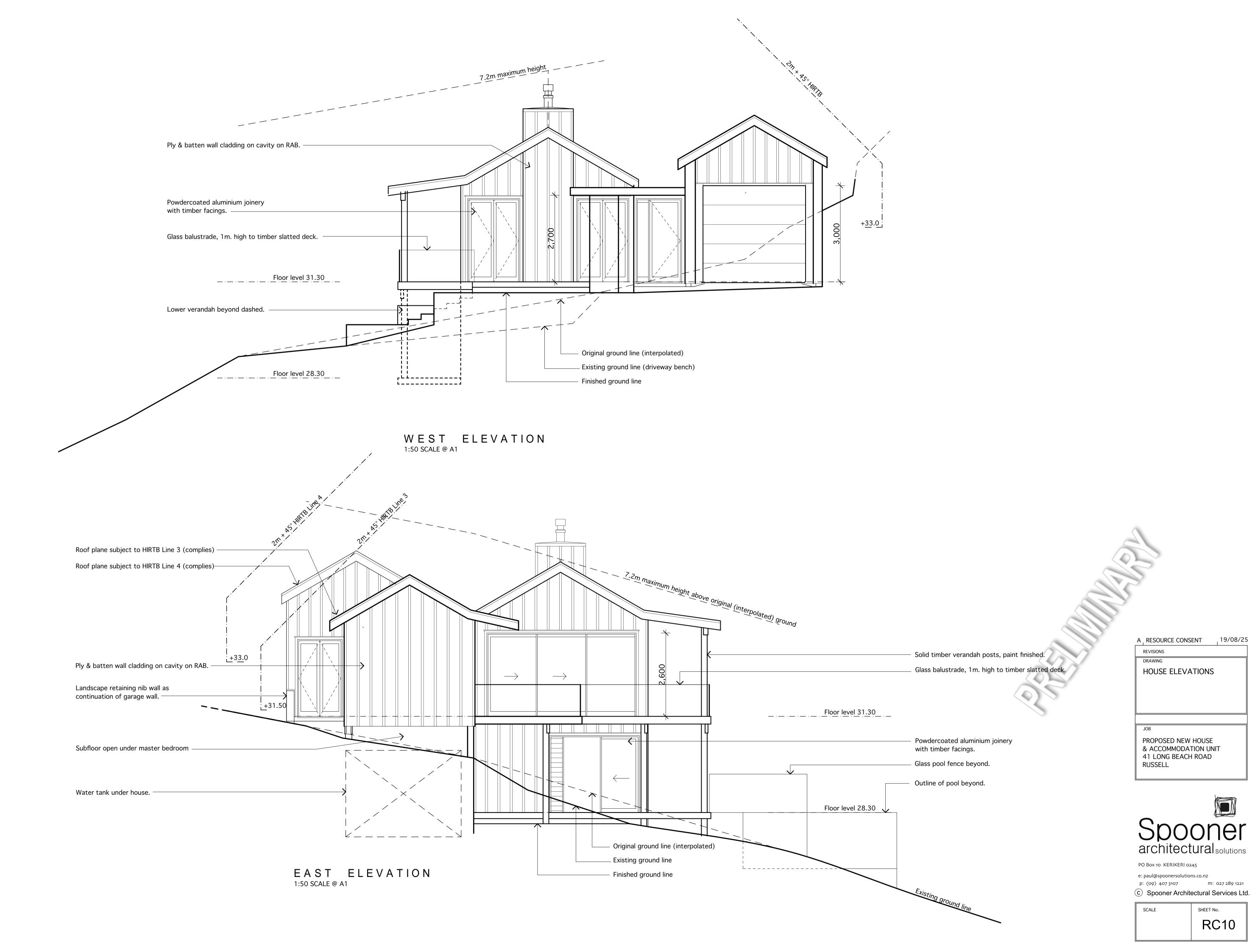
PO Box 10 KERIKERI 0245

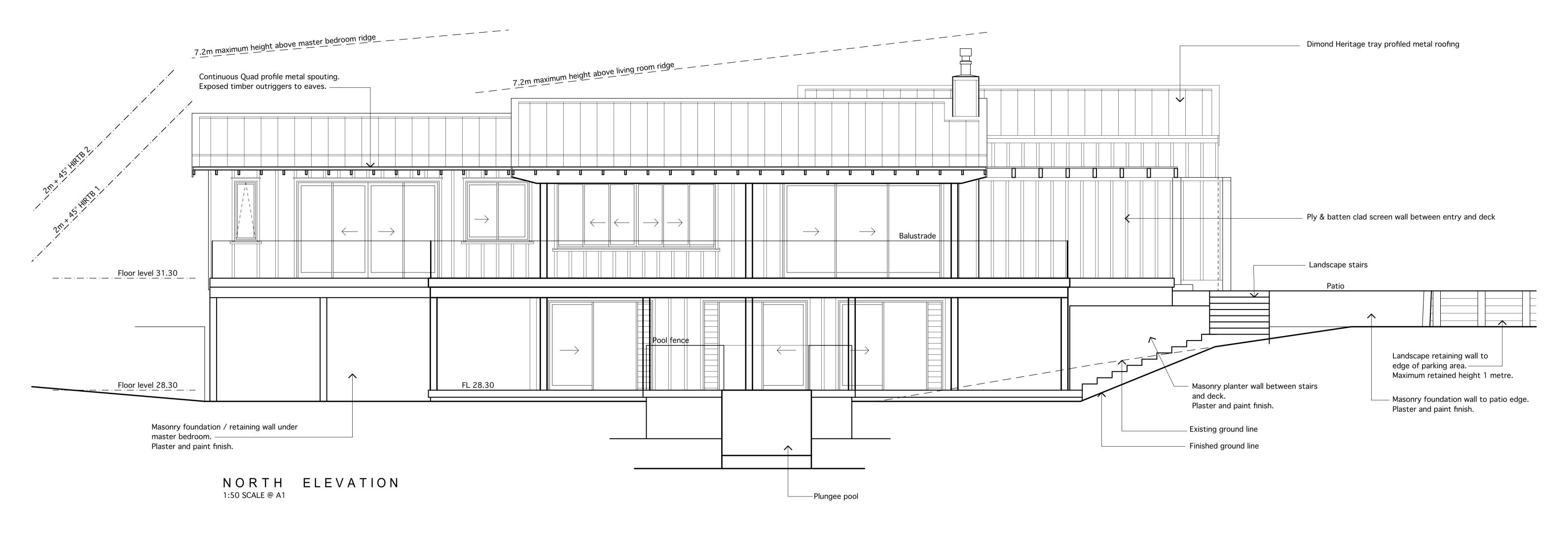
e: paul@spoonersolutions.co.nz p: (09) 407 3107 m: 027 289 12

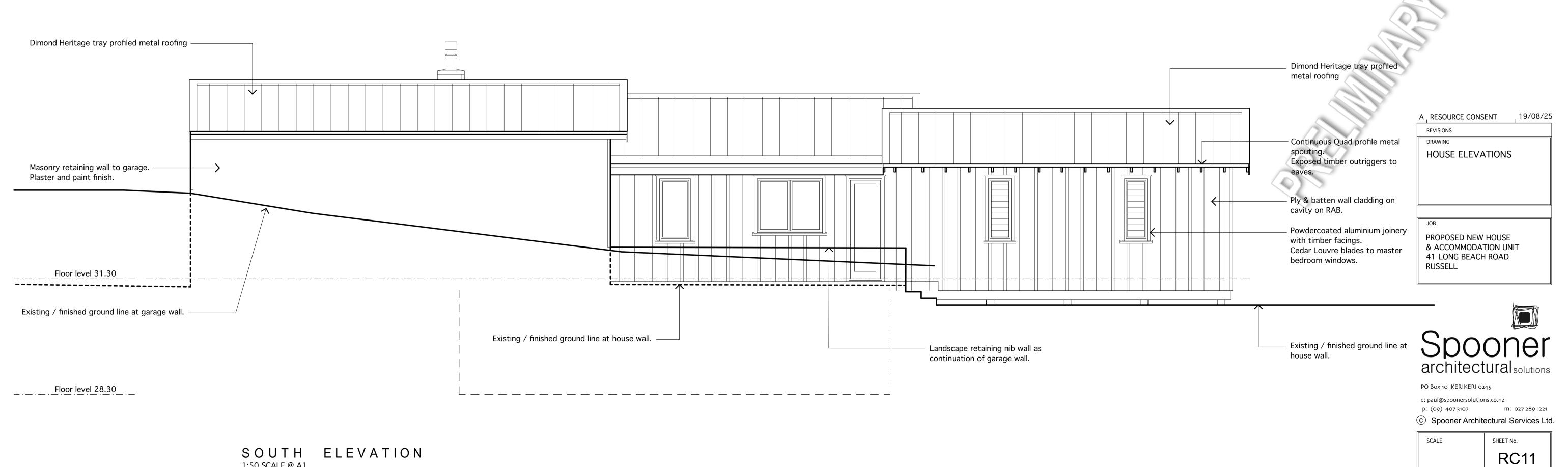
© Spooner Architectural Services Ltd.

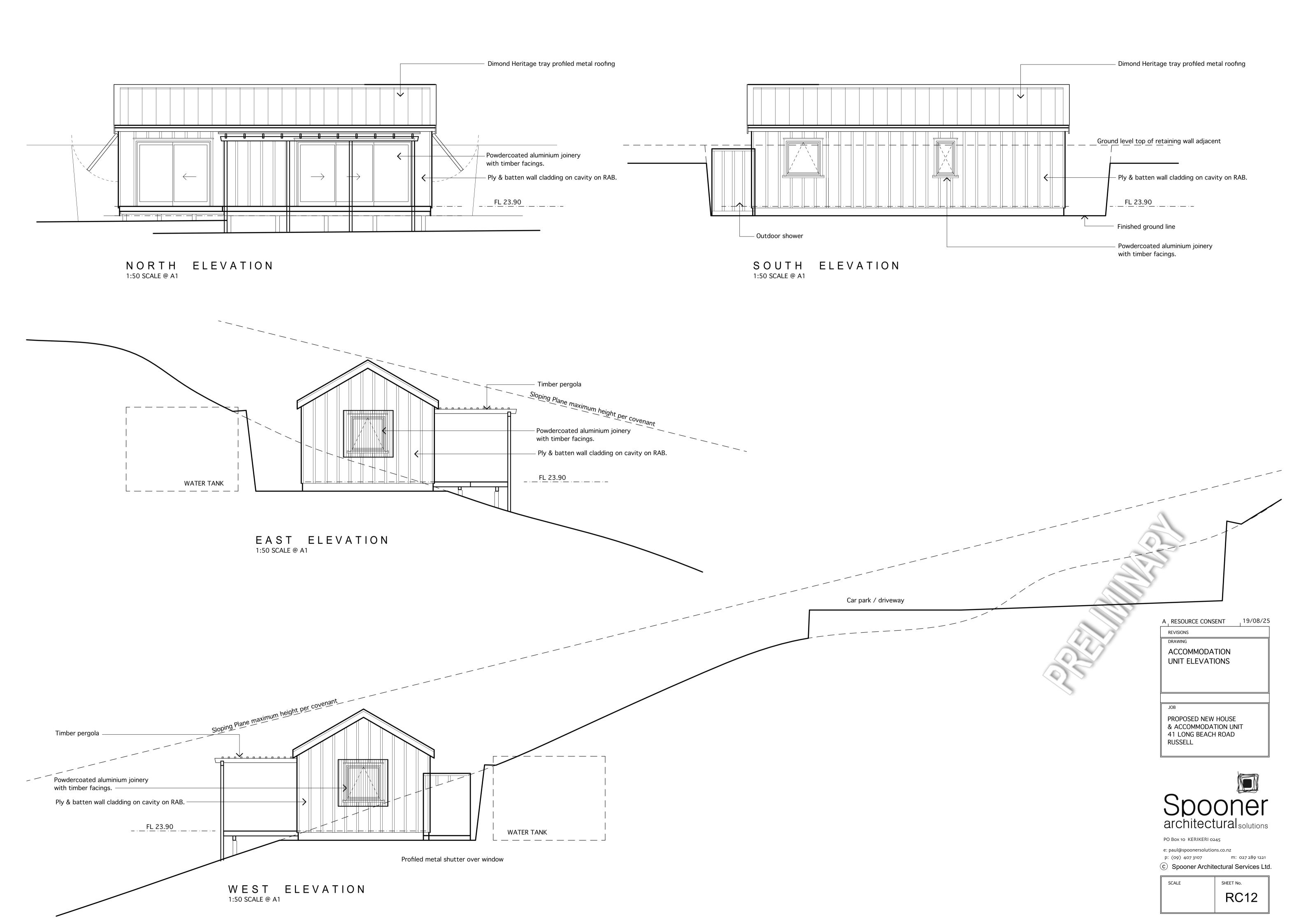
1:50 @ A1 RC08













Appendix C – Photographic Documentation



 $\underline{Photograph\ 1}$ – View from the gravelled driveway looking south towards the existing dwelling and Oneroa Bay in the background.



<u>Photograph 2</u> – View from the eastern boundary of the site looking up towards the west to the existing dwelling.





<u>Photograph 3</u> – View from driveway towards the southeast, location of HW staff member on the grass is the approx. location of the proposed accommodation building.



<u>Photograph 4</u> – Stormwater scruffy dome manhole cover located on the southeast corner of the property.





<u>Photograph 5</u> – Stormwater manhole configuration located at the southeast corner of the site. A 150 mm PVC lot connection is visible in the photograph at the top right corner.



<u>Photograph 6</u> – Approx. location of proposed accommodation building looking south across the wastewater manhole (bottom right of photograph) and the southeast corner of the site (location of stormwater scruffy dome / manhole).



Appendix D – Email Correspondence

Aaron Thorburn

From: Losaline Finekifolau <Losaline.Finekifolau@fndc.govt.nz>

Friday, 29 August 2025 3:50 pm Sent:

Tom Adcock To: Aaron Thorburn Cc:

Subject: RE: 25 149: 41 Long Beach Road Russell

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status: Flagged

Hi Tom.

Thank you for your email.

Just confirming that attenuation will not be required given that the impermeable surfaces are within the permitted thresholds as well as the fact that there is no flooding onsite or downstream.

Let me know if you have any further questions.

Ngā mihi



Te Kaunihera o Te Hiku o te Ika | Far North District Council

Pokapū Kōrero 24-hāora | 24-hour Contact Centre 0800 920 029

fndc.govt.nz





From: Tom Adcock <tom@haighworkman.co.nz>

Sent: Thursday, 28 August 2025 5:03 pm

To: Losaline Finekifolau <Losaline.Finekifolau@fndc.govt.nz>

Cc: Aaron Thorburn <aaron@haighworkman.co.nz>

Subject: 25 149: 41 Long Beach Road Russell

You don't often get email from tom@haighworkman.co.nz. Learn why this is important

CAUTION: This email originated from outside Far North District Council.

Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognise the sender and know the content is safe.

Good afternoon Losaline,

Rinku passed me your contact details.

We have been engaged to provide SW design for redevelopment of this site.

The site is steep so all concentrated SW runoff from developed surfaces will need to be collected and discharged into the Council 225mm pipe running down the SE boundary.

There is a MH at the eastern corner of the site that makes a convenient connection point.

The GHD model indicates no secondary overland flow, even for the MPD + CC scenario. See snip below. Only at the beach road is there some minor overland flow for the MPD + CC scenario only. See snip below. Total impermeable surfaces including gravel driveway will be 411m2 or 21.2%

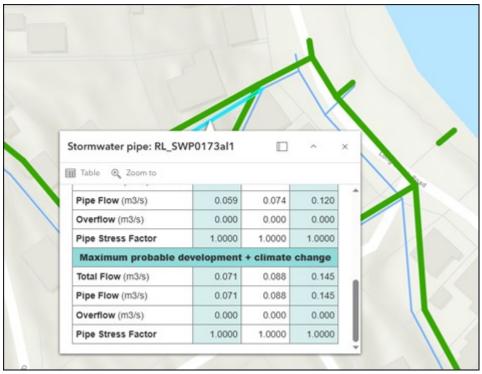
The site is Russell Township which I take to be part of the urban environment and hence Residential.

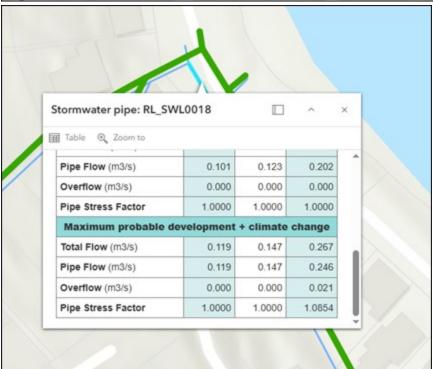
Rule 7.6.5.1.6 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT - The maximum proportion of the gross site area covered by buildings and other impermeable surfaces shall be 50%.

Given the pipe capacity and 50% impermeable surfaces will Council accept unattenuated but clean of any debris stormwater run-off directly into the council system?

Many thanks







Best regards

Tom Adcock 021 441 915

Senior Civil Engineer - Haigh Workman Ltd Phone 09 407 8327 | DDI 09 283 5921 tom@haighworkman.co.nz



Geotechnical Investigation Report
Proposed Dwelling
41 Long Beach Road, Russell
Lot 16, Deposited Plan 20248
For
Bill and Paula Wallace

August 2025

Haigh Workman reference 25 149





Revision History

Revision Nº	Issued By	Description	Date
Α	Josh Curreen	First Issue	August 2025

Prepared By Reviewed By

Senior Geotechnical Engineer

osh Curreen

MEngNZ

Senior Geotechnical Engineer

CPEng, CMEngNZ

ne Thorburn

t:\clients\bill and paula wallace\25 149 - 41 long beach road, russell\engineering\geotech\report\25 149 geotech report.docx

i 25 149 Rev A



TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Revisio	n Historyi				
Exe	cutive	Summary 3				
1	1 Introduction					
	1.1	Project Brief and Scope4				
	1.2	Proposed Development4				
	1.3	Site Description5				
2	Geolo	pgy				
	2.1	Published Geology6				
3	Groui	nd Investigations				
	3.1	Subsurface Investigations				
	3.2	Ground Conditions				
	3.3	Laboratory Testing8				
4	Geote	echnical Assessment				
	4.1	Geotechnical Design Parameters9				
	4.2	Seismic Hazard and Liquefaction Potential9				
	4.3	Slope Stability Assessment9				
5	Found	dation Recommendations10				
	5.1	General				
	5.2	Shrink Swell Soil Characteristics				
	5.3	Seismic Site Subsoil Category11				
	5.4	Shallow Foundations				
	5.5	Piled Foundations				
6	Const	ruction13				
	6.1	Earthworks				
	6.2	Retaining Walls				
	6.3	Stormwater Disposal				
	6.4	Existing Services				



Geotechnical Investigation Report Proposed Dwelling 41 Long Beach Road, Russell Lot 16, Deposited Plan 20248 Bill and Paula Wallace

August	20)25

	6.5	Geotechnical Review	15
	6.6	Construction Observations	16
7	Limi	tations	16
Аp	pendi	x A – Drawings	17
Аp	pendi	x B – Hand Auger Logs	18
Аp	pendi	x C – Laboratory Test Results	19
Аp	pendi	x D – Client Provided Drawings	20
Аp	pendi	x E – PS4 Advisory Note	21
TΑ	BLES		
Tal	ole 1: 9	Summary of Borehole Results	7
Tal	ole 2: G	Seotechnical Design Parameters	9
Tal	ole 3: A	tterberg Limits and Linear Shrinkage Test Results	10
Tal	ole 4: 1	Fimber Pole Foundation Design Parameters	13
FIG	URES		
Fig	ure 1: \$	Site Location	5
Fig	ure 2: (Geological Map (Whangarei Map, 1:250,000)	6
Fig	ure 3: (Casagrande Chart	11
Fig	ure 4: ⁻	Typical Drain Bridging Detail (Watercare - WW54)	12





August 2025

Executive Summary

Civil & Structural Engineers

Haigh Workman Limited (Haigh Workman) was engaged by Bill and Paula Wallace to undertake a geotechnical investigation for a proposed residential development at Lot 16, DP 20248, 41 Long Beach Road, Russell. The proposed works include demolition of the existing dwelling and construction of a new two-storey residence, a single-storey accommodation unit, a plunge pool, and associated earthworks and retaining structures.

Subsurface investigations revealed stiff to very stiff residual soils of the Waipapa Group, underlain by non-certified fill and topsoil in some areas around the existing dwelling.

No signs of deep-seated instability was observed, though local slumping was noted along the driveway cut. Provided the recommendations outlined in this report are followed, the site is considered stable and suitable for construction of the new dwelling and accommodation unit.

Shallow foundations are generally considered suitable for the dwelling and accommodation unit, with some piling required for decks, verandas and any other parts of the dwelling on a suspended floor. Bridging piles are required for accommodation unit deck where situated within the zone of influence of the public sewer pipe. Foundation recommendations are outlined in section 5.

Recommendations for the site excavations, filling and retaining walls associated with the proposed development are given in section 6.

It is recommended that the consent drawings are submitted for review to either ourselves, or another professional geotechnical engineer who is familiar with the contents of this report, once they are ready for submission to Council for approval. We recommend this review is carried out in order to check the compatibility of the design with the recommendations given within this report.

The following specific items will need to be addressed prior to and at the time of construction to ensure the foundation soils are consistent with the assumptions made in this geotechnical report:

- 1. Geotechnical drawing review to ensure foundation design is in accordance with the recommendations in this report.
- 2. Observe retaining wall construction, including inspection of pile holes, installation of timber lagging and drainage material. Concrete and timber dockets to be provided to the Engineer for approval.
- 3. Observe foundation excavations for dwelling and other consented structures prior to foundations being poured.

Provision should be allowed for modifying the foundation solution at this time should unforeseen ground conditions be encountered.



1 Introduction

1.1 Project Brief and Scope

Haigh Workman Ltd. (Haigh Workman) was commissioned by Bill and Paula Wallace (the Client) to undertake a geotechnical investigation for a proposed dwelling at 41 Long Beach Road, Russell (Lot 16, DP 20248). This report presents the information gathered during the site investigation, interpretation of data obtained and site-specific geotechnical recommendations relevant to the site.

The scope of this report encompasses the geotechnical suitability in the context of the proposed development as defined in the Short Form Agreement dated 18th July 2025. This appraisal has been designed to assess the subsoil conditions for foundation design and identify geotechnical constraints for the proposed development.

This report provides the following:

- A summary of the published geology with reference to the geotechnical investigations undertaken;
- Analysis of the data obtained from site investigations, providing a geotechnical ground model;
- Foundation recommendations;
- Provide comment on ground stability and;
- Identification of any additional geotechnical risks and/or hazards.

1.2 Proposed Development

We have been supplied with Spooner Architectural Solutions drawings numbered RC01 to RC12, dated 19/08/25. Based on this information we understand that the proposed development will comprise:

- Removal of the existing dwelling.
- Construction of a new 2 storey dwelling with concrete floor slabs and masonry block retaining walls incorporated within the structure, suspended floors, and timber decks around the north-eastern side of the building. The block wall for the lower level will have a retained height of 3.0 m. Based on the topographical survey and finished floor levels, the block wall for the garage will have a retained height of 3.0 m however, there is an existing retaining approximately 1.0 m upslope of the proposed garage which has a retained height between 1.0 and 1.5 m. The garage wall may need to include the extra retained height OR the existing timber wall can be replaced and designed as a tiered wall system.
- Construction of a new single storey accommodation unit and deck in the northern corner of the site.
 The unit will be founded on a cut platform and concrete slab on-grade foundations, with the cut supported by a timber pole retaining wall up to 2.5 m height.
- A new plunge pool (partially in-ground) to the north-east of the lower decks.
- Earthworks to remediate and construct the new concrete driveway and turning area involving removal of unsuitable fill and replacing with engineered fill, a timber pole wall to support filling up to approximately 1.2 to 1.5 m high.
- Construction of a new timber pole retaining wall along the driveway, supporting cuts up to approximately 3.5 m height. Similar to the garage block wall, the existing timber wall up slope of the



proposed timber pole wall may increase the retained height OR need replacing to incorporate a tiered wall design.

This geotechnical investigation and report consider the geotechnical aspects of the proposed development and the suitability of the ground for a single-storey structure with reference to the proposed development location. Should the proposed development vary from the proposals described above and/or be relocated outside of the investigated areas, further investigation and/or amendments to the recommendations made in this report may be required.

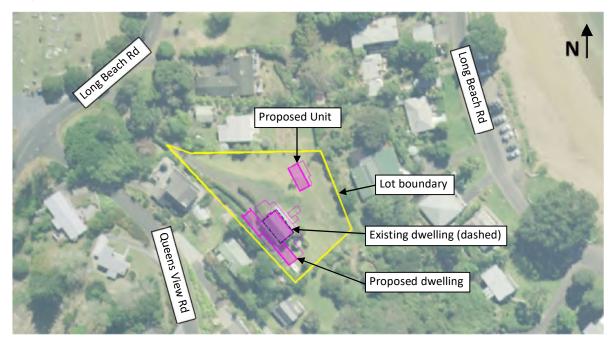


Figure 1: Site Location

1.3 Site Description

The property is legally described as Lot 16, Deposited Plan 20248, and comprises an irregular shaped lot with a total land area of 1,935 m². Access to the site is provided via a metalled driveway off Long Beach Road from the north-west.

The site is currently occupied by an existing 2 storey dwelling with timber decks and retaining along north-eastern side. The existing driveway and building platform have been formed by cut to fill with 2 timber walls adjacent to the south-western boundary, a timber post wall below the existing deck and water tank, and a concrete block wall for the existing lower/basement level.

The site is generally moderately sloping (approximately 18°) down towards the north-east with localised steeper slopes where cutting and fill has been carried out.

At the time of investigation, the site was grassed around the existing dwelling with trees and scrub dotted around the boundaries, a mature Totara tree near the eastern corner of the dwelling and 2 small to medium sized trees adjacent to the proposed accommodation unit.

Far North Atlas water services indicates that public sanitary sewer pipes run through the property. There is a 160 mm diameter sewer pipe, which services the neighbouring property (#2 Queens View Road), running along



the south-western side of the existing dwelling, approximately parallel to the boundary. There is also a sewer pipe running through the lower (north-eastern part of the property) with a manhole located near the northern corner, adjacent to the proposed accommodation unit. The GIS shows this manhole to have an invert level of 21.07 mRL (i.e. approximately 1.8 m depth below existing ground level).

The approximate property boundaries, locations of the proposed development and site features are shown in Appendix A – Drawings.

2 Geology

2.1 Published Geology

Sources of Information:

- Institute of Geological & Nuclear Sciences, 1:250,000 Scale, Geological Map 2, 2009: "Geology of the Whangarei area".
- NZMS 290 Sheet Q 04/05, 1: 100,000 scale, 1980: "Bay of Islands" (Soils)",
- NZMS 290 Sheet Q 04/05, 1: 100,000 scale, 1981: "Bay of Islands" (Rock Types)".

The site is within the bounds of the GNS Geological Map 2 "Geology of the Whangarei area", 1:250,000 scale*. The published geological map indicates the site geology comprises soils of the Waipapa Group (TJw). These soils comprise massive to thin bedded, lithic volcaniclastic sandstone and argillite. The Waipapa Group is of Permian to Jurassic age. An extract of the geological map is shown in Figure 2 below.

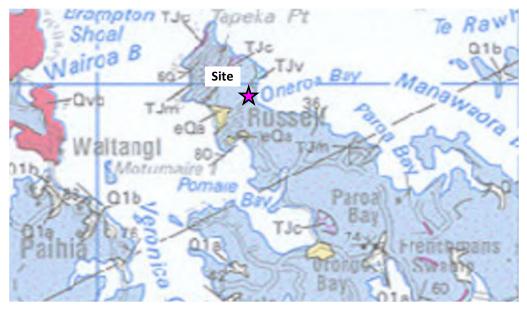


Figure 2: Geological Map (Whangarei Map, 1:250,000)

Further reference to the published New Zealand land inventory maps (Bay of Islands), indicates the site is underlain by 'soils of the rolling and hill country, imperfectly to very poorly drained Rangiora clay, clay loam,

^{*} Edbrooke, S.W; Brook, F.J. (compilers) 2009. Geology of the Whangarei area. Institute of Geological and Nuclear Sciences 1:250 000 geological map 2. 1 sheet + 68 p. Lower Hutt, New Zealand, GNS Science.



and silty clay loam (RA + RAH)'. The underlying material weathers to 'yellow-brown soft sandy clay to depths of 30m'.

Bill and Paula Wallace

3 Ground Investigations

3.1 Subsurface Investigations

Haigh Workman visited the property and undertook geotechnical investigations on 7 August 2025. The investigations comprised the drilling of six hand auger boreholes (HA01 to HA06) to depths of 3.0 to 4.0 metres below ground level (mbgl) located around the general area of the proposed development.

Hand held vane shear strength tests were undertaken at regular intervals during the advancement of the hand augers. Investigations were logged in accordance with The New Zealand Geotechnical Society, "Guidelines for the Field Classification and Description of Soil and Rock for Engineering Purposes" (2005). Investigation locations are shown on the drawings in Appendix A and investigation hand auger logs are included in Appendix B.

3.2 Ground Conditions

Based on the results of the geotechnical investigation conducted by Haigh Workman and review of published geological maps, it is considered that the surface soils directly underlying the proposed development site comprise the natural soils of the Waipapa Group. A surface layer of non-certified fill was encountered in boreholes HA01 to HA04. This filling is inferred to be associated with formation of the existing building platform and driveway.

For the purposes of this report, subsoil conditions on the site have been interpolated between the boreholes and some variation between borehole positions are likely. Detailed logs are presented within Appendix B. Table 1 summarises the materials encountered.

Table 1: Summary of Borehole Results

Borehole Number	Fill	Topsoil	Residual Waipapa Group	Soil Moisture Groundwater Observations
		0.3 to 0.5m		
HA01	0.0 to 0.3m	(buried topsoil)	0.5 to >3.0 m	
		0.2 to 0.4m		
HA02	0.0 to 0.2m	(buried topsoil)	0.4 to >3.0 m	Moist throughout. Groundwater not encountered.
HA03	0.0 to 0.3m	NE	0.3 to >3.0 m	not encountered.
HA04	0.0 to 0.8m	0.8 to 0.9m	0.9 to >3.0 m	
HA05	NE	0.0 to 0.2m	0.2 to >4.0 m	Moist, wet at 1.7mbgl. Groundwater not encountered.
HA06	NE	0.0 to 0.2m	0.2 to >4.0 m	Throughout. Groundwater not encountered.

NE = Not Encountered



Geotechnical Investigation Report Proposed Dwelling 41 Long Beach Road, Russell Lot 16, Deposited Plan 20248 Bill and Paula Wallace HW Ref 25 149

August 2025

3.2.1 **Non-certified Fill**

Fill material was encountered in boreholes HA01 to HA04 to depths between 0.2 and 0.8 mbgl, drilled around the existing building platform. The fill material is underlain by topsoil and is assumed to be non-certified for the purpose of this report.

3.2.2 *Topsoil*

A surface veneer of topsoil was encountered within boreholes HA05 and HA06 to 0.2 mbgl. The buried topsoil encountered in boreholes HA01, HA02 and HA04 was between 0.1 and 0.2 m thick. The topsoil typically comprised dark brown and dark grey brown silt with trace clay, moist to wet and containing trace rootlets.

3.2.3 Waipapa Group

The natural ground conditions were generally consistent between boreholes and are considered to comprise residual soils of the Waipapa Group.

The soils comprised stiff to very stiff yellow brown and light orange brown clays to between 0.7 and 2.6 mbgl, overlying very stiff to hard reddish orange brown and dark orange mottled light grey silt and clayey silt. Vane shear strength test results were generally between 115 kPa and 200 kPa, indicative of stiff to very stiff soils. Recorded vane shear strength tests are shown on the appended borehole logs within Appendix B.

3.2.4 *Groundwater*

Groundwater was not encountered during our site investigations. No evidence of groundwater seepage or static groundwater level was observed during the drilling of the hand auger boreholes. Soil moisture observations were recorded with soils noted as being moist.

Groundwater levels can and do fluctuate and higher groundwater levels may be encountered following periods of prolonged or heavy rainfall.

3.3 Laboratory Testing

A soil sample was collected from the recovered soils at location HA01 between 0.5m to 1.0mbgl. The sample was sent to an IANZ accredited laboratory to undertake testing to determine the materials Atterberg limits and linear shrinkage. Laboratory test results are presented in Section 5.2.



4 Geotechnical Assessment

4.1 Geotechnical Design Parameters

Geotechnical design parameters recommended in this report are based on in-situ test results and empirical relationships. Refer to Table 2 below for soil parameters.

Table 2: Geotechnical Design Parameters

Geological Unit	Peak Undrained Shear Strength S _u (kPa)	Bulk Unit Weight, γ (kN/m3)	Effective Cohesion c' (kPa)	Effective Friction Angle ф' (degrees)
Non-certified Fill Material	N/A	17	1	26
Stiff to Very stiff [Residual Waipapa Group]	75	18	5	30

4.2 Seismic Hazard and Liquefaction Potential

The site conditions have been assessed to be consistent with seismic subsoil Class C (Shallow site soils) in accordance with NZS1170.5.

Liquefaction potential has been assessed as negligible given the composition and age of the deposits. No further assessment is necessary.

4.3 Slope Stability Assessment

The proposed development area and surrounding slopes do not show any obvious visual signs of historical or presently active deep-seated instability. Slumping has occurred along the driveway cut along on south-western boundary due to an over-steep, unsupported cut. The cut height along the slumped area varies between 1.2 and 2.0 m and will be retained by a timber pole wall as part of the proposed development.

A public stormwater pipe located on the neighbouring property to the south-east experienced a failure around 2022, resulting in ground slippage and scouring around the manhole adjacent to the lower eastern corner of the subject site. The issue has since been repaired and, provided the pipe is properly maintained moving forward, it is not expected to impact the stability of the subject site.

The site is generally moderately sloping (approx. 18°) with localised steep cut and fill batters which are to be retained as part of the proposed development. Furthermore, the site was found to be generally underlain by competent (very stiff residual soils) and it is our opinion that the site is currently stable and suitable for construction of the new dwelling and accommodation unit.

The proposed development in the location shown on the attached plans is considered unlikely to adversely affect the existing stability of the site, provided the recommendations outlined in this report are adhered to.





5 Foundation Recommendations

5.1 General

Based on the concept drawings, we understand that the proposed dwelling will comprise a two storey light weight structure with slab-on-grade foundations and pile/post foundations for suspended floors. There will also be concrete masonry block walls incorporated within the structure for the garage and lower level. Timber post/pole foundations will also support the roof and decks along the north-eastern side of the dwelling. The accommodation unit will comprise a single storey structure supported on a concrete slab on-grade foundation with the deck supported on timber post foundations.

The subsoils beneath the site were found to comprise stiff to very stiff residual soils. Unsuitable fill was encountered around the existing building platform which must be removed and re-placed with engineered fill at the time of construction. There is also a sanitary sewer pipe running beneath the garage / upper level which is to be re-routed around the dwelling. The redundant pipe and associated trench backfill should be removed and replaced with compacted hardfill beneath the new building footprint.

The proposed accommodation unit will be entirely within cut and expected to be on stiff to very stiff natural soils. The deck on the accommodation unit will require deeper piles, embedded below the influence zone of the adjacent public sewer pipe.

The natural soils have adequate bearing capacity for the proposed buildings, however, will require specific structural design due to the expansive nature of the soils and sloping ground conditions.

5.2 Shrink Swell Soil Characteristics

The New Zealand Building Code outlines expansive soils are those with a liquid limit greater than 50% and a linear shrinkage greater than 15%. Case histories of shrink-swell cases indicates soils with a liquid limit (LL) greater than 50% and plasticity index (PI) greater than 30% are considerably more susceptible to shrinkage and therefore considered as expansive soils. Atterberg limits test results on the sample collected during the site investigation are presented in Table 3 below.

Table 3: Atterberg Limits and Linear Shrinkage Test Results

Sample I.D.	Depth (mbgl)	Water Content (%)	Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Index	Linear Shrinkage (%)
HA01	0.5 to 1.0	30.7	60	25	35	16

The results indicate that the soils supporting the foundations are expansive and prone to seasonal volume change, predominantly shrinkage during summer, could result in surface settlements due to volume change. Based on the laboratory test results, it is our opinion that the site should be classified as Class H, highly expansive (in accordance with the New Zealand Building Code) and deeper foundations would be necessary to mitigate the effects of prolonged dry seasons.



Results are plotted on the Casagrande Chart in Figure 3 below. The sample plots above the A-Line, generally indicating soils with poor engineering properties[†].

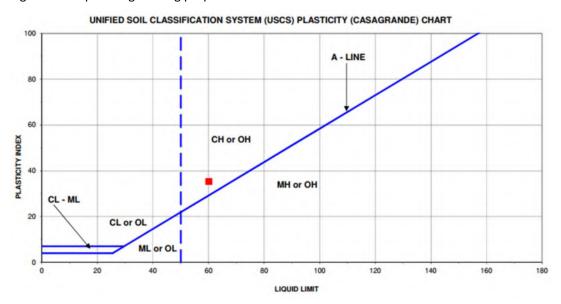


Figure 3: Casagrande Chart

5.3 Seismic Site Subsoil Category

The site conditions have been assessed to be consistent with seismic subsoil Class C (Shallow site soils) in accordance with NZS1170.5.

5.4 Shallow Foundations

Shallow foundations may be adopted for the proposed dwelling and accommodation unit, designed in accordance with B1/AS1 with an allowance for Class 'H', 'highly expansive' soils (or specific engineered design can be undertaken).

Foundations may be designed as follows:

- Ultimate bearing capacity of 300 kPa;
- Geotechnical strength reduction factor 0.5;
- Soil expansivity class Site Class H (highly reactive soils).
- Minimum foundation depth for conventional shallow pad and strip footings should be in accordance with B1/AS1, allowing for Class H soils and sloping ground conditions.
- Seismic class Site Class C (shallow soil site).

-

[†] L. D. Wesley – Geotechnical Engineering in Residual Soils.



Bearing capacity values included in this report are for vertical loads only and do not take into account horizontal shear or moment OR sloping ground conditions. Inspections should identify that all foundation excavations are within the natural residual soils. These foundation recommendations only apply to the proposed development location shown in the drawings included in Appendix A and Appendix D. Further advice should be sought for any foundations located outside the building footprint indicated on these drawings.

The proposed plunge pool can also adopt the above foundation design recommendations provided the north-eastern edge (downslope) is deepened, or keyed in, to allow for the sloping ground.

5.5 Piled Foundations

For the timber decks and veranda posts around the dwelling and accommodation unit, bored and concrete encased timber and/or steel posts are envisaged. Bridging piles will also be required for the accommodation unit deck where located within the influence zone of the existing public sanitary sewer pipe.

Where required, pile foundations should be founded a minimum depth of 1.5 m below existing ground level OR 4 x pile diameters (which ever the greater depth).

The accommodation unit deck piles that fall within the zone of influence of the public sewer pipe should be embedded a minimum of 1.0 m below the influence line. The zone of influence line is considered to be a 45° line taken from 0.5 m below the invert of the pipe refer to Figure 4.

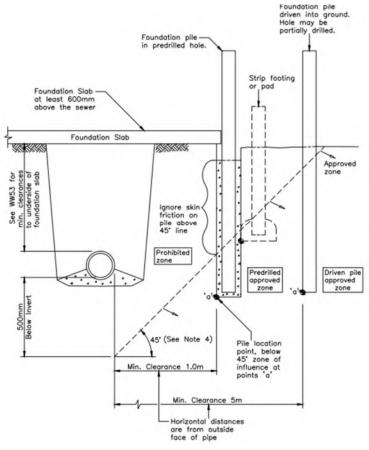


Figure 4: Typical Drain Bridging Detail (Watercare - WW54)





Parameters for the design for piled foundations are presented in Table 4 below. Skin friction should be ignored over the upper 1.0 m of pile shaft due to sloping ground effects and to mitigate the effects of seasonal movement. For bridging piles, skin friction must be ignored over the influence zone of the pipe.

Bill and Paula Wallace

Table 4: Timber Pole Foundation Design Parameters

Design Case	End bearing	Skin friction*
Ultimate Capacity	900 kPa	30 kPa
Geotechnical Strength factor	0.45	0.45
Design Capacity	400 kPa	13 kPa

^{*}Skin friction to be ignored over the upper 1.0 mbgl and zone of influence of public drains.

The subsoils encountered beneath the site were found to comprise very stiff natural soils. These materials are likely to be relatively stable in the short term (i.e. during pile hole drilling), but the contractor should make allowance for potential pile hole collapse during construction. Pile construction should be carried out so that pile holes are not left open for longer than necessary, especially if groundwater is encountered within the bored pile depth.

No filling around the foundation piles should be undertaken as this could result in negative skin friction acting on the foundation piles resulting in angular distortion across the structure.

6 Construction

6.1 Earthworks

6.1.1 Topsoil, Fill and Unsuitable Soils

All vegetation, topsoil, fill and any soft or otherwise unsuitable material should be removed from the building platform or earthworks area. The topsoil layer was found to a depth of 200 mm in boreholes HA05 and HA06, with buried topsoil also encountered beneath the fill material around the existing dwelling. Unsuitable fill materials were encountered in the borehole drilled around the existing dwelling to depths between 200 mm and 800 mm, but depths may vary elsewhere across the property. The non-engineered fill beneath the existing parking turning area will be significantly deeper, however this will be removed/reduced as part of the proposed development.

For parts of the proposed dwelling and accommodation unit that are to be constructed on a timber floor supported on timber piles, the existing topsoil and fill may remain in place to those areas provided that all surface vegetation has been removed, the required sub floor clearance is provided, and the piles are embedded to the required minimum depths as discussed in the foundations section.

All excavated topsoil and unsuitable material should be removed from site or stockpiled away from the building platform and/or earthworks area and clear of the steeper site slopes.





HW Ref 25 149

August 2025

6.1.2 Cut Excavations

Site excavations for the proposed dwelling will involve cutting up to 2.5 m to 3.0 m for the masonry block retaining walls incorporated within the structure. Cutting up to 3.5 m is also proposed along the driveway, which will be supported by a timber pole retaining wall.

Bill and Paula Wallace

The block wall for the garage and the proposed timber pole wall along the driveway have an existing timber retaining wall located approximately 1.0 to 1.5 m upslope which has a retained height between 1.0 and 1.5 m. Caution must be exercised when carrying out excavations below the existing timber pole wall. It is recommended that the excavation is initially carried out over a discrete section of say 3 m to 4 m width, in the presence of a geotechnical engineer, in order to assess how the balance of the excavation should proceed. Temporary retaining or propping may be required to support the cut face and existing timber wall during construction and/or it may be necessary to carry out the excavation in short stages with near full height retaining being completed prior to commencement of the next stage of the excavation. The proposed block wall and timber pole wall must also be designed for the effects of the existing wall above.

Excavation for the accommodation unit platform will require cutting up to 2.5 m height, which is to be supported by a timber pole retaining wall.

Site earthworks should be carried out during a forecast period of fine weather only. The earthworks should involve stripping, excavating and disposing of excavation spoil off site and immediate and full construction of the retaining wall along the exposed cut face. Excavation, installation of cut face protection and wall construction should be carried out in one continuous operation.

Design recommendations for retaining walls are outlined in section 6.2.

6.1.3 *Filling*

All unsuitable material (i.e. topsoil and fill) should be removed prior to placement of fill. Earthworks are proposed to remediate and construct the new concrete driveway and turning area which will involve removal of non-certified fill and replacing with compacted hardfill. A timber pole wall is also proposed to support fill at the edge of the parking turning area.

Filling is anticipated beneath the proposed dwelling floor slabs and/or foundation to replace any non-certified fill. Imported granular hardfill (GAP 40 or 65) is recommended for filling beneath the proposed dwelling and concrete driveway / turning area. Verification of compaction should be undertaken by a professional engineer at regular lifts, i.e., inspection at pre-placement and every 500 mm thereafter. A minimum Clegg Impact Value (CIV) of 25 is recommended or 95% of the material's maximum dry density (MDD‡).

Filling for the existing parking turning area extends well beyond the proposed extent, with steep batters (up to 35°). This excess fill material should be removed and/or batter to a gradient no steep than 1V:3H (i.e 18°). The to site plan G01 for indicative fill extent.

[‡] The MDD for the granular hardfill must be known prior to commencement of filling, we recommend requesting compaction curve test result information from the aggregate supplier before choosing the material to be used. If unavailable, laboratory testing should be undertaken to determine the material's MDD or another aggregate source chosen.



Geotechnical Investigation Report Proposed Dwelling 41 Long Beach Road, Russell Lot 16, Deposited Plan 20248 Bill and Paula Wallace HW Ref 25 149

August 2025

6.2 Retaining Walls

Where required, retaining walls should be provided to support cut and fill faces. Timber pole retaining walls are proposed to support cutting along the driveway, filling for the parking/turning area and cutting for the proposed accommodation unit. Masonry block retaining walls incorporated within the structure are proposed for the garage and lower level of the dwelling. Free standing cantilever walls can be designed for active earth pressures, walls that are incorporated within the structure of the dwelling should be designed for at rest earth pressures.

The soil parameters given in Table 2 are considered appropriate for retaining wall design. Cohesion should be be ignored over the upper 1.5m, or full retained height, which is greater.

The wall design should for allow the effects of sloping ground above and/or below the walls and also include any surcharge loadings above the wall (i.e. vehicular surcharge). Design for the garage block wall and the proposed timber pole wall along the driveway must consider the effects of the existing timber wall above. Alternatively the retained height can be increased to eliminate the need for the existing wall OR the existing wall can be replaced and designed as tiered wall system.

Appropriate drainage measures must be installed behind all retaining walls to ensure that hydrostatic pressures cannot build up behind them. The drainage measures should be installed to ensure that any water collected by the drains can drain freely, under gravity alone, from the deepest portion of any wall to the drain outlet.

All retaining walls should be designed by a suitably qualified engineer (CPEng geotechnical), familiar with the contents of this report.

6.3 Stormwater Disposal

All stormwater is to be diverted away from any proposed building platforms and any steep slopes to avoid over saturation of the subsoils and to maintain stability across the site. All stormwater overflow drainages should be channelled away from the development platform and discharged into the reticulated stormwater network.

6.4 Existing Services

There is an existing 160 mm diameter public sewer pipe, which services the neighbouring property (#2 Queens View Road), running along the south-western side of the existing dwelling, approximately parallel to the boundary. This pipe runs beneath the proposed dwelling and will require re-routing as part of the proposed development. The pipe can be taken from the lateral connection below #2 Queens View Road, down to the northern corner of the lot, connecting into the existing public pipe (via new manhole). The indicative new alignment is shown on site G01.

The redundant pipe and associated trench backfill material beneath the proposed dwelling foundations should be removed and replaced with compacted hardfill (GAP40 or 65), subject to engineering supervision.

6.5 Geotechnical Review

It is recommended that the consent drawings are submitted for review to either ourselves, or another professional geotechnical engineer who is familiar with the contents of this report, once they are ready for submission to Council for approval. We recommend this review is carried out in order to check the compatibility of the design with the recommendations given within this report.



Geotechnical Investigation Report Proposed Dwelling 41 Long Beach Road, Russell Lot 16, Deposited Plan 20248 Bill and Paula Wallace HW Ref 25 149

August 2025

6.6 Construction Observations

Specific engineering inspections of retaining walls, building platform preparation and/or foundation construction with certification by a Producer Statement, PS4, are often required by Council and outlined in the Building Consent. These observations are generally required to ensure that the foundation soils exposed at the time of construction are consistent with the assumptions made in this geotechnical report.

The following specific items will need to be addressed prior to and at the time of construction to ensure the foundation soils are consistent with the assumptions made in this geotechnical report:

- 1. Geotechnical drawing review to ensure foundation design is in accordance with the recommendations in this report.
- 2. Compaction testing of fill material.
- 3. Observe foundation excavations for dwelling, accommodation unit and other consented structures prior to foundations being poured.

Provision should be allowed for modifying the foundation solution at this time should unforeseen ground conditions be encountered.

7 Limitations

This report has been prepared for the use of Bill and Paula Wallace with respect to the particular brief outlined to us. This report is to be used by our Client and their Consultants and may be relied upon when considering geotechnical advice. Furthermore, this report may be utilised in the preparation of building and/or resource consent applications with local authorities. The information and opinions contained within this report shall not be used in other context for any other purpose without prior review and agreement by Haigh Workman Ltd.

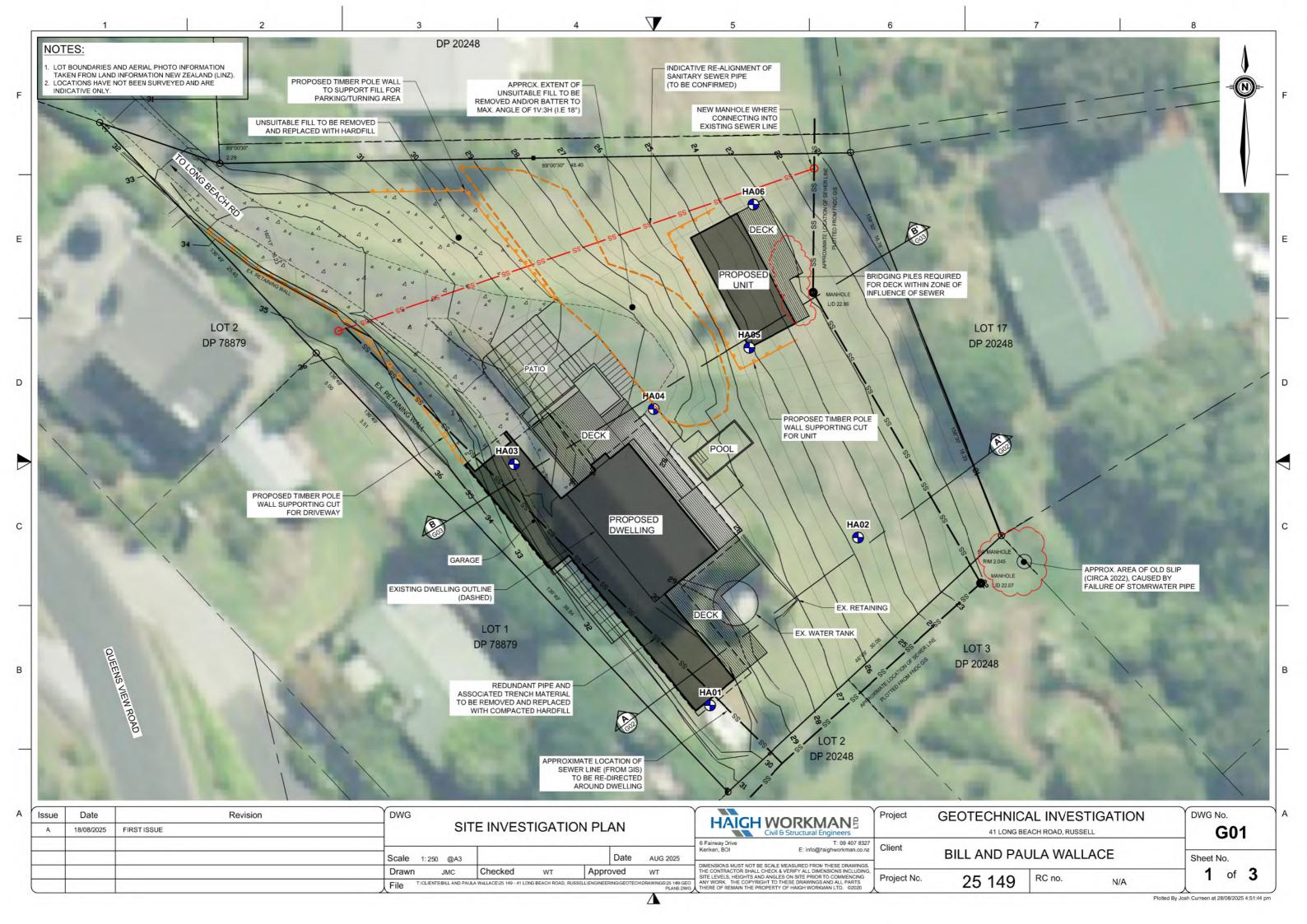
The recommendations given in this report are based on site data from discrete locations. Inferences about the subsoil conditions away from the test locations have been made but cannot be guaranteed. We have inferred an appropriate geotechnical model that can be applied for our analyses. However, variations in ground conditions from those described in this report could exist across the site. Should conditions encountered differ to those outlined in this report we ask that we be given the opportunity to review the continued applicability of our recommendations.

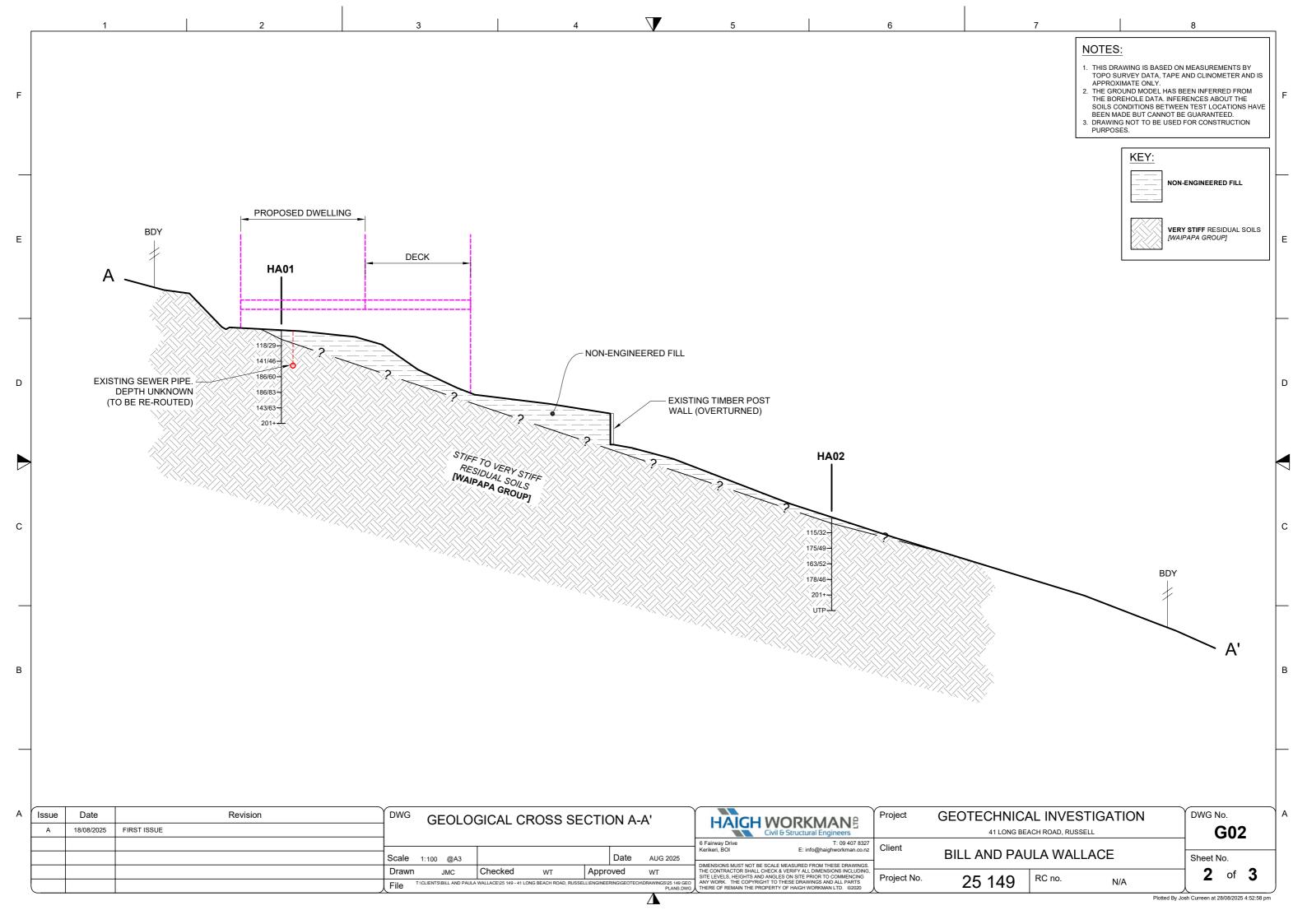


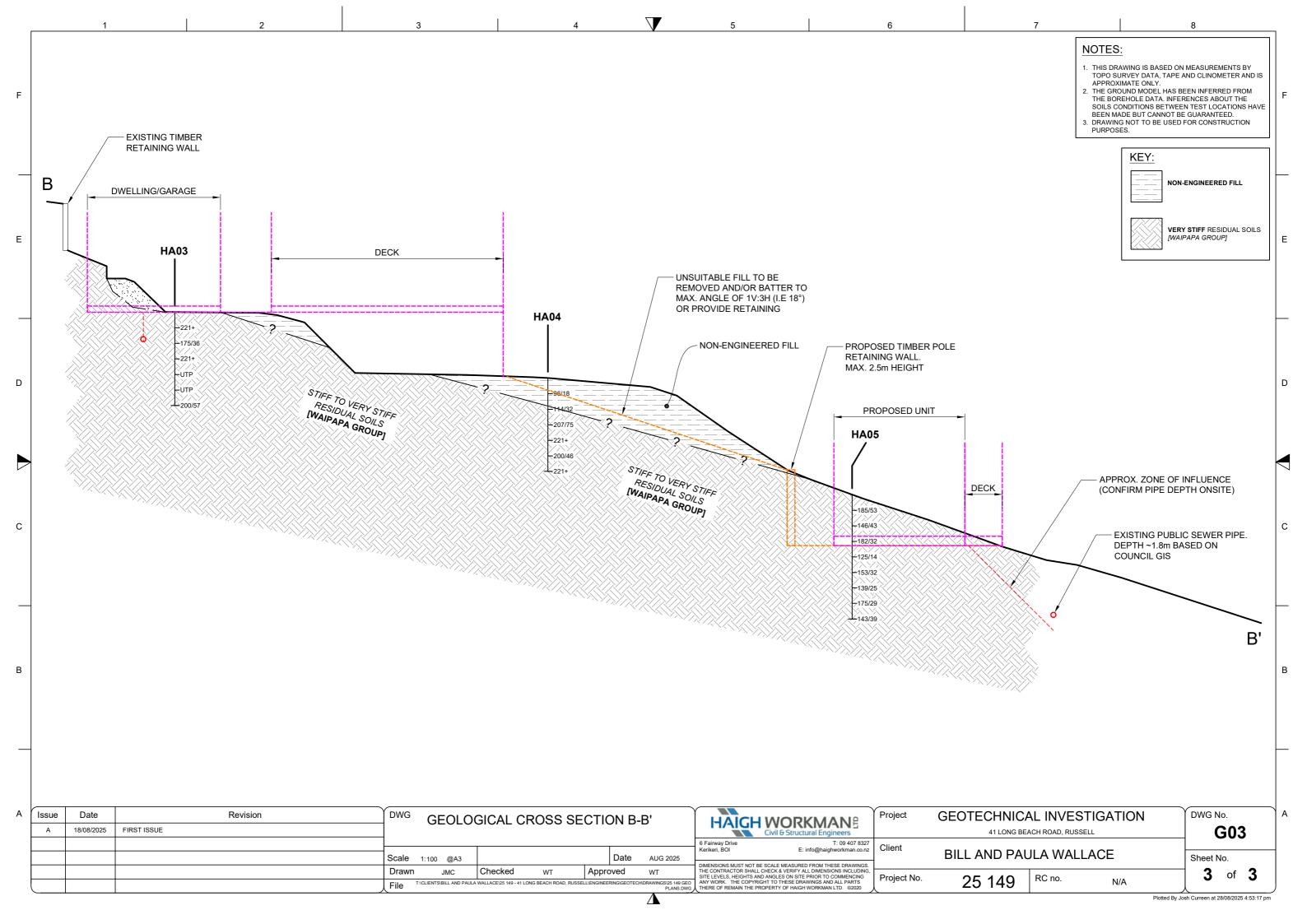
Appendix A – Drawings

HAIGH WORKMANE Civil & Structural Engineers

Drawing No.	Title
G01	Site Investigation Plan
G02	Geological Cross Section A – A'
G03	Geological Cross Section B – B'







Geotechnical Investigation Report Proposed Dwelling 41 Long Beach Road, Russell Lot 16, Deposited Plan 20248 Bill and Paula Wallace

HW Ref 25 149

August 2025

Appendix B - Hand Auger Logs



 Phone
 09 407
 8327

 Fax
 09 407
 8378

 www.haighworkman.co.nz
 info@haighworkman.co.nz

Borehole Log - HA01

Hole Location: Refer to Site Plan

JOB No.

25 149

CLIENT: Date Started: Date Completed:	Bill and Paula Wallace 07/08/2025 07/08/2025	SITE: DRILLING METHOD: HOLE DIAMETER (mm)	41 Lo Hand 50mr	l Au	Beach ger	Road,	Rus	LOGO CHEC			JP WT					
Soil Description Based on NZGS Logging Guidelines 2005				Geology	Graphic Log	Water Level	Sensitivity	Rem	ould	Shear ed Var gths (l	e Shea	ar		Pene		
Clayey SILT; light ora [FILL]	brown mottled orange. Sof nge mixed light grey. Stiff, r	noist to wet, low plasticity.	0.0	FILL		ped						-	0 5	5 10	15	20
Trace rootlets.	T, trace clay, dark brown. F			BTS	本 本 本 本	Encountered	4			118						
	wnish orange streaked light olasticity. <i>[WAIPAPA GRO</i> I		0.5			ğ		29								
At 0.9m: Becoming ligi	ht orange streaked light bro	wnish grey.	1.0			Groundwater	3		46	141						-
Silty CLAY; light orange high plasticity.	ge streaked light grey and o	orange. Very stiff, moist,	1.5	GROUP	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX		3		60		186					
At 2.1m: Becoming ore	ange streaked whitish grey.		2.0	WAIPAPA (X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X		2		83	143	186					_
moderate plasticity.	nge streaked pinkish red ar orange streaked whitish gr		2.5													
stiff, moist, low plastic			3.0		******						201 +					
			3.5													
Hand Held She	penetrate. BTS = Buried To ear Vane S/N: 2220 meter testing not undertake			GI	RAVEL		F	ilL		Remoul	ed shear ded shea enetrome	ır van		•	•	•

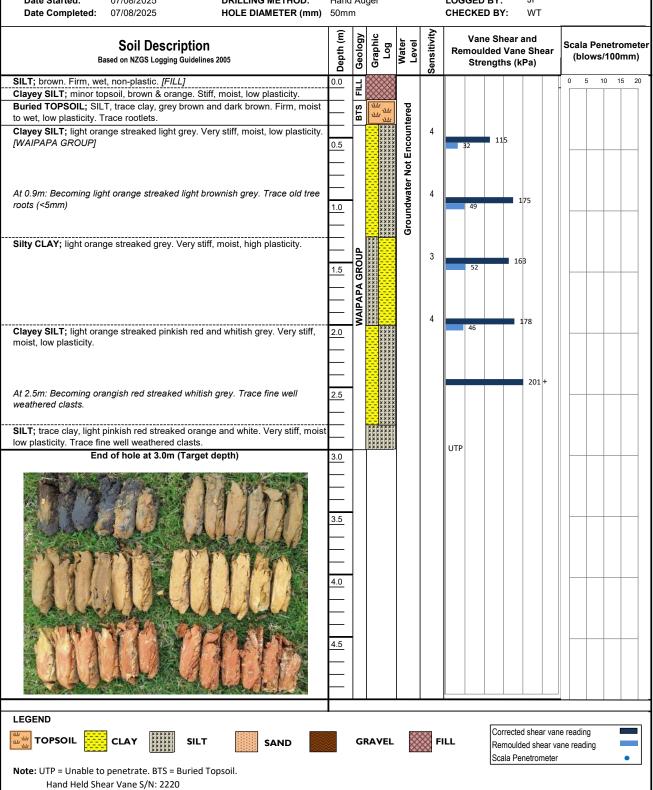


Phone 09 407 8327 09 407 8378 Fax www.haighworkman.co.nz info@haighworkman.co.nz

Borehole Log - HA02 Hole Location: Refer to Site Plan JOB No. 25 149

Bill and Paula Wallace CLIENT: 41 Long Beach Road, Russell

.IP Date Started: 07/08/2025 DRILLING METHOD: Hand Auger LOGGED BY: 07/08/2025 HOLE DIAMETER (mm) 50mm CHECKED BY: Date Completed:



Scala penetrometer testing not undertaken.



 Phone
 09 407
 8327

 Fax
 09 407
 8378

 www.haighworkman.co.nz
 info@haighworkman.co.nz

Borehole Log - HA03

Hole Location: Refer to Site Plan

JOB No.

25 149

Bill and Paula Wallace CLIENT: 41 Long Beach Road, Russell JMC Date Started: 07/08/2025 DRILLING METHOD: Hand Auger LOGGED BY: 07/08/2025 HOLE DIAMETER (mm) 50mm CHECKED BY: WT Date Completed: Depth (m) Geology Graphic Sensitivity Vane Shear and Water Level Scala Penetrometer Soil Description Remoulded Vane Shear (blows/100mm) Based on NZGS Logging Guidelines 2005 Strengths (kPa) Fine to medium GRAVEL; bluish grey. Loose, wet. ~50mm [FILL] 5 10 15 20 ᆵ Silty CLAY; yellow brown streaked dark brown (topsoil desiccation). Very stiff, moist, high plasticity. [FILL] **Groundwater Not Encountered** Clayey SILT; orange brown mottled light grey and orange. Very stiff, moist, low plasticity. [WAIPAPA GROUP] 221+ Silty CLAY; yellow brown mottled light grey. Hard, moist, high plasticity. 0.5 Clayey SILT; minor fine well weathered clasts, orange brown mottled light grey and reddish brown. Very stiff, moist, low plasticity. 5 At 1.0m: Becoming whitish grey mottled orange brown. Clasts absent. 1.0 GROUP 1.5 At 1.9m: Becoming dark orange brown mottled light grey. Occasional fine to UTP medium well weathered clasts. Wet. 2.0 UTP 2.5 4 200 End of hole at 3.0m (Target depth) 3.0 **LEGEND** Corrected shear vane reading TOPSOIL CLAY **GRAVEL** Remoulded shear vane reading Scala Penetrometer Note: UTP = Unable to penetrate. T.S. = Topsoil. Hand Held Shear Vane S/N: DR1698 Scala penetrometer testing not undertaken.

PO Box 89, 0245 6 Fairway Drive Kerikeri, 0230



Phone 09 407 8327
Fax 09 407 8378

www.haighworkman.co.nz

New Zealand info@haighworkman.co.nz **Borehole Log - HA04** Hole Location: Refer to Site Plan JOB No. 25 149 Bill and Paula Wallace CLIENT: 41 Long Beach Road, Russell LOGGED BY: JMC Date Started: 07/08/2025 DRILLING METHOD: Hand Auger 07/08/2025 HOLE DIAMETER (mm) 50mm CHECKED BY: WT Date Completed: Depth (m) Graphic Log Sensitivity Vane Shear and Water Level Scala Penetrometer Soil Description Remoulded Vane Shear (blows/100mm) Based on NZGS Logging Guidelines 2005 Strengths (kPa) TOPSOIL/FILL; clayey SILT, dark brown. Moist, low plasticity. Rootlets. 0.0 5 10 15 20 **Groundwater Not Encountered** Silty CLAY; some intermixed topsoil, yellow brown mixed dark brown. Stiff, moist, high plasticity. [FILL] 5 96 0.5 Buried TOPSOIL; Clayey SILT, dark grey brown. Moist, low plasticity. Silty CLAY; yellow brown. Stiff, moist, high plasticity. [WAIPAPA GROUP] 4 1.0 3 207 1.5 At 1.8m: Becoming orange brown mottled yellow brown and light grey. Clayey SILT; light orange brown mottled light grey. Very stiff, moist, low 2.0 plasticity. 4 200 SILT; minor clay, light orange brown mottled light grey and pink. Very stiff, 2.5 moist to wet, low plasticity. At 2.8m: Becoming dark orange brown mottled light grey. 221+ End of hole at 3.0m (Target depth) 3.0 3.5 4.0 4.5 **LEGEND** Corrected shear vane reading TOPSOIL CLAY GRAVEL Remoulded shear vane reading Scala Penetrometer Note: UTP = Unable to penetrate. T.S. = Topsoil. Hand Held Shear Vane S/N: DR1698 Scala penetrometer testing not undertaken.



 Phone
 09 407 8327

 Fax
 09 407 8378

 www.haighworkman.co.nz
 info@haighworkman.co.nz

Borehole Log - HA05 Hole Location: Refer to Site Plan JOB No. 25 149 Bill and Paula Wallace CLIENT: 41 Long Beach Road, Russell LOGGED BY: JMC **Date Started:** 07/08/2025 DRILLING METHOD: Hand Auger 07/08/2025 HOLE DIAMETER (mm) 50mm CHECKED BY: WT Date Completed: Depth (m) Geology Graphic Sensitivity Vane Shear and Water Level Scala Penetrometer Soil Description Remoulded Vane Shear (blows/100mm) Based on NZGS Logging Guidelines 2005 Strengths (kPa) TOPSOIL; clayey SILT, dark brown. Wet, low plasticity. Trace rootlets. 5 10 15 20 0.0 Z. Silty CLAY; yellow brown. Very stiff, moist, high plasticity. **Groundwater Not Encountered** [WAIPAPA GROUP] 3 185 0.5 3 146 Clayey SILT; whitish grey mottled, dark orange brown. Very stiff, moist to 1.0 wet, low plasticity. 6 1.5 At 1.7m: Some pink streaks. Wet. SILT; minor clay, whitish grey mottled dark orange brown and pink. Very 9 stiff, wet, low plasticity. 2.0 5 153 At 2.5m: Becoming pinkish brown mottled dark orange brown and whitish grey. 2.5 6 At 3.0m: Becoming whitish grey mottled dark orange brown and pink. 3.0 6 3.5 End of hole at 4.0m (Target depth) 4.0 4.5 **LEGEND** Corrected shear vane reading TOPSOIL CLAY GRAVEL Remoulded shear vane reading Scala Penetrometer Note: UTP = Unable to penetrate. T.S. = Topsoil. Hand Held Shear Vane S/N: DR1698 Scala penetrometer testing not undertaken.

PO Box 89, 0245 6 Fairway Drive Kerikeri, 0230



 Phone
 09 407
 8327

 Fax
 09 407
 8378

 www.haighworkman.co.nz
 info@haighworkman.co.nz

New Zealand **Borehole Log - HA06** JOB No. 25 149 Hole Location: Refer to Site Plan Bill and Paula Wallace CLIENT: 41 Long Beach Road, Russell .IP Date Started: 07/08/2025 DRILLING METHOD: Hand Auger LOGGED BY: 07/08/2025 HOLE DIAMETER (mm) 50mm CHECKED BY: WT Date Completed: Depth (m) Graphic Geology Sensitivity Vane Shear and Water Level Scala Penetrometer Soil Description Remoulded Vane Shear (blows/100mm) Based on NZGS Logging Guidelines 2005 Strengths (kPa) TOPSOIL; trace clay, brown. Soft, wet. 0.0 5 10 15 20 S Clayey SILT; light orange streaked light brown. Very stiff, moist to wet, **Groundwater Not Encountered** moderate plasticity. [WAIPAPA GROUP] 3 149 0.5 Silty CLAY; light orange streaked light brownish grey and light pink. Very stiff, moist, high plasticity. 3 155 1.0 At 1.2m: Becoming light orange and light pinkish red. SILT; some fine gravel, minor clay, orange brown speckled black and dark 3 189 orange. Very stiff, moist, non-plastic. 1.5 GROUP SILT; minor fine gravel, minor clay, orange and light brown speckled yellow UTP and black. Hard, moist, low plasticity. At 1.9m: Becoming moist to wet, non-plastic. SILT; minor clay, light orange and white streaked dark orange. Hard, moist, 201 low plasticity. 2.5 At 2.8m: Becoming light pink and white streaked dark orange. UTP 3.0 At 3.1m: Speckled black and dark orange. UTP SILT; minor clay, trace fine gravel, white and orange streaked dark orange. 3.5 Hard, moist, low plasticity. At 3.8m: Becoming light orange and pink mottled white and black. End of hole at 4.0m (Target depth) 4.0 4.5 LEGEND Corrected shear vane reading TOPSOIL CLAY GRAVEL FILL Remoulded shear vane reading Scala Penetrometer Note: UTP = Unable to penetrate. T.S. = Topsoil. Hand Held Shear Vane S/N: 2220 Scala penetrometer testing not undertaken.

August 2025

Appendix C – Laboratory Test Results



Please reply to: W.E. Campton

Haigh Workman Ltd.

PO Box 89

E-mail wec@babbage.co.nz

Babbage Geotechnical Laboratory

Level 4

Telephone

68 Beach Road

Auckland 1010

Page 1 of 3

Job Number: 63632#L

BGL Registration Number: 2828

P O Box 2027

New Zealand

64-9-367 4954

Checked by: WEC

21st August 2025

Kerikeri 0245

Attention: JOSH CURREEN

ATTERBERG LIMITS & LINEAR SHRINKAGE TESTING

Dear Josh,

Re: 41 LONG BEACH ROAD, RUSSELL

Your Reference: 25 149

Report Number: 63632#L/AL 41 Long Beach Road

The following report presents the results of Atterberg Limits & Linear Shrinkage testing at BGL of a soil sample delivered to this laboratory on the 12th of August 2025. Test results are summarised below, with page 3 showing where the sample plots on the Unified Soil Classification System (Casagrande) Chart.

Test standards used were:

 Water Content:
 NZS4402: 1986: Test 2.1

 Liquid Limit:
 NZS4402: 1986: Test 2.2

 Plastic Limit:
 NZS4402: 1986: Test 2.3

 Plasticity Index:
 NZS4402: 1986: Test 2.4

 Linear Shrinkage:
 NZS4402: 1986: Test 2.6

Borehol Numbe	•	Depth (m)	Water Content (%)	Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Index	Linear Shrinkage (%)*	
HA01	Sample 1	0.50 - 1.00	30.7	60	25	35	16	

^{*}The amount of shrinkage of the sample as a percentage of the original sample length.



Job Number: 63632#L 21st August 2025 Page 2 of 3

The whole soil was used for the water content test (the soil was in an unknown state), and for the liquid limit, plastic limit & linear shrinkage tests. The soil was wet up and dried where required for the liquid limit, plastic limit & linear shrinkage tests.

As per the reporting requirements of NZS4402: 1986: Test 2.1: water content is reported to two significant figures for values below 10%, and to three significant figures for values of 10% or greater. Test 2.2: liquid limit, test 2.3: plastic limit, and test 2.6: linear shrinkage are reported to the nearest whole number.

Please note that the test results relate only to the sample as-received, and relate only to the sample under test.

Thank you for the opportunity to carry out this testing. If you have any queries regarding the content of this report please contact the person authorising this report below at your convenience.

Yours faithfully,

Justin Franklin Key Technical Person Assistant Laboratory Manager Babbage Geotechnical Laboratory



All tests reported herein have been performed in accordance with the laboratory's scope of accreditation. This report may not be reproduced except in full & with written approval from BGL.



Job Number:	63632#L	Sheet 1 of 1	Page 3 of 3
Registration Number:	2828	Sileet 1 of 1	Page 3 01 3
Report Number:	63632#L/AL 41	Long Beach F	Road

Project:

41 LONG BEACH ROAD, RUSSELL

Tested By:

Compiled By:

SG

August 2025

21/08/2025

DETERMINATION OF THE LIQUID LIMIT, PLASTIC LIMIT & THE PLASTICITY INDEX

Test Methods: NZS4402: 1986: Test 2.2, Test 2.3 and Test 2.4

SG 21/08/2025 Checked By: Version Number: Version Date: July 2022 Authorised By: Wayne Campton

SUMMARY OF TESTING											
Borehole Number	Denth (m) Liquid Limit Plactic Limit					Soil Classification Based on USCS Chart Below					
HA01	Sample 1	0.50 - 1.00	60	25	35	СН					

The chart below & soil classification terminology is taken from ASTM D2487-17e1 "Standard Practice for Classification of Soils for Engineering Purposes (Unified Soil Classification System)", April 2020, & is based on the classification scheme developed by A. Casagrande in the 1940's (Casagrande, A., 1948: Classification and identification of soil. Transactions of the American Society of Civil Engineers, v. 113, p. 901-930). The chart below & the soil classification given in the table above are included for your information only, and are not included in the IANZ endorsement for this report.

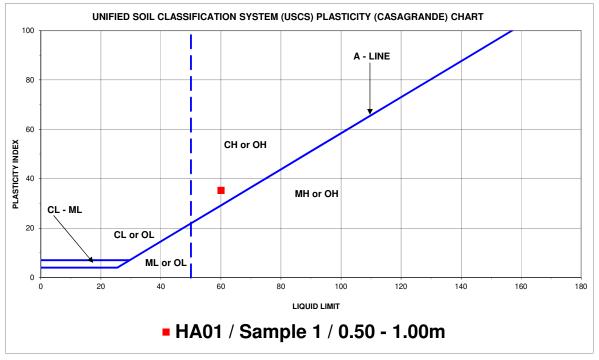


CHART LEGEND

CL = CLAY, low plasticity ('lean' clay)

OL = ORGANIC CLAY or ORGANIC SILT, low liquid limit

ML = SILT, low liquid limit CL - ML = SILTY CLAY

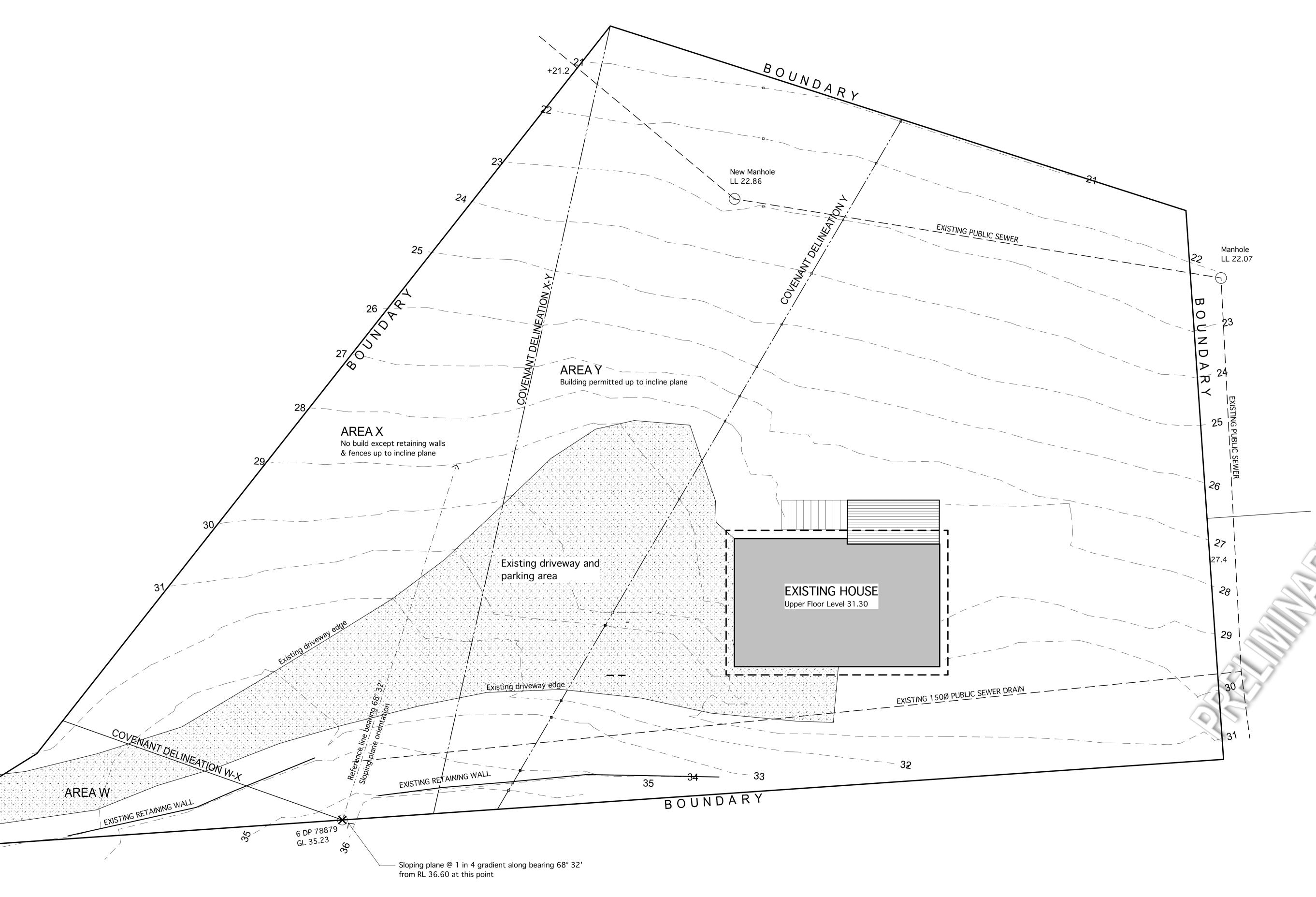
CH = CLAY, high plasticity ('fat' clay)

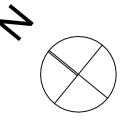
OH = ORGANIC CLAY or ORGANIC SILT, high liquid limit

MH = SILT, high liquid limit ('elastic silt')



Appendix D – Client Provided Drawings





LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Lot 16 DP 20248 Area: 1,935 m²

A RESOURCE CONSENT 19/08/25
REVISIONS
DRAWING
EXISTING SITE PLAN

PROPOSED NEW HOUSE & ACCOMMODATION UNIT 41 LONG BEACH ROAD RUSSELL



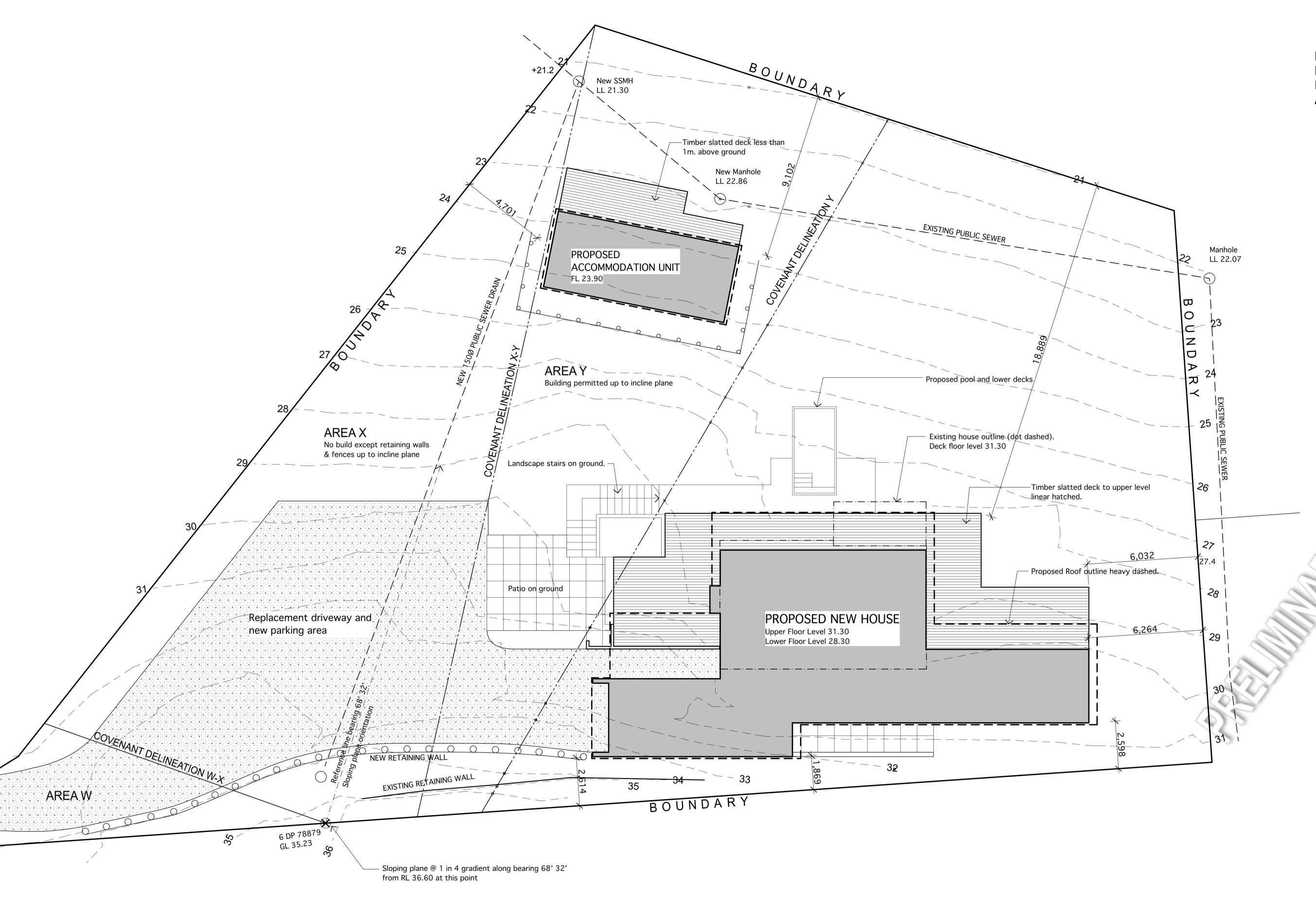
PO Box 10 KERIKERI 0245
e: paul@spoonersolutions.co.nz

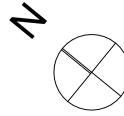
p: (09) 407 3107 m: 027 289 1221

C Spooner Architectural Services Ltd.

SCALE SHEET No.

1:100 @ A1 RC01





LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Lot 16 DP 20248 Area: 1,935 m²

A RESOURCE CONSENT 19/08/25

REVISIONS

DRAWING

PROPOSED SITE

PLAN

PROPOSED NEW HOUSE & ACCOMMODATION UNIT 41 LONG BEACH ROAD RUSSELL



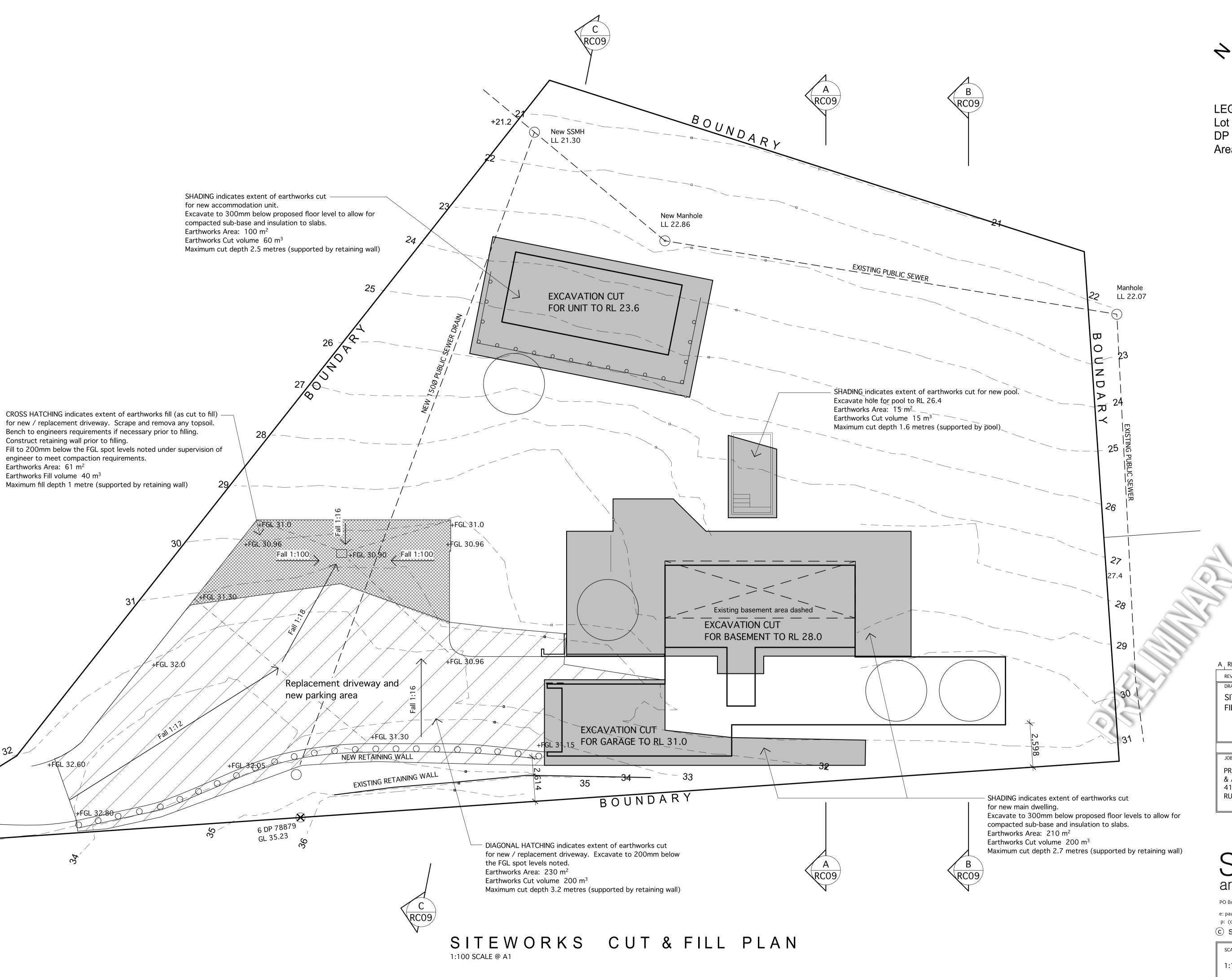
PO Box 10 KERIKERI 0245
e: paul@spoonersolutions.co.nz

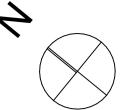
p: (09) 407 3107 m: 027 289 1221

C Spooner Architectural Services Ltd.

SCALE SHEET No.

1:100 @ A1 RC02





LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Lot 16 DP 20248 Area: 1,935 m²

A RESOURCE CONSENT 19/08/25

REVISIONS

DRAWING

SITEWORKS CUT &
FILL PLAN

PROPOSED NEW HOUSE & ACCOMMODATION UNIT 41 LONG BEACH ROAD RUSSELL

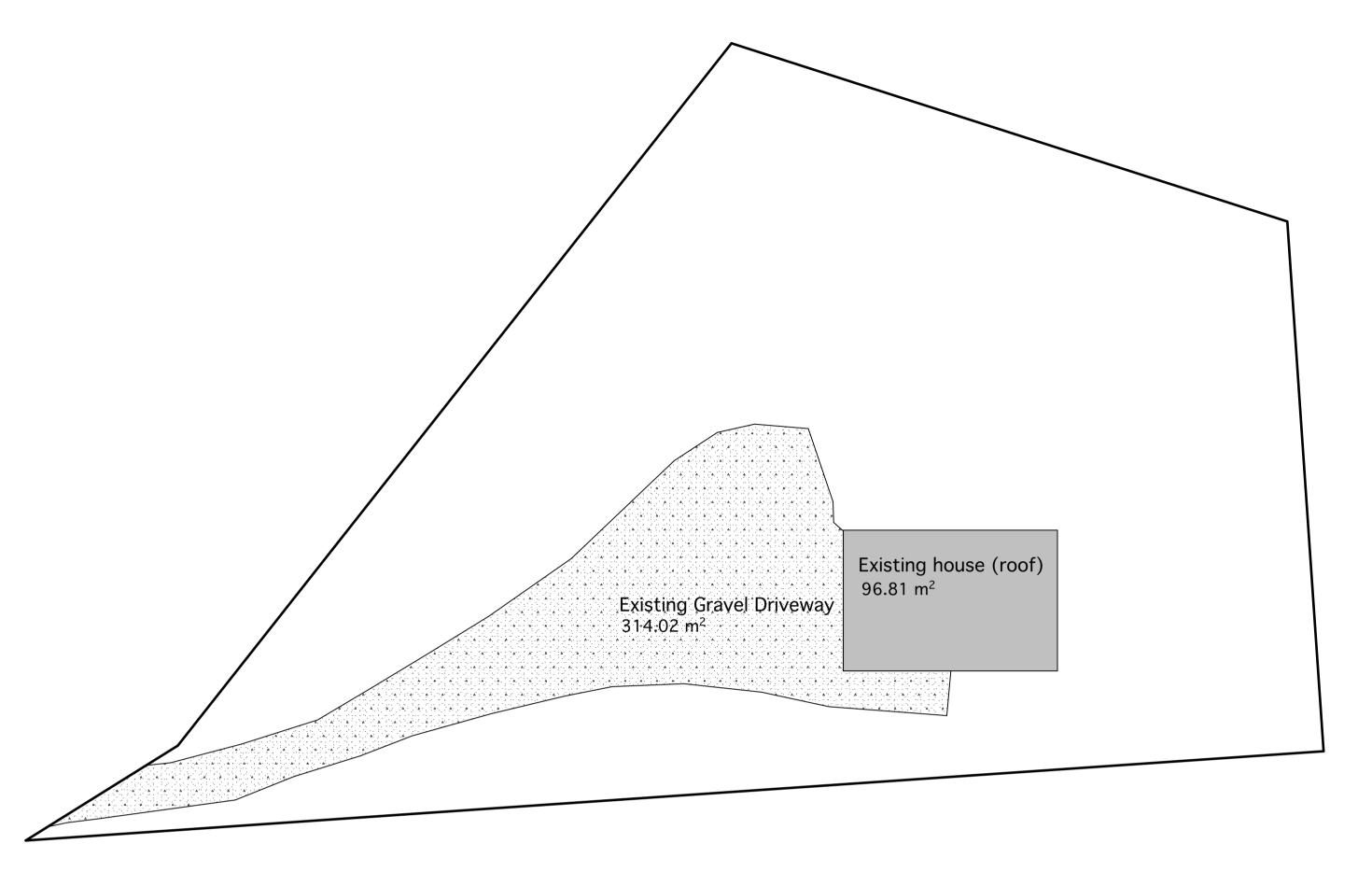


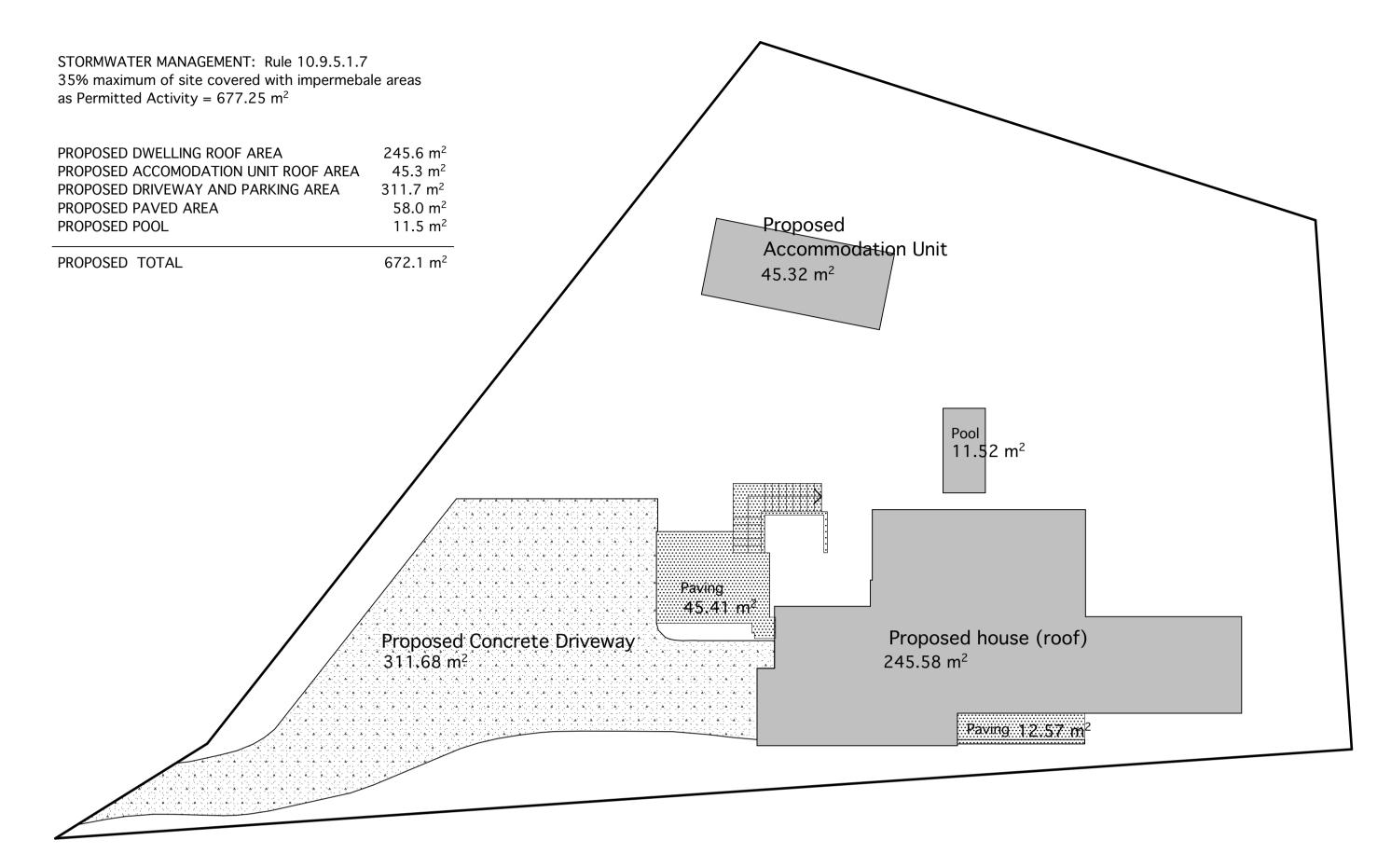
PO Box 10 KERIKERI 0245
e: paul@spoonersolutions.co.nz

p: (09) 407 3107 m: 027 289 1221

C Spooner Architectural Services Ltd.

SCALE SHEET No.
1:100 @ A1 RC03





EXISTING IMPERMEABLE COVERAGE
1:200 SCALE @ A1

PROPOSED IMPERMEABLE COVERAGE
1:200 SCALE @ A1

19/08/25

A RESOURCE CONSENT

SITE COVERAGE CALCULATIONS

PROPOSED NEW HOUSE

& ACCOMMODATION UNIT 41 LONG BEACH ROAD

architecturalsolutions

© Spooner Architectural Services Ltd.

RC04

PO Box 10 KERIKERI 0245

p: (09) 407 3107

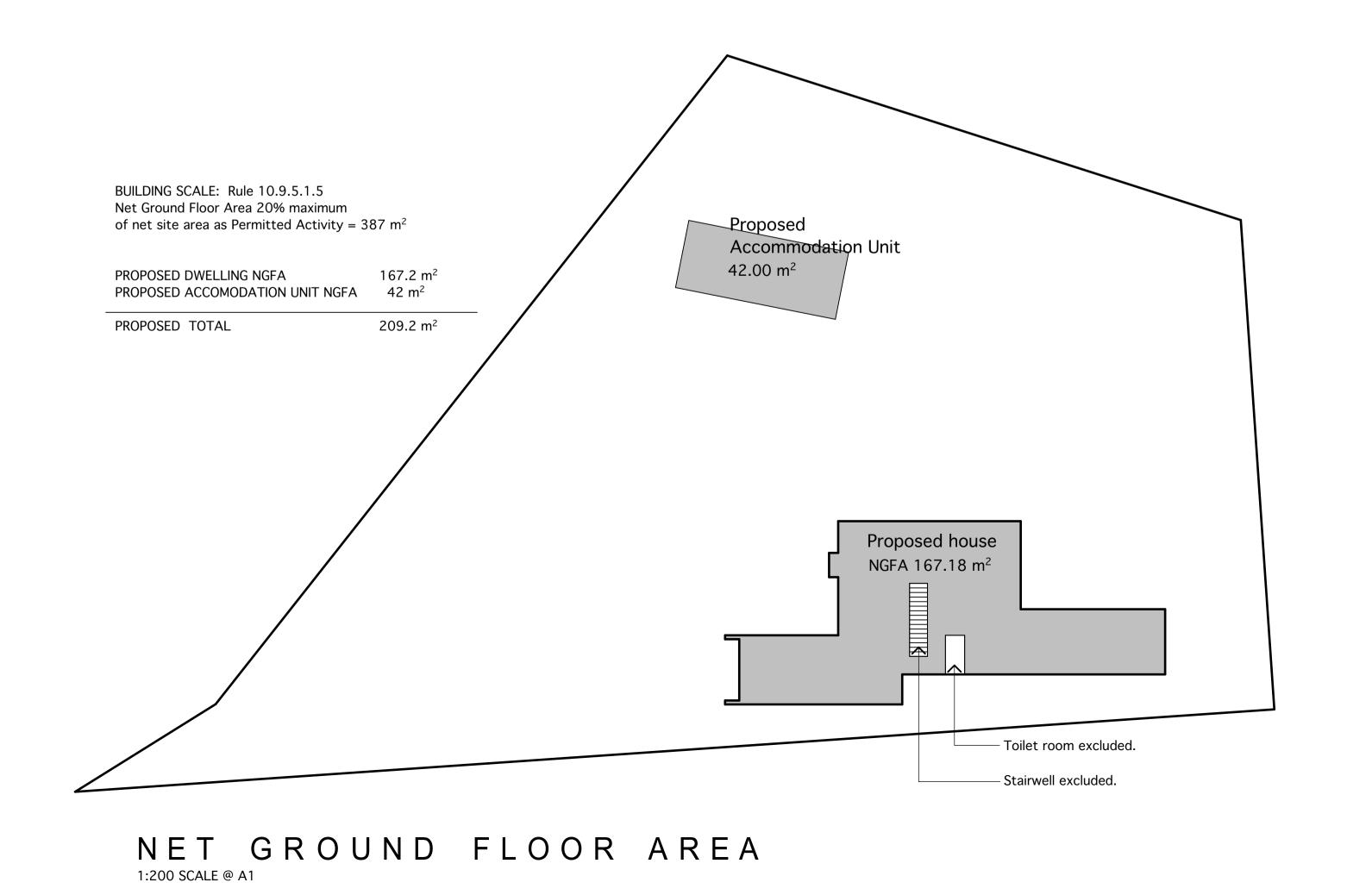
1:200 @ A1

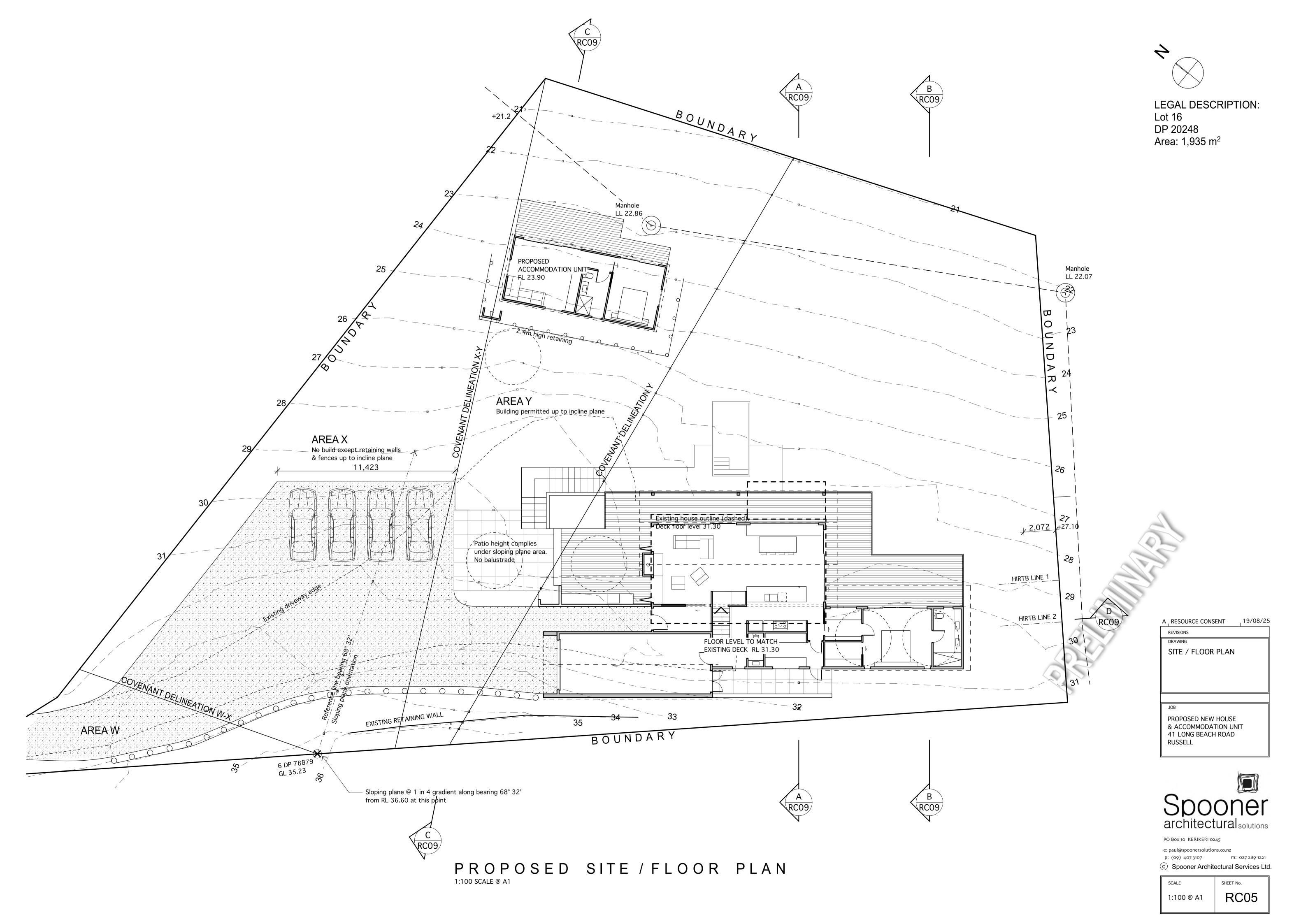
SCALE

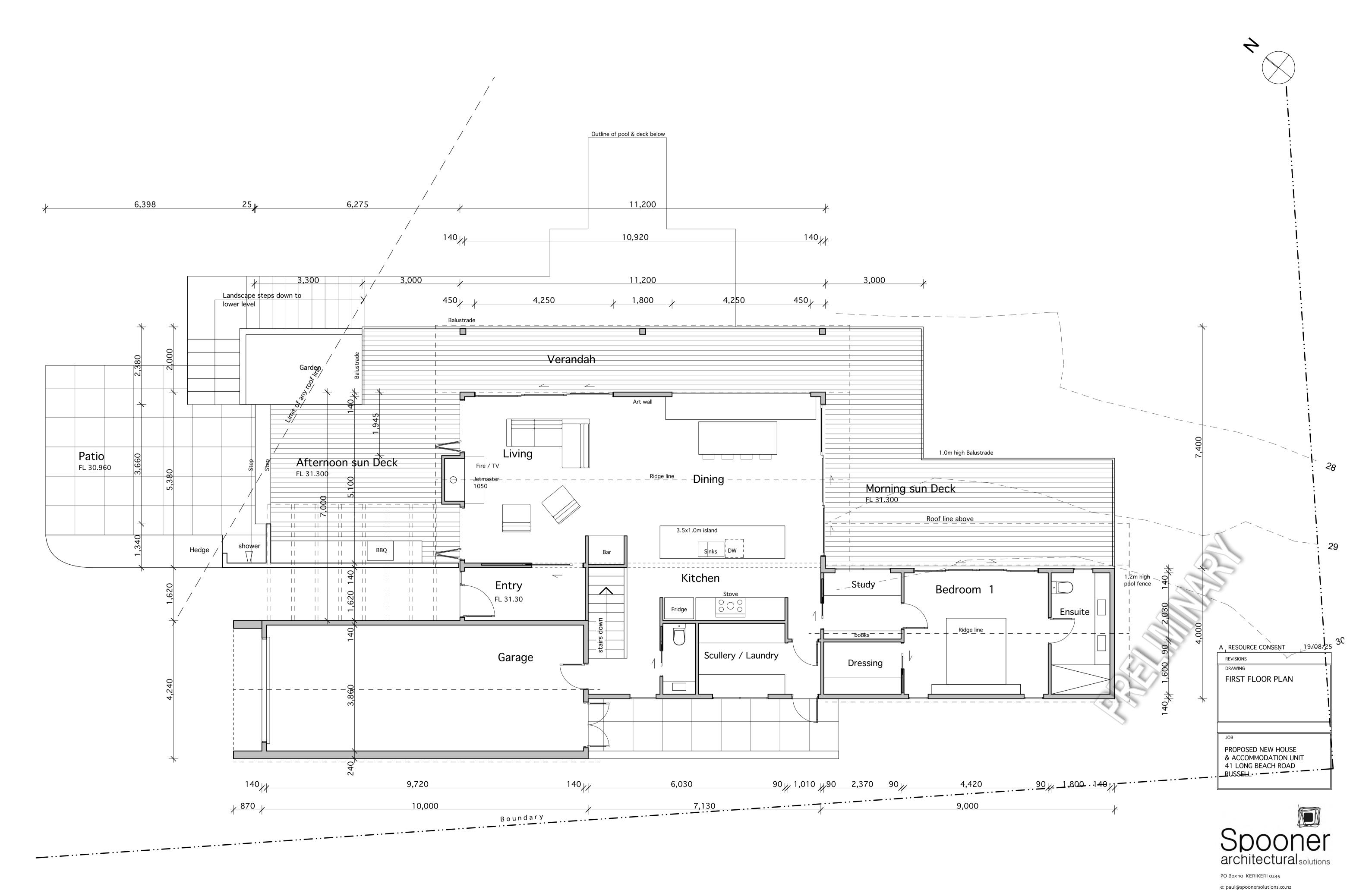
e: paul@spoonersolutions.co.nz

REVISIONS DRAWING

RUSSELL







p: (09) 407 3107

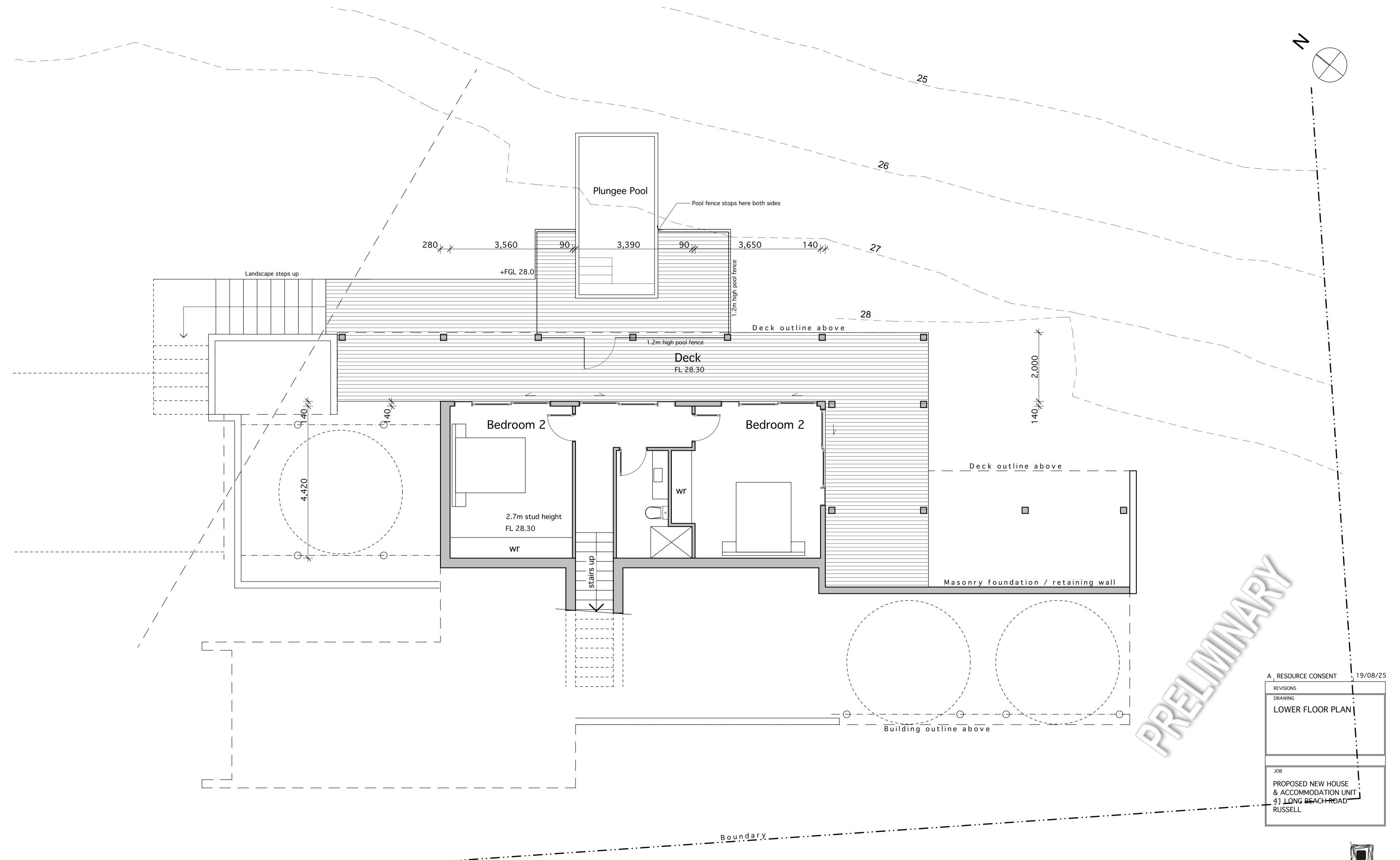
1:50 @ A1

SCALE

© Spooner Architectural Services Ltd.

SHEET No.

RC06



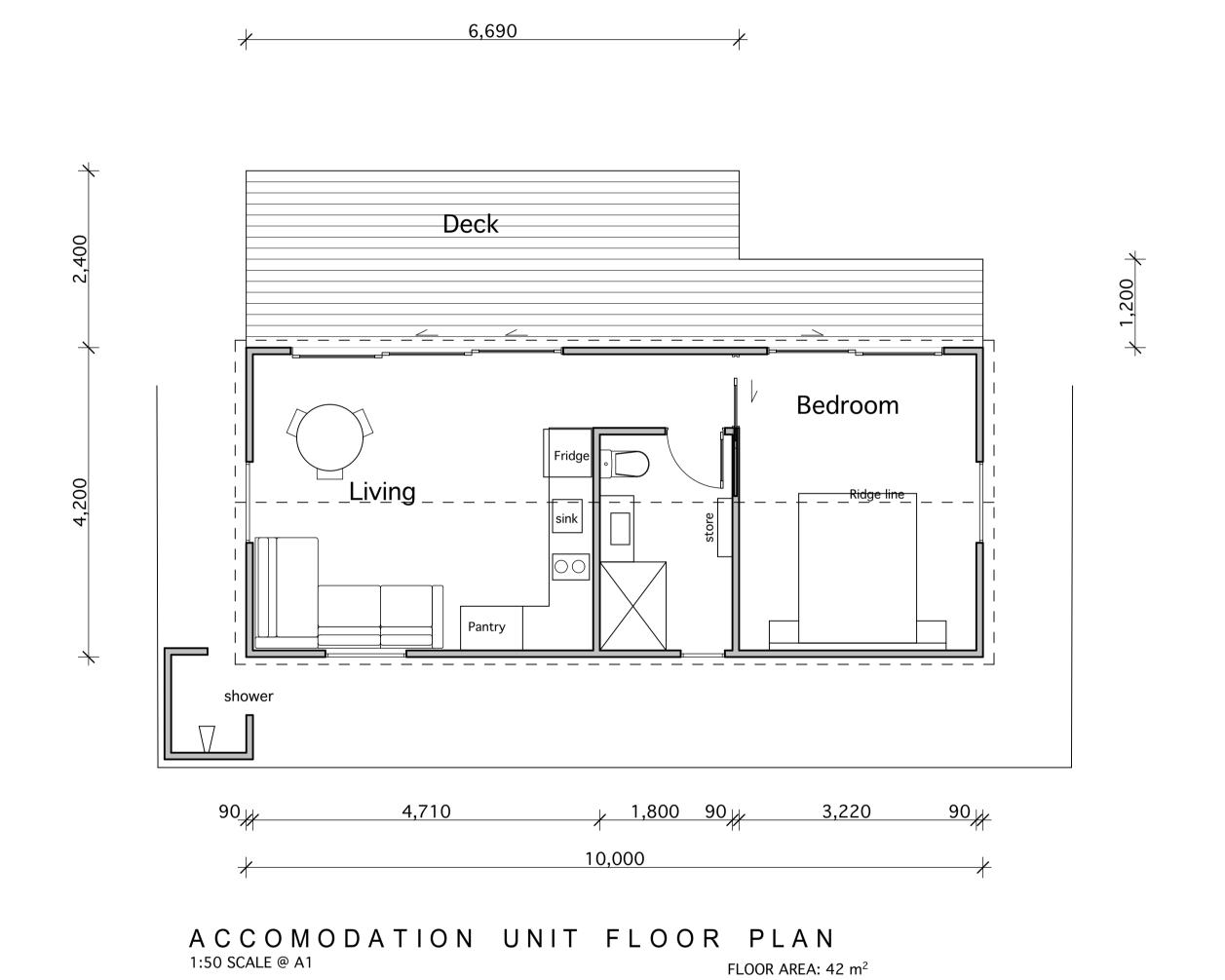


PO Box 10 KERIKERI 0245
e: paul@spoonersolutions.co.nz
p: (09) 407 3107 m: 02

© Spooner Architectural Services Ltd.

SCALE SHEET No.

1:50 @ A1 RC07



A RESOURCE CONSENT 19/08/25

REVISIONS

DRAWING

ACCOMMODATION

UNIT FLOOR PLAN

JOB

PROPOSED NEW HOUSE & ACCOMMODATION UNIT 41 LONG BEACH ROAD RUSSELL

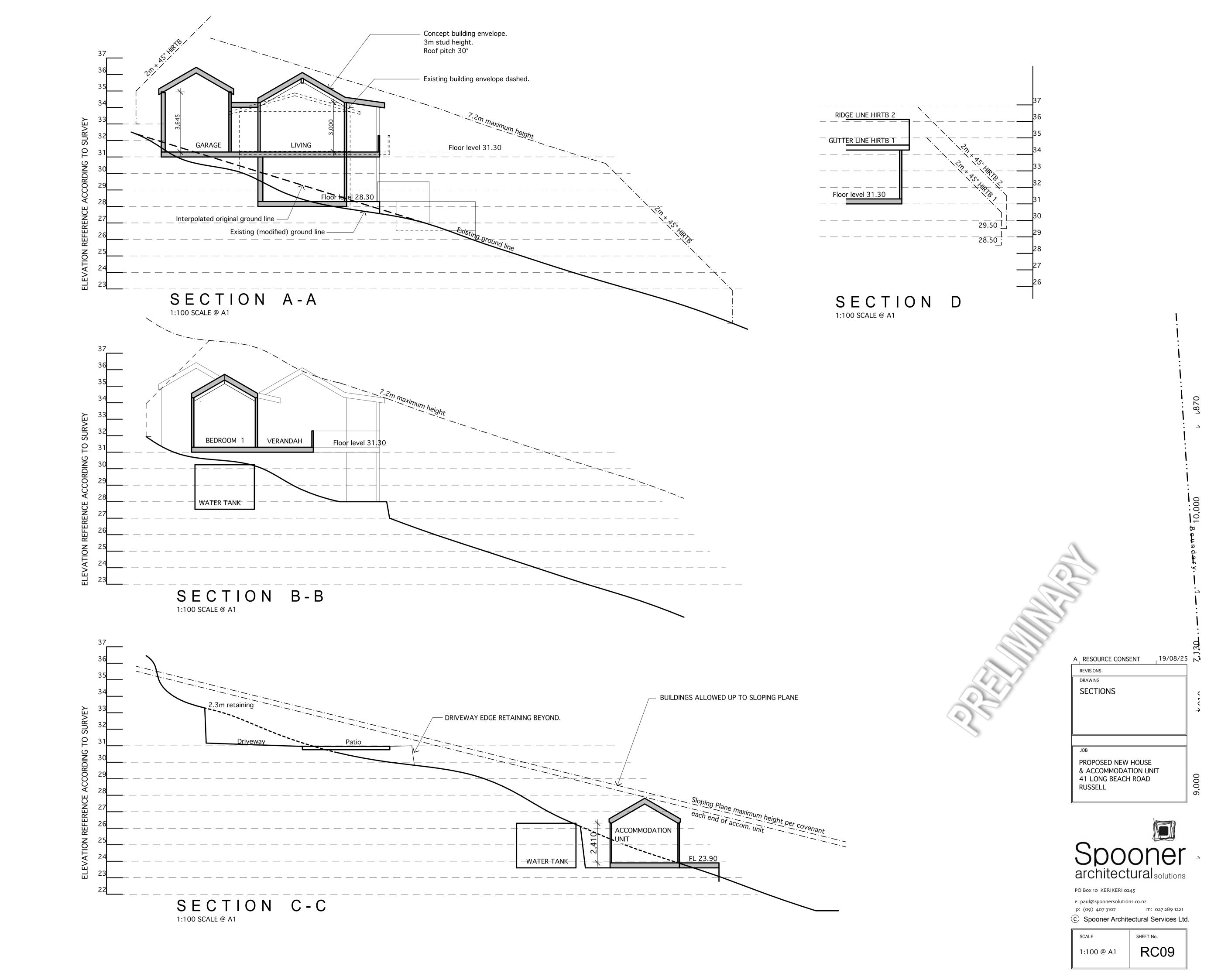


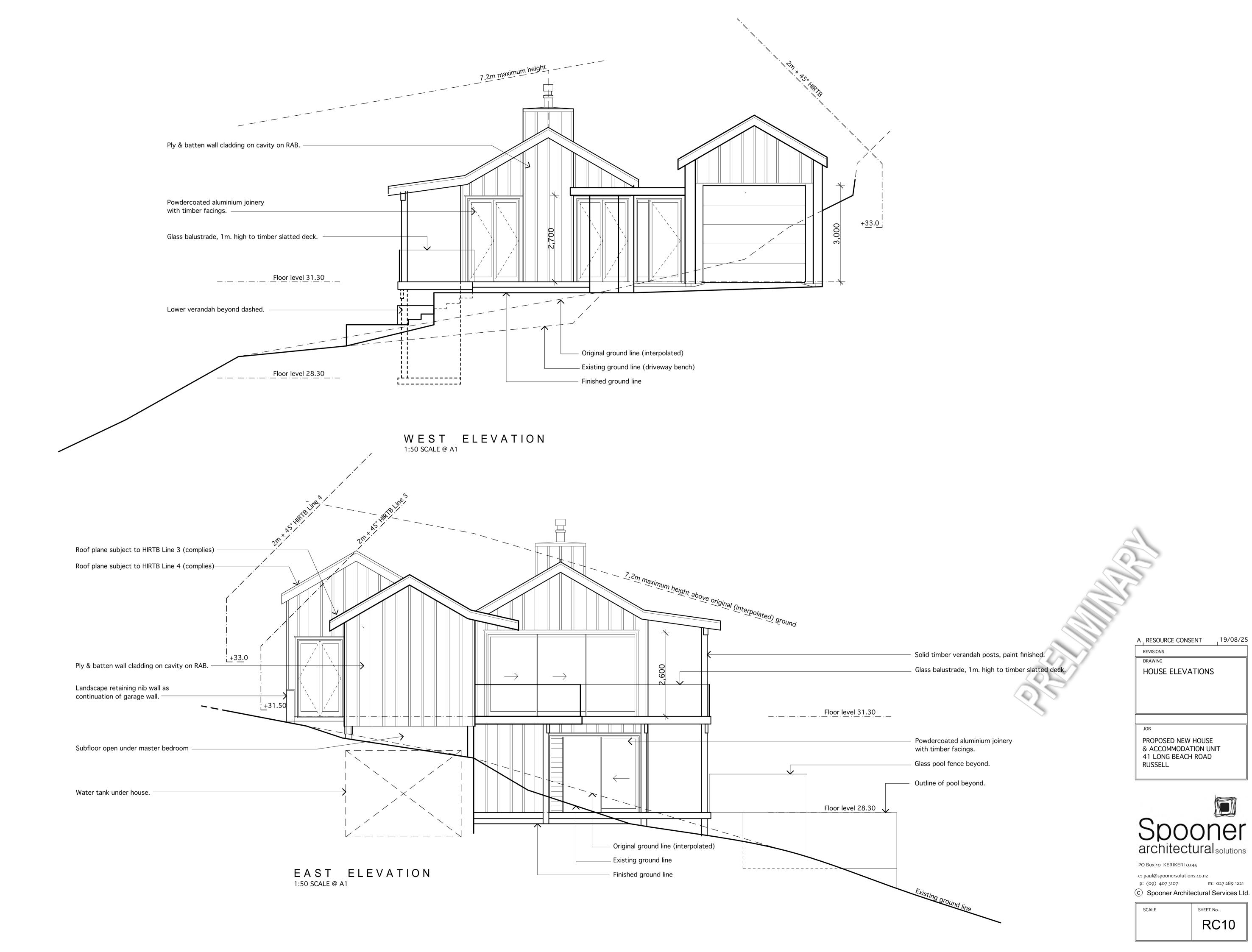
PO Box 10 KERIKERI 0245

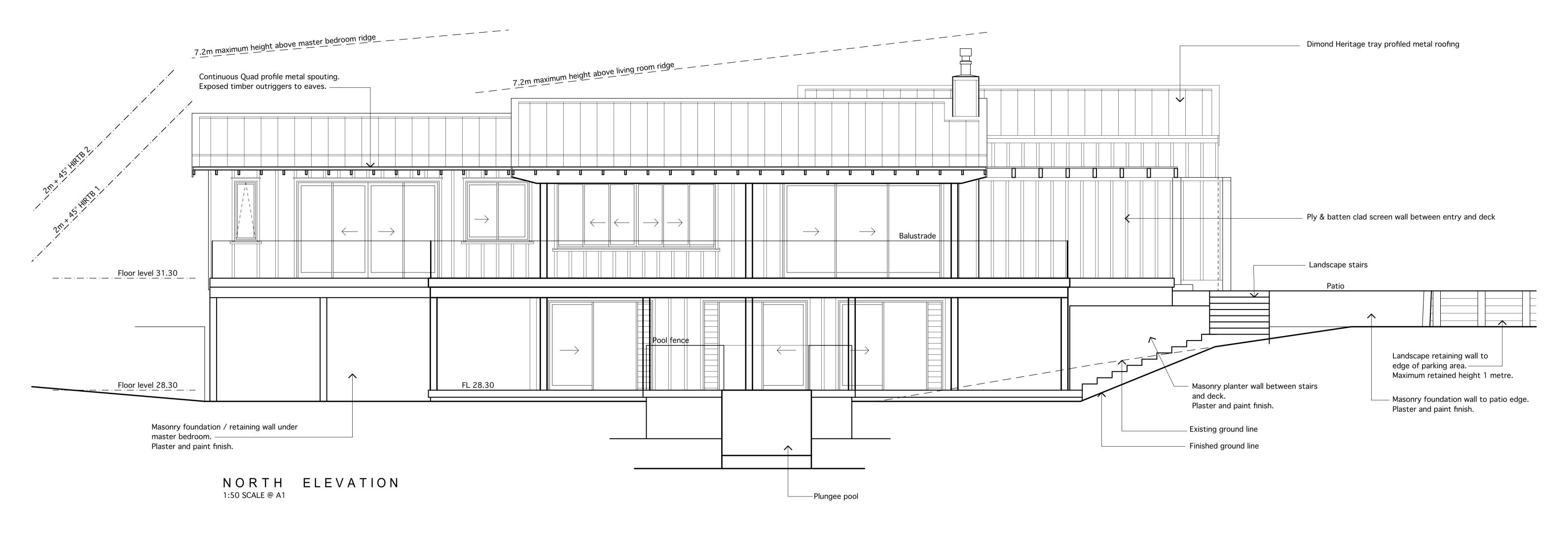
e: paul@spoonersolutions.co.nz
p: (09) 407 3107 m: 027 289 1221

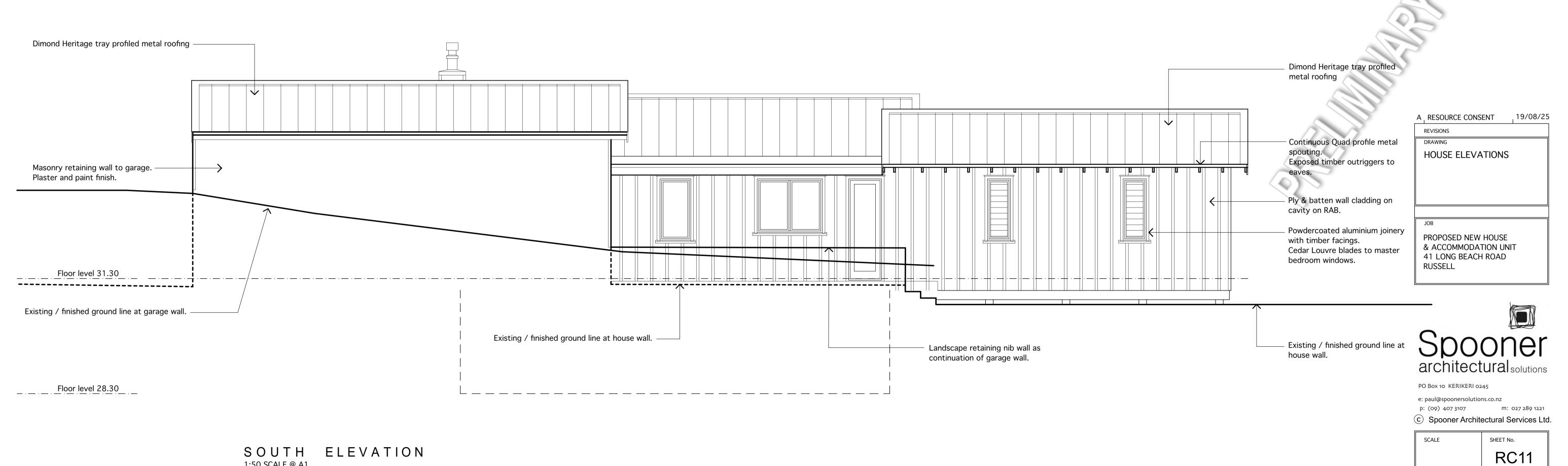
C Spooner Architectural Services Ltd.

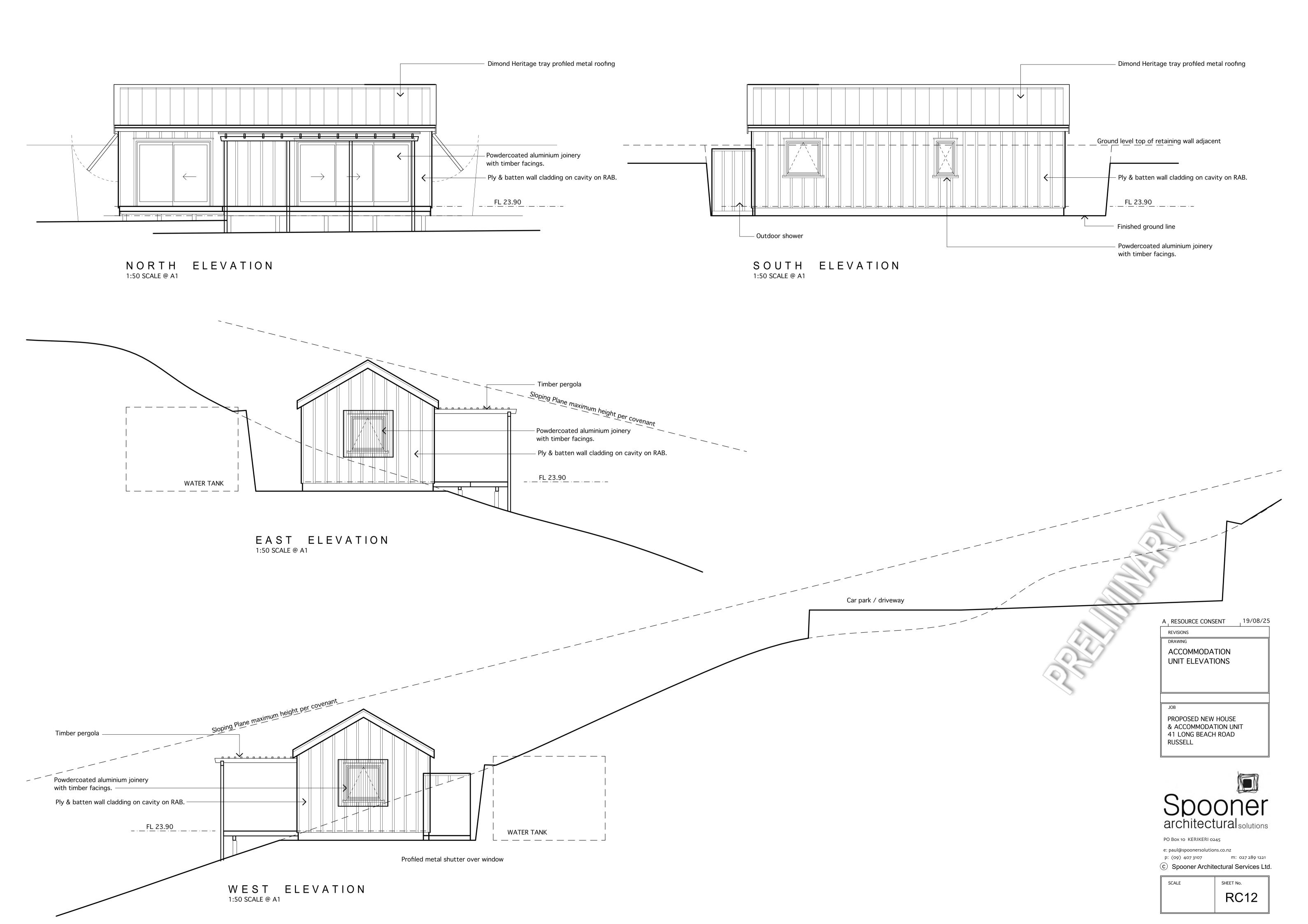
1:50 @ A1 RC08













Geotechnical Investigation Report Proposed Dwelling 41 Long Beach Road, Russell Lot 16, Deposited Plan 20248 Bill and Paula Wallace HW Ref 25 149

August 2025

Appendix E – PS4 Advisory Note

IMPORTANT ADVISORY NOTE PRODUCER STATEMENT – CONSTRUCTION REVIEW (PS4)

The Building Consent Authority (BCA) frequently requires Producer Statements—Construction Review (PS4) to be submitted to the BCA in order for a Code of Compliance Certificate (CCC) to be issued. A PS4 is usually required for each specialist area. The requirement for a consultant to issue a PS4 related to their area of work will appear as a condition in the Building Consent documents.

It is the consent holder's responsibility to notify Haigh Workman Limited for geotechnical construction monitoring and testing required for subsequent issue of a PS4. An initial inspection of stripped or excavated ground must take place before any fill or blinding concrete is placed. Retrospective site monitoring of completed or partially completed geotechnical work is not possible and a PS4 will not be issued without all the required observations.

In order to secure our construction monitoring services and avoid delays on site, Haigh Workman Limited require at least 24 hours' notice prior to the time the site visit is required. Construction monitoring is limited to items that have been recommended, designed and detailed by Haigh Workman Limited. We are unable to inspect non-consented or unauthorised work. Haigh Workman Limited do not carry out construction monitoring or issue PS4's for work that has been recommended, designed or detailed by other consultants without prior approval from Haigh Workman Limited. Haigh Workman Limited will not issue a PS4 where construction monitoring and/or testing have been carried out by any other consultant. The PS4 must be sought from the consultant who carried out those inspections.

The full Building Consent, with stamped plans with consent numbers (or a legible copy of the same) including all amendments, shall be made available to us during inspections. We will not commence construction monitoring until the documentation is available or provided to us prior to oursite visit.

Unless stated otherwise in our terms of engagement, the fees associated with construction monitoring and the issue of PS4's are separate from any work carried out prior to commencement of construction. We are able to provide a fee estimate for this work if required. We cannot provide a fixed quote because the quantum of work required frequently depends on the construction program and the performance of others. These things are not known to us in advance of construction. Our normal terms of trade require payment of fees monthly during the inspection period and full settlement prior to release of anyPS4.